marries grapher

(R) - Former Minister e married his blog anche D'Apuige his former wife of Hazel. marked the with a freedom he family home eporters. Sawken id a group of per, ing against aircraft stled outside a nd D'Aplugei the Nut Hotel in the Sydney out

Sydney suburba ay. The newlywes ed by the media a ged from the hoto s, including Depun iister Kim Beazlei ed a double-drike short journey wi alian restaurant in tion. "Did I tops ke, who has a repu being emotional a iple of tears in the ich Blanche sau / nice. But I had; erience today. o water from the "." Hawke, 65, ng

vas the head of the n Council of Trace A novelist the biography in Jon e physicist e is ein's son

le D'Alpuget 51.

ssy party in Jakan

hen she was mane

sustralian diplone

ORK (AFP) old physicist in ha ms he is the son a Einstein who a at birth and m ormed of his identic The New Yor poned Saturday be able to protet now I am his su Zakel said. "I carrom being Einden an only lose more a reverse the tours of or change a mam why week her aid. He Antin in 1972 by imma i's step-daig។ គោ mother was Erstant

wife. Elsa. 351 tha raised by a some thild died the or a m. Zakel who are esearch based order work, being som resemptants in the noted for his that livity and has seen e willing to unitie est to check have ling to the the tale centres Men uns erified statemen nurses who have be or years the selfa possible half-987 e signed screening rear-old mother sk ger willing to its

the matter n body's odians offer alming for all OW (AP) - 197 eapitulism in Reapalming is no way

ivilege of Conffe

's like Viadimit

For a mare caplant, can be emplant.

intact for six moss un Romakon, jeh of the Biolegical M. Research Centre ors Lenia's body " quare Maussieur dure involving preservation of lening 2 are costly. Mr Rx ald the interior -The long! ming with subsered snance will cost of lion." he islu. So: iuais nave not ela ming orders with: mber centre. while

ed on preserving s as Buigarias (c. Klemeni Gottalii. kov sa:j ter-writing ber gets rt shrift

reroad (R)

teeper in the north

town of Grontiff

the united replace

the united pair

short and to the short

daily De voils

ceper stole replace

ceper s seeber a sing the state of and and are state of the state

Palestinian exports to Jordan increase 10 fold

AMMAN (AP) - Palestinian exports to Jordan have increased 10 fold since May, when the Kingdom and the Palestinian National Authority signed a preferential treatment accord, the Ministry of Trude and Industry said Monday. Jordanian exports to the West Bank and the Gaza Strip had dropped to zero after Israel captured the West bank and the Gaza Strip in the 1967 Mideast war, Figures released by the ministry showed that the volume of trade between Jordan and the autonomous Palestinian territories in the Gaza Strip and the West Bank town of Jericho have climbed to 16.3 million dinars (\$23.3 million) over the past year. Of the total, the ministry said, Jordan exported black cement and educational books worth 1.8 million dinars (\$2.6 million) since May. Jordan imported citrus products, vegetable see, steel bars and marble stones worth 14.5 million dinars (\$20.7 million), the ministry said. Palestinian exports to Jordan amounted to \$2 million before May 4. when Jordan and the Palestinian National Authority allowed for the exchange of more than 20 items under preferential treatment.



ATET ATET USADirect Service Your Express Connection to AT&T Service * Available from over 100 countries worldwide Calling the states from *Use your AT&T Calling Card or call collect Overseas is faster and easy with ATAT USADirect@Service. *Dependable AT&T service and low international rates When in the Middle East, dial the number shown below from any phone in that country. BAHRAIN SAUDI ARABIA 800-001 1-800-10 KUWAIT 800-288 UNITED ARAB EMIRATES 800-121 OATAR * SYRIA 0800-011-77 HORDAN 18800 000 * AT&T World Connect 524 Service ** Limited AT&T World Connect Sx Service For more information please call the

AT&T office in Amman at 686647/8

Volume 19 Number 5976

AMMAN TUESDAY, JULY 25, 1995, SAFAR 24, 1419

Price: Jordan 150 Fils

Suicide bomber blows up Tel Aviv bus; six killed and 33 injured

TEL AVIV, Israel (AP) — A suspected suicide bomber blew up a crowded commuter bus Monday during morning rush hour, killing six people and tearing a new hole in the fraying Israeli-Palestinian peace process.

At least 33 people, including a 13-year-old boy, were wounded in the attack near the busy diamond exchange in the Tel Aviv suburb of Ramat Gan.

Police said the fragments of a body found at the centre of the blast amid charred metal and shards of glass may have belonged to the suicide bomber.

An anonymous caller to the Associated Press. speaking in Arabic, claimed the attack was carried out by the military wing of the Islamic group Hamas "because of Israel's violation of accords and procrastination in implementing the accord with Palestinians," and its "assassinations" of Palestinians. The attack came a day before Israel and the PLO's target date for an agreement on expanding autonomy in the West Bank.

Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin ordered a suspension of the PLO-Israel talks, which were underway at a Dead Sea resort and said they would not resume until after the funerals of the victims. But Mr. Rabin said he would not let the attack stop the peace proess.

"We don't intend to allow the extremists to achieve their political aims," he said.

AMMAN (R) — PLO chief

Yasser Arafat will visit Jor-

dan in the next few days to

discuss his peace talks with

Israel and to review coopera-

tion accords on ties between

Amman and Palestinian self-

rule areas, a PLO official said

on Monday. "The visit of

President Arafat to meet His

Majesty King Hussein will

Arafat visits

in few days

"We are determined to talk with those who did not carry out attacks and want to stop

them." PLO leader Yasser Arafat called the attack an attempt to undermine the peace process and condemned what he called "terrorist activities" the first time he used such Janguage in describing attacks on Israelis.

Palestinian Economics Minister Ahmad Qouriea said the talks would resume in a day or two.

Mr. Rabin said security on buses would be increased and that he expected "far more effective action" from both Israel and the Palestinian Authority to stop terrorist

Israel closed roads leading to the West Bank and the autonomous Gaza Strip, barring Palestinian workers from jobs in Israel. In Tel Aviv, police gathered Arab workers from construction sites. bus stops and restaurants to prevent reprisal attacks.

Witnesses who arrived shortly after the explosion said mangled bodies and body parts were strewn on the floor of the bus. The bomb tore a hole in the side of the bus and blew out all the windows.

"The bus stopped at the intersection, and I heard an explosion," said 'Shlomi Uziel, a 23-year-old university student who was sitting on the rear seat. "People screamed. I didn't know what was happening. I jumped out the window at the back of the

bus. I couldn't see anything because there was blood all over my face."

Mr. Uziel, who was slightly injured by flying glass, said wounded passengers were lying on the floor of the bus. Orthodox Jews dressed in black, members of Israel's

burial society, collected flesh and blood from the scene for Hundreds of onlookers gathered near the scene and lit candles in memory of the victims. A small group of about 50 people shouted

"death to the Arabs" and slogans against Mr. Rabin. "This peace is killing us," one sign read. Before Monday's attack, 126 Israelis had been killed in

militant attacks since the Israel-PLO accord was signed on Sept. 13, 1993. A caller to Israel radio's Arabic service attributed the attack to Yehiya Ayash, known as the engineer, who is believed to have master-

minded other fatal bombing

attacks. "The cells of Yehiya Ayash, the military wing of Hamas, is responsible for the attack and one of its members has carried out the operation," the anonymous caller said.

Ehud Ya'ari, Arab affairs correspondent for Israel television, said the caller to at least some news agencies was "a well-known nuisance ... who should not be treated seriously.'

World condemns attack

TEL AVIV (R) — The United States, Britain, France and Italy joined Israel's peace partners, the PLO and Jordan in condemning Monday's bombing of an Israeli bus by an Islamic militant in which six people were killed. Foreign Minister Abdul

Karim Kabariti said such "terrorist crimes" only served the enemies of Arab-Israeli peace. "We reject such acts... it

harms all the issues in the region and damages the peace process," he told the Jordan News Agency, Petra. "Such terrorist acts do not serve any cause of interest except the cause of the enemies of peace."

President Bill Clinton condemned "in the strongest possible manner" the attacks, saying those responsible were seeking to deny peace to Israelis and Palestinians but that "they shall not be allowed to succeed."

"We join with all those working for peace in expressing our outrage and condemning in the strongest possible manner this brutal act. Mr. Clinton said.

U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher phoned

(Continued on page 7)

'those who abuse, lure our youngsters' AMMAN (Petra) — His units serving with the U.N. With reference to the peace process, King Hussein said that all parties were now moving in the direction of

Majesty King Hussein on Monday condemned a suicide bomb attack on a bus near Tel Aviv which killed six people and injured 33 and underlined that such acts could undermine the Middle East peace process. At a meeting with the

and injuring 33 (AFP photo)

recently-elected mayors and municipal council members who represent 259 municipalities around the Kingdom, King Hussein described the bombing as an ugly act aimed at disrupting the peace process at a time when the Palestinians were about to reach agreement with the Israelis on expanding the self-

"I condemn those who abuse and lure our youngsters into joining the ranks of those who fight against and reject peace, those who want more suffering and harm to befell the Palestinians and all other peoples," the King said. "The act was aimed at sinking the peace process and I hope that will not happen." King Hussein continued: "When we hear of such incidents we can imagine what our reaction would be in case

a car explodes in downtown Amman' among unarmed children." rious duty of defending our faith and Islam and carrying

out our duties, acting

together as one united fami-

crowds, including women and He said: "We have a se-

peace and it was hoped that the Palestinians will arrive at a final agreement with Israel for assuming control of their own territories.

The body of an Israeli woman lies outside the Tel Aviv bus that was blown up yesterday by a suicide bomber killing six

King condemns Tel Aviv attack and,

On the situation in Bosnia the King said he was certain the Arab and Islamic nations should collectively and strongly demand an end to aggression on Bosnia and a halt to all acts of murder, torture and human rights violations.

His Majesty said he has been in contact with world, Arab and Muslim leaders over the issue and that his efforts were aimed at ending the ordeal of the Bosnian

Noting that Jordan was continuing its efforts to offer help to the Bosnian people, King Hussein disclosed that one more Jordanian plane loaded with relief supplies will be flown to Bosnia Tuesday, accompanied by a medical team led by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan and sponsered by the Hashemite Charity Organisation.

He also said Jordan hopes that the plane will return carrying a number of the wounded for treatment in

King Hussein said Jordan's

peace-keeping troops in former Yugoslavia have offered great sacrifice and are doing their duty but "we can by no means accept that our troops be humiliated and we strongly demand an end to aggression so that the U.N. troops can pursue their humanitarian role."

The King lauded Jordanians for rallying to support the Bosnian people and extending a helping hand to a people plagued by tragedies and suffering.

Saying the general municipal elections held earlier this month served as a new referendum for the people. His Majesty congratulated the newly elected mayors and municipal council members and urged them to live up to the expectations of their local communities and to exert sincere efforts to serve the pub-

Addressing the newly elected mayors and municipal council members at the King Hussein Sports City, King Hussein said: "We thank God that the government was able to conduct free and fair municipal elections and we thank God also that Jordanians have made their choice of a group of men and women who will shoulder the responsibility of construction and

"I congratulate you on being elected to serve Jordan

development."

at a sensitive stage of its history and hope that you will rise above all petty differences in your pursuit of construction and in handling public matters and to be keen on safeguarding the interests of all citizens," said King Hussein, voicing pride in the council members and mayors and pledging support for their endeavours

Urging the councils to exert their utmost effort to serve the public, the King said: "We want this country to serve as a model for others in terms of cohesion among its citizens and close cooperation among officials in exercising their various duties."

He wished the councils success in their efforts during their four year tenure and said: "By God's grace we will achieve prosperity and progress and we hope to acquire all the requirements that will help us achieve that goal.

"I do not want the march towards progress in this country to be linked to a sole person but rather I wish to see the march connected with and reflecting your views. your determination and your awareness and cooperation because the leadership of this country draws on your strength and aims at protecting your interests and always responds to your conscience and your hearts because you represent the people of this country," the King said.

happen in the coming days," Palestinian leader Faisal Husseini told reporters. "And l believe it is necessary." He

Qatar to ship gas

gave n · exact date.

through Suez CAIRO, Egypt (AP) — Qatar has agreed to transport its natural gas to Europe by tanker through the Suez Canal after it accepted an up to 35 per cent discount on toll rates, the chairman of the Suez Canal Authority said in an interview released Monday. Ezzat Adel told Egypt's Middle East News Agency that the Qatari natural gas would start being transported to Europe in 1997, and some. four million tonnes of natural gas would transit the waterway annually. Qatar had been discussing with Israel the possibility of transporting natural gas by pipeline across the Jewish state, but that

UNESCO regional **HQ** returns to Beirut

proposal brought sharp critic-

ism from other Arab states.

BEIRUT (AFP) - UN-ESCO head Frederico Mayor said here Monday he would reopen the U.N. organisation's regional offices in Lebanon transferred out of the country during the 1975-1990 civil war. The director general of the U.N. Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation told journalists that his four-day visit to Beirut would be devoted to "relaunching cooperation" with Lebanon. On Tuesday he will officially reopen the UNESCO headquarters in Beirut which were transferred to Amman during the civil war. "The relations with the country of the cedar trees are much improved," Mr. Mayor said.

Western troops deploy around Sarajevo

SARAJEVO (Agencies) - Hundreds of troops from the new rapid reaction force completed their deployment on a mountainside outside Sarajevo Monday in an unprecedented show of force designed to discourage Bosnian Serb attacks on U.N. peacekeepers in the Bos-

nian capital. Meanwhile the Western allies made clear to Bosnian Serb military commander General Ratko Mladic they would defend all safe areas in Bosnia, not just Gorazde, U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher said Monday.

He said a 16-nation meeting in London last Friday on Bosnia led to "a new determination... to try to ensure that the Serbs are on full notice that they cannot continue with these attacks on the safe areas."

Approximately 300 British troops and some 500 French legionnaires from the force had reached Mount Igman late Monday afternoon, the U.N. Protection Force announced.

The main component of their weaponry is 12 artillery field guns which U.N. officials said will vastly improve the peacekeepers' ability to respond to Serb attacks.

Up to 500 French and British. soldiers will eventually be postioned on Mount Igman. The additional troops there now are to help with the deployment of the guns, dig gun emplacements and establish communications with U.N. Sector Sarajevo under whose command they fall, UN military spokesman Chris Vernon

Of those that remain most will provide protection for the troops who will operate the 12 computercontrolled 105mm artillery guns, Vernon said. The computerised command post for the guns charts trajectories and the positions of targets.

The two batteries of a British regiment are supported by an infantry com-

pany previously based in central Bosnia as part of the peacekeeping force. Some 12 French AMX-10 light tanks are also on the mountain.

Both French and British officers will be in charge of operational command and communications, UNPRO-FOR said. More accurate, sophisti-

cated and flexible than heavy mortars already used by the United Nations peacekeepers, the British artillery guns deployed on the mountain to the south of Sarajevo give the peacekeepers' the ability to hit a number of targets quickly in rapid succession, UN officials said.

"The message we are giving out is if the (Serbs) hit us we will hit you and we will hit you with slightly harder stuff than we have had before," Mr. Vernon

But while French and British troops were deploying on Mount Igman, a U.N. spokesman reported that there had been intense Serb pressure over the weekend on Bihac, a UNdeclared safe area that bor-

ders with Croatia. Fighting appeared to have subsided Monday. "Sporadic explosions were recorded along the western confrontation line," a U.N. spokesman said.

Croatian Serbs and rebel Muslim forces loyal to local warlord Fikret Abdic, who are armed and supplied by the Croatian Serbs, attacked to the west and north while the Bosnian Serbs attacked to the south and east, said Mr. Vernon.

The Croatian government, which is also fighting Serbs in its territory, has said that it would feel obliged to step in if Bihac appeared to be needy to "This coordinated, de-

liberate attack on all fronts represents the most considerable military action in Bosnia for many months," Mr. Vernon said. U.N. civil spokesman

Alexander Ivanko called

the attacks by Croatian

Serb forces which crossed Croatia's recognised border with Bosnia a "flagrant violation" of international law and demanded their withdrawal. At last Friday's meeting

in London western leaders warned Bosnia's Serbs they would face a "substantial and decisive response" if they carried out attacks on Gorazde. U.S. French and British

officials have subsequently extended the warning to cover the other remaining safe areas Tuzla. Bihac and Sarajevo. The NATO Council, the

alliance's governing body. was due to meet in Brussels Tuesday to work out the operational details for directives if they are ordered to back up the threat made in London.

The meeting was suspended from Monday after differences resurfaced between Britain, France and the Untied States over the role of the United Nations in ordering such air raids. The United States prefers curtailing the involvement of U.N. commerce in Bosnia in deciding where and when to launch airstrikes, while Britain and

France, which have

peacekeepers on the

ground, continued to insist

on close coordination with

Jordan seeks Greece's good office

the United Nations.

In Amman Prime Minister Zeid Ben Shaker called on Greece to use its "special ties" with the Serbs to pressure them into halting their attacks against Muslims in Bosnia.

"The special ties between Greece and the Serbs could help international efforts to put an end to attacks against Bosnia-Herzegovina." Sherif Zeid said while receiving Greece's foreign minister Carlos Papoulias. The prime minister.

(Continued on page 7)

quoted by the official Petra

One year on Washington Declaration: Jordan committed to peace, but perceptions take time to change

Special to the Jordan Times AMMAN — Foreign Minister Abdul Karim Kabariti, on the first anniversary of the Washington Declaration, renewed Jordan's commitment to all agreements it has signed with Israel. "We, in Jordan, are committed to what we have signed, and expect with goodwill a similar commitment from the other side," the minister told the Jordan

Times in a statement. -He said he expected all outstanding agreements between the two countries to be signed by August 10, the deadline for concluding all the agreements foreseen by the October peace treaty.

He added, however, that all parties should accept the

By Beatrix Immenkamp notion that "long decades of belligerence would need some time to create a change of mentality to deal with the new atmosphere of peace." This would require indi-

viduals to feel the tangible benefits of peace, to enable them to defend and maintain this peace." he said. The Washington Dec-

laration, in which His Majesty King Hussein and Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin signed an historic agreement ending:46 years of war, opened the way for the October 26 peace treaty between Jordan and Israel last year, which secured to Jordan its rights in territory, and wa-

"Jordan expects that peace will pave the way for a shift from a state of ten- all stages and should be sion that lasted for decades to a state of normal relations that will employ peace for the sake of the creation of a positive change in the economic and social life of the people of the area," Mr. Kabariti

said.

The Washington Declaration and the October peace treaty, important steps on the road to achieving a just, durable and comprehensive peace in the Middle East as envisaged by the Madrid Peace Conference, led to the signing of a set of protocols covering many areas of cooperation.

Out of these, Jordan has so far concluded two agreements with Israel. Eight agreements are in their finconcluded before August 10, according to the term of the treaty. The agreements which

have been signed so far are on tourism and security. Two new border crossings between the two countries were opened in the past year, and scores of tourists have crossed in both directions. Exact figures for Jordanians who have visited Israel in the past year are not available, but the Israeli Embassy in Amman puts the number at around .8,000-10,000. The number of Israeli tourists who have visited Jordan has reached approximately 80,000, with 120,000 expected by the end of the year.

(Continued on page 7)

Qadhafi against Muslim state in Bosnia

SIRTE, Libya (Agencies) — er since 1969, said the Euro-Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi said Bosnian Muslims should not seek an independent state and added he did not believe: a Western military offensive against Bosnian Serbs would work.

The maverick leader, speaking in a tent in the Libyan desert, broke ranks with other Arab leaders who have urged more help to Bosnian Muslims and restricted himself to urging Bosnian Serbs not to deport Muslims in areas they conquer.

"Muslims are not the masters of Bosnia-Herzegovina. The interest of Muslims is to stay in a unified Yugoslavia and not in the fighting between (Bosnian Muslim President Alija) Izetbegovic and (Bosnian Serb leader Radovan) Karazdic."

But Colonel Qadhafi, famous for his radical and confrontational stands, called Muslim nations "dogs" for following Western policy on Yugoslavia.

"The Muslim states are demagogues and are ignorant of the ABC of the issue. They are following the position of their (Western) masters like dogs," he told a group of reporters.

"The issue is not religious between Muslims and Orthodox (Christians)... it is a political fight between leaders. Foreign intervention will not solve the Bosnian-Herzegovina crisis," he said, near the city of Sirte, 450 kilometres south of the capital Tripoli.

Many Arab and Muslim countries have called for stronger action by United Nations forces to help beleaguered Muslims in Bosnia resist Serb onslaughter, and a lifting of the arms embargo on the Muslim-led government in Sarajevo.

Col. Qadhafi called on Mr. Karadzic not to deport Muslims after seizing land in the Bosnian Republic. "It is not acceptable that

Serbs deport Muslims from lands they conquer. The inhabitants of this land are all Slavs. including Muslims... They are all Yugoslavs." He warned Mr. Karadzic

of continuing what he called "religious cleansing" because this would create a historical case for Muslims similar that of the Jews after World War

Libya has been suffering isolation since the U.N Security Council imposed sanctions on it in April 1992 for its alleged involvement in the bombing of a Pan Am flight over Lockerbie, Scotland in 1989.

The Libvan leader, in pow-

pean countries, the United States and Russia, were also against the establishment of an Islamic state in Bosnia but they were mainly seeking their own interests.

"Germany wants to rebuild the Fourth Reich at the expense of Yugoslavia... and the United States wants to be present in the area to prevent Russia from being there alone... and Russia wants to defend the Slav race."

He added that Europe "feared the development of armed militias and civil wars because Europe is undermined by the World War II arrangements when boundaries were set arbitrarily. Europe is on a volcano."

"The Islamic countries, the United States, Russia all these parties are acting in a hesitant and fearful manner which has resulted in the growing horror of this drama," he said.

Europe, Islamic circles as well as NATO and other powers were guilty of "cowardism."

"The parties involved in the Bosnain conflict are hypocritial and colonialist powers which have personal aims. They are to blame for the killings of the Muslims who they pretend they are defending.

The Organisation of the Islamic Conference (OIC) ·Saturday declared the U.N.imposed arms embargo on Bosnia invalid and said member countries were free to supply arms to Bosnian Mus-

Meanwhile the French, British and U.S. governments have warned Bosnian Serbs that further attacks on U.N. safe areas in Bosnia "cannot be tolerated" and would lead to massive air strikes by the Western allies. But Col. Qadhafi said cur-

rent efforts to solve the crisis would "achieve nothing and only help to prolong the conflict and increase the bloodshed and the number of innocent victims." But he praised French

President Jacques Chirac for his stand for urging tougher international action or a withdrawal of the U.N peacekeeping troops after the Serbs seized the Muslim eastern enclave of Srebrenica. Mr. Chirac was a "man true to his word and his position is sensible.

"France wants to alert the international community so that it does not participate in and give its agreement to something irrational" which he said was the reverse of what the United Sttes was trying to do.

Gulf war disease may be linked to stress — paper

KUWAIT (R) — A mysterious illness among Gulf War troops may largely be due to stress caused by fighting in an alien environment. an American cancer specialist said in remarks published Monday.

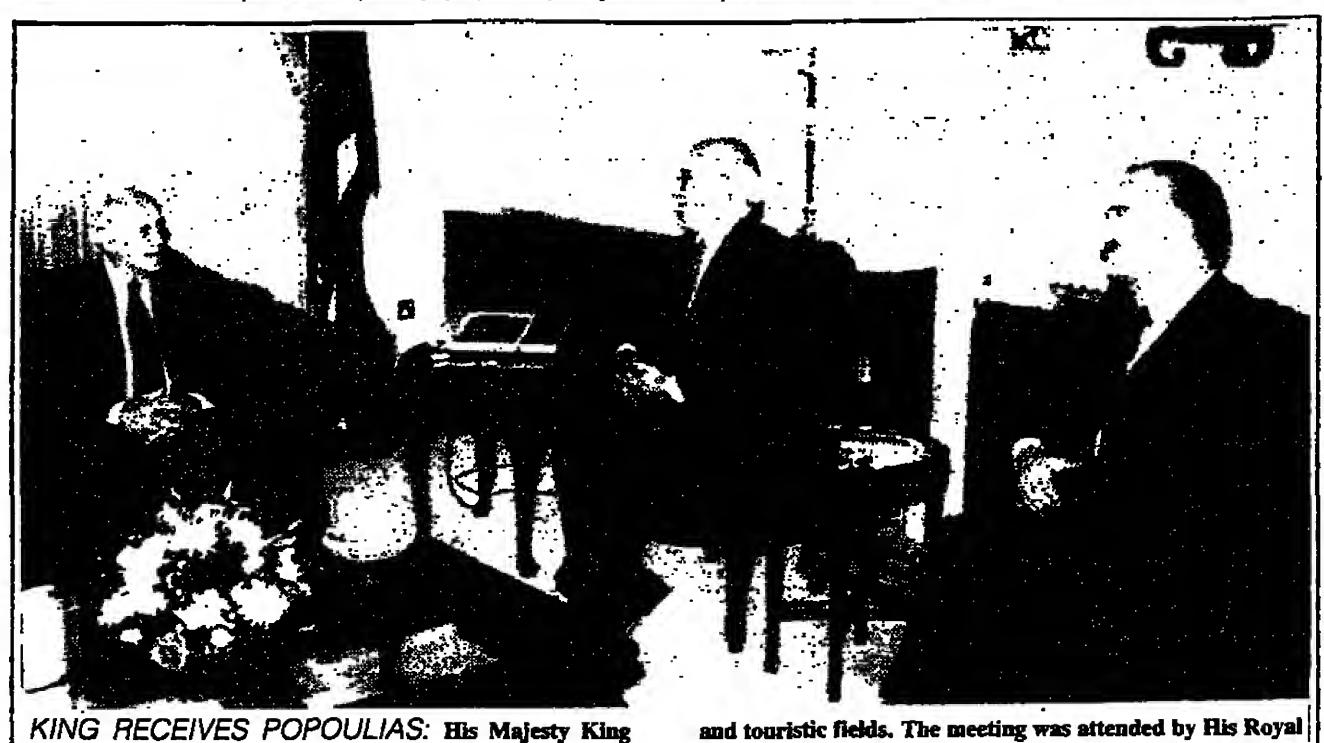
Philip Salem. a member of consultation panel advising U.S. President Bill Clinton on the syndrome, told the English daily Arab Times in an interview that inhalation of smoke from hundreds of burning oil fires may also have contributed to the illness.

"I think these symptoms

were due to stress and the fact that the troops were fighting in a war zone which was not very familiar to them," he said.

Troops were trained to fight in any zone but there were areas which are more alien than others," "so I feel tht most of their symptoms were really due to stress. rather than some sort of infection." he said.

A U.S.-led coalition of Western. Arab and Asian armies ended a seven-month Iraqi occupation of Kuwait in the six-week 1991 Gulf War.



Hussein received at the Royal Court Greek Foreign Minister Karlos Popoulias and his accompanying delegation and reviewed with them Jordanian-Greek relations. The Greek-Minister, who ended his two-day visit to Jordan Monday, told King Hussein that his government was looking forward to a meeting by the joint Jordanian-Greek Committee which is due in October to discuss topics of interest to the two countries and to promote cooperation in economic, cultural

and touristic fields. The meeting was attended by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan. Later the Greek minister left Jordan and was seen off by Foreign Minister Abdul Karim Kabariti who said in a statement at the airport that the talks with the minister resulted in agreement over the need to end the ordeal of the Bosnian people through concerted international efforts (see related story on page 3) (Petra photo)

Argentina to sell Syria reactor only after peace

TEL AVIV (R) — Argentine Foreign Minister Guido Di Tella said Sunday his country would sell a nuclear reactor to Syria only after Damascus signed a peace treaty with Israel.

"(The sale) is something that will be done easily when peace comes and will be one of the first consequences of the peace," Mr. Di Tella told reporters after meeting his Israeli counterpart Shimon Peres while on a visit to

Asked if his country would go through with the sale only if the countries reach a peace deal, Mr. Di Tella said: "Yes. If and only if."

Israel fears that neighbouring Syria — a long-time foe and now a partner in slowmoving peace talks - would develop a nuclear weapons programme that threatens the Jewish state. Mr. Peres said Israel and Argentina were in agreement

on the issue of the reactor

which Syria wants for medical

purposes. "This cooperation does not include anything that will cast a shadow on relations between Argentina and

ourselves, and we have reached a full agreement on it," Mr. Peres said. The two men also discussed Argentina's investigation into last year's car bombing of a Jewish centre in Buenos

Aires that killed 86 people. "I think both the Argentinian government as well as us are deeply interested to bring an end to this story and get all of the people who are responsible for these terror

acts," Mr. Peres said.

Saudis review Egyptian expatriate numbers paigns will not affect strong defuse the row three weeks of Saudi Arabia over the

DUBAI (R) — A Saudi minister has said Egyptian workers may be affected by a bid to reduce the number of expatriates in Saudi Arabia but denied this was linked to a recent row over the flogging

of an Egyptian doctor there.

The official Saudi Press Agency said Prince Ahmad Ibn Abdul Aziz, the deputy interior minister, was answering questions about reported difficulties of obtaining visas for Egyptian workers after virulent Cairo media criticism

The prince said "recruitment is recruitment as far as all are concerned... (but) from time to time there are measures to revise the volume of expatriate workers to ensure there is a real need of them." SPA reported late

"There is nothing specific...." he added. SPA said the prince had "stressed that the press cam-

Saudi Arabia and Egypt... Egypt is a great Arab country... and no passing campaigns will have any effect. Over a million Egyptians

and firm relations between

work in Saudi Arabia, out of a total foreign workforce of about six million people. Two senior Egyptian diplo-

mats responsible for Arab affairs and Egyptian expatriate workers visited Saudi Arabia last month in a bid to

after Dr. Mohammad Kamai Khalifa was publicly flogged. He was convicted of slan-

der by an Islamic court after refusing to withdraw allegations made in private that a school headmaster had sexually assaulted his sevenyear-old son.

The case outraged Egyptian public opinion and provoked allegations of abuse of Egyptian workers in the kingdom.

Turkey pushes for long-term dream

ANKARA (AFP) — Turkey is engaged with Russia in a struggle for a short-term oil pipeline from-the former Soviet Republic of Azerbaijan that would provide it with little economic benefit.

But it could guarantee Ankara future passage fo vast amounts of oil to the West, and to many the fight in the international oil world is reminiscent of. historic rivalry.

"This is a return to the 19th century with Persians, Russians, and Turks who had a vision of Central Asia,' said a Western diplomat who requested anonymity. "For Turkey and Rus-

sia this is a zero-sum game. "If Turkey gets it (the

pipeline) then Russia loses, and vice versa. Neither side is really interested in multiple routes."

Azerbaijan and the Central Asian republics once again became attractive to Ankara and Tehran after the collapse of the Soviet Union. But Iran was pushed out of the Azeri oil game

ownership of shares in an oil consortium, formed mainly of American companies. The consortium signed last September a \$7.4 billion deal for Azerbaijan's Caspian Sea oil, estimated

when the United States

blocked its projected

at 600 million tonnes. It includes among others America's Amoco, British Petroleum, the Turkish Petroleum Corporation (TP), Lukoil of Russia, and the Azeri

government. With a view into the next century, Turkey and Russia are competing for a short-term routing that would transport four million tonnes of early Azeri oil by the end of 1996.

Their final target is a long-term pipeline which experts say would handle 100 million tonnes in the year 2010.

If Turkey's dream comes true, the early-oil will go through existing pipelines to a Georgian port

on the Black Sea. "We are looking at it as a non-profit deal now with an eye to the future." said

Necdet Panur, a setter negotiator with Western oil companies for TP. "Our motivation is to

prevent passage through Russia, otherwise it (Moscow) could get the final pipeline," Mr. Pamir said. To that end, Turkey says it is ready to buy

most of the oil, to lower its transit fees and to help meet the \$250 million price tag. In return, it would wrench from Russia a

\$450 million proposed route up to its Black Sea port of Novorossysk that could develop into the final pipeline and for which Moscow has pledged to pay \$400 million.

The early-oil route choice, to be made in October, lies with the consortium. But even there, "there

are different companies with different thinking and you cannot exclude politics from their calculation," said Emre Gonensay, a senior aide to Prime Minister Tansu Ciller.

For the distant future. Turkey offers a pipeline running through Armenia

or Georgia and Ending near its Mediterranean port of Iskenderun. Ankara has raised en-

vironmental objections to the Novorossysk routing, insisting that supertankers would endanger the Bosphorus narrow straits. But it says the final

routing could be shared with Russia, an idea that the United States backs and that Moscow has initially welcomed. For its part, Russia has

recently claimed that the legal status of the Caspian Sea is not clear. Russia, Kazakhstan, Turkmenistan and Azerbaijan are on the Caspian Sea. Western and Turkish

sources close to the consortium say Russia is stalling on the early-oil deal. and is putting heavy pressure on its former states to abide by its will. "Russia wants to pro-

long this deal-making as long as possible." the Western sources said. "At stake is the econo-

mic independence of small states and the projection of Russian pow-

Unusual monsoon lashes arid Gulf states He said the last time there

DUBAI (R) - Rainstorms lashed Arab states of the lower Gulf for a third day Monday during what is normally a scorchingly dry summer season.

The unseasonal rains caused chaos on the roads, filled-parched reservoirs and flooded dry wadis - river beds that normally swell only in winter.

"Actually nothing like this has happened in 65 years of records." said meteorologist Dave McNaughton. He said a monsoon in India

and unusual heat in Europe had caused a low pressure trough that brought the rains. mostly to the Untied Arab Emirates (UEA) and Oman and also in Iran across the The monsoon does not

normally penetrate the Arabian peninsula beyond a coastal strip in southern Dhofar province of Oman.

Oman residents said reservoirs built to counter a threeyear drought were near bursting. At least one school closed Sunday after up to 52 millimetres (two inches) of rain fell in parts of the counthe highest since the Mr. McNaughton said the

UAE recorded in the past three days the most rainfall it has had since records began. told Reuters.

Coast Guards warned fishermen not to take to the seas. But radio stations and newspapers described it as a "gift from God" for the parched lands of the region. In Iran, heavy rains and:

was a lot of rain in the sum-

mer, was in the 1950s when

entire month of July.

16 mm (0.6 inches) fell in the

More than 30mm (1.2 in-

ches) of rain have pelted

streets since Friday in Dubai

where the average annual

rainfall is only 85mm (3.3

city of Al Ain saw 41mm (1.6

inches) of rainfall. Further

north, more than 130mm (5.1

inches) of rain in the past two

days soaked Sharjah emi-

in Fujairah, where oil tankers

load with fuel, but one bunk-

er distributor said operations

Smaller vessels remained

in port Monday after UAE

were normal.

Winds whipped up swells

rate's Khor Fakkan Port.

Abu Dhabi's oasis farming

floods in 95 villages hit some 317 families, killed livestock. washed away bridges, destroyed some 7,000 hectares (17,300 acres) of farms and damaged Iran-Turkey Railway Lines, the Iranian news agency said Sunday.

Mr. McNaughton said he-"It has caused chaos.", he expected the rains to subside over the next 24 hours.

Residents fear battle for Kismayo, prepare to flee

MOGADISHU (AFP) -Residents of the southern Somali port of Kismayo prepared to flee Monday in the face of an imminent battle for control of the city, relief workers in the area said. . In South Mogadishu,

meanwhile, fighting between clan militias in the disputed enclave of Bermuda Sunday left two dead and five wound-

One stray mortar round from that fighting landed just outside the old Ministry of Foreign Affairs building where 68 "ministers" of the "government" of warlord Mohammad Farah Aideed were being installed following his election by supporters last month as "interim president" of Somalia.

North Mogadishu warlord Ali Mahdi Mohammad said on his radio station Monday that General Aideed had sent 25 armed pickup trucks known as "technicals" south to attack Kismayo under the command of Colonel Ahmad Omar Jess, who holds the surrounding countryside and is Gen. Aideed's "defence minister."

Residents of Kismayo. under the control of General Mohammad Said Hirsi "Morgan." said Gen. Aideed's

militias had reached Jilib, about 150 kilometres (90 miles) from the city, U.N. World Food Programme spokeswoman Brenda Barton told AFP in Nairobi after receiving reports from field staff. She said tension was high

in Kismayo, with many residents of the city ready to move out. Gen. Aideed, who settled

his ministers into buildings close to his south Mogadishu headquarters Sunday, told them he would tighten security in the capital and that "enemies of the nation" would not be able to stroll through its streets. With control of Somalia.

disputed by warlords since.... the overthrow of dictator : Mohammad Siad Barre in 1991, no country has recognised Gen. Aideed's "government," but the ceremony was attended by the only foreign diplomat resident in Somalia, Sudanese Charge d'Affaires Hassan Ali Has-

Tension in Mogadishu remains high, with the militiamen of Gen. Aideed's "national army" continuing to occupy strong-points along the "Green Line" dividing the city.

200 said killed in north Iraq Kurdish clashes

NICOSIA (AFP) — Heavy fighting between rival Kurdish factions in northern Iraq has killed at least 200 people and wounded 500 in the past two weeks. U.N. officials said Monday. The fighting broke out on

July 9 in a renewal of clashes which have pitted the Kurdistan Democratic Party (KDP) and the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan (PUK) since Máv 1994. said an official in Arbil. northern Iraq, contacted by telephone.

"During the latest round of fighting at least 20% people. were killed and 500 injured only in the battles around Arbil. And these are fell to be very conservative figures," he said.

In a major battle near Salahuddin in the northeast, more than 100 fighters were reportedly killed when the PUK tried to capture the KDP headquarters and its leadership.

The clashes had been concentrated round the main town of Arbil and a few remote places further north. the town's residents said. Fighting was reported to be

less intense Monday but could "intensify at any moment," the U.N. official added.

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 53111-19 PROGRAMME TWO

]47VV	Capium Planet
[4:30	Mantis
15:00 .	Road to Avonica
16:00 .	Families
17:00	Spiniu
17:30	Spirou
19:00	News in French
19:15	Faut Pa Rever
19-76	
10:35	You Be Your Life
	Piglet Files
20.00 70-30	The Bold and the Beautiful
21:15	Urban Angle
22:60	News in English
12:25	Douth of Apartheid
37.30	Man & and I le dance a
	New York Undercover
23:59	Keeping Up Appearance
3	PRAYER TIMES
_	

19:43 Mughrch **CHURCHES**

04:11 Fajr

05:41 (Sunrise) Duha

12:42 Dhuhr

16:32 'Asr

- TIORCILLS
St. Mary of Nazareth Church Sweifieh, Tol. 810740
Assemblies of God Church, Tel
6327X5.
St. Joseph Church Tel. 624591.
Church of the Annunciation Tel
637440.
De la Salle Church Tel. 661757
Terrasancia Church Tel: 622366

Church of the Annunciation Tcl.

Bulletin supplied by the Depar- ment of Meteorology.
Normal summer weather concitions will prevail with temperature around average and winds northwesterly moderate. In Aquicularly moderate, and around a side will be augherty modern

Anglican Church Tel. 639851, Tel. Armenian Catholic Church Tel. Armenian Orthodox Church Tel-

Evangelical Lutheran Church Tel: German-speaking Evangelical Congregation Tel. 684195 The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints Tcl. 654932 Church of Nazarene Tel.675691 The Evangelical Local Church In Tel. 811295.

Bulletin supplied by the Depart- ment of Meteorology.
Normal summer weather condi- tions will prevail with temperatures around average and winds north- westerly moderate. In Aquba, winds will be northerly misderate and seas calm.

WEATHED

Min.'Max	lemn	
		אן ווא
Ayaha	•••••	25 ·
Deserts		
Jordan Va	lley	23 /

Amman 31, Agaha 39, Humidity

St. Ephraim Church Tel. 77175]. Amman International Church Tel-

WEATHER	
Bulletin supplied by the Depart- ment of Meteorology.	
Normal summer weather condi- tions will prevail with temperatures around average and winds north- westerly moderate. In Aqaba, winds will be mortherly moderate and seas caim.	•
Min.'Max temp	:

USEFUL TELEPHONE

	AMMAN:	
	Dr. Faroug Nour	
	Dr Jihad Ziyadch	SXLL
	Dr Mukhles Halasa	8192
	Dr. Shahanch Ai Izzah	
	Fires pharmacy	6619
	Fordus pharmacy	
	Al Asema pharmacs	
	Nairoukh pharmacy	67.16°
	Al Salam pharmacy	m3h7.
	Yacouh pharmacy	h449.
	Shmeisani pharmacy	h37h
•	Nairoukh pharmacy	h236
	Najth pharmacy	847h.
	IRBID:	
		2770
	Dr. Alı Al Omarı	
	Alques pharmacy	- (-

readings: Amman 41 per cent. Aquha 26 per cent.

NIGHT DUTY ·ZARQA: Dr. Yahya Al Tarsfi . . . 981520 Khalifeh pharmacy 985417

· EMERGENCIES

Food Control Centre 637111

NUMBERS

Civil Defence Department 601111 Civil Desence Immediate Rescue natival Civil Defence Emergency 199 Rescue Police 192, 621111, 637777 Highway Pedice 8434112 Traffic Police Public Security Department Hotel Complaints . . .

Price Complaints Water and Sewerage Complaints Amman Municipality Complaints 787111 Telephone Information (directory assistance) 121 Overseus Calls 010230 Central Amman Telephone Repairs 623101 Abdult Telephone Repairs 661101 Jordan Televiskin 273111 Radio Jordan 774[1]

Water Authority 680](NI

Jordan Electricity Authority

AMMAN:

Electric Power Company. 636351 Ri Flight Information . .. (88-53200) Queen Alia Intl. Airport (8-53200)

AQABA: HOSPITALS **QUEEN ALIA** Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32

Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn

	t beind Parket 1 - 6 k
Akileh Malemity, J. Ami	n
	642441/2
Jabal Amman Maternity	6423ላ2
Malhas. J. Amman	636 [40]
Palestine. Shmeisani	. 6641714
Shmeisani Hospital	S. 669131
University Hospital	74K24H
Al-Muasher Hospital	
The Islamic, Abdult	666127/37
Al-Ahir. Ahdalı	A64164/h
- Italian, Al-Muhajreen	. 777[41/3
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich	775111/26
Army, Marka	89[6] 1/15
Queen Alia Hespital	
Amal Hospital	
The Arab Centre for I	

Special Surgery 865149 ZARQA: Zarqa Govt Hospital (09)983323 Zarqa National Hospital ((1)) }4(1) 5(4) } 1bn Sina Hospital (19)4867,32 Al Hikma Medem Hispital (1999/1991) Princess Basma Himpital (02)275555

Princess Haya Hospital . . . (03)314111 FOR THE TRAVELLER

Ibn Al Naturo Hospital (02)2471(0)

Greek Catholic Hospital

INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Oucen Alin International Airport Tel. (188)532181-5, where it should always be seri-ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

05:10 Jakasta, Kuala Lumpur (RJ) 10:15 Abu Dhubi, Al 'Ain (RJ) 10:30 Beirut (RJ) 10:45 Doha. Buhrain (RJ) 10:45 Muscat, Duhai (RJ) 17:35 London (RJ) 17:59 Frankfurt (RJ) 18:40 ... Chicago, Amsterdam (RJ)

03:00 Maded (RJ) Other Flights (Terminal 2) 04:26 Vienna (O5) 09:45 Cure (MS) 13:40 . . Abu Dhahi, Bahrain (GF)

14:08 Munich (YP)

19:00 Cairo, Alexandria (RJ)

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR 21:90 Aden (DY) 21:10 Beirut (ME) 23:20 Amsterdam (KL) 09:55 Bucharest (RO) DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

12:00 Montreal, Toronto (RJ) 12:05 Vienna, Frankfuri (RJ) 12:45 Geneva. Brussels (GF) 12:55 Pans (RJ) 13:15 Carro, Alexandria (RJ) 13:55 London (RJ) 14:45 Madrid (RI) 21:00 Beirut, Lathaca (RI) 21:30 Jeddah (RJ 21:45 Buhram, Doha (RJ) 21:45 Damascus (RJ) 22:30 Ahu Dhahi, Duhai (RJ) Kuala Lumpur, Singapore (RJ) Other Flights (Terminal 2)

(Terminal 1)

· ······ Bcirut (RJ)

69:30 Amsterdam, New York (RJ)

10:45 Cairn (MS) 13:40 Vicnna (OS) 14:00 Khartoum (SD) 14:30 Ahu Dhahi (GF) Sharm Al Sheikh, Munich (YP) 15:20 Damascus (AZ) 15:30 ... Riyadh (add) (SV) 22:00 Aden (DY)

TRAIN

Arr. Damascus Dep. Damascus Arr. Amman

13:15 Carro, Alexandria (RJ)	Apple 700/ 50
13:55 London (RJ)	Banana
14:45 Madrid [RJ]	Cabbane (Makanimar)
21:00 Beirut, Lattaca (RJ)	
21:30	
21:45 Buhram, Doha (RJ)	
21:45 Damascus (RJ)	~~~VIIII ~ (3 14 PC 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 1
22:30 Ahu Dhahi, Duhai (RJ)	
77:43	
Kuali Lumpur, Singapore (RI)	2 d d s a d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d
Other Flights (Terminal 2)	
06:30 Damascus, Paris (AF)	
08:45 Bcirul (ME)	
And the second s	Onion (dry) 1807 600 Orange
4 4 5 W	Orange 1802 100
14:39 Aby Dhabi (CC)	
14:55	
Sharm Al Sheikh, Munich (YP)	
15 at the second of the second	
15:30 Riyadh (add) (5V)	
22:00 Aden (DY)	
90:25 Amsterdam (KL)	
01:55 Bucharest (RO)	Tomato 120%
	Water Melon 120/6/

HIJAZ RAILWAY

Dep. Amman 8:00 every Monday 5:(x) p.m. every Monday 7:30 a.m. every Sunday Situ p.m. every Sunday MARKET PRICES Upper/lower price in fils per kg.

711U/ 50X
10
·····. 63
120/5
·
22(V) 2
25(N) 5(N
79/1 / 8 4
I £ #11 tan
4. C.1 LJ P PM
7411777
21Mr 1 Mar.
7 Man
7411 2 0 0 -
5001 1 1 PK
- 2007 7 160 130 7 NO
LV 1/1
TAMES CALL
ACAD COLOR
7.5
/MASIK /MASIK

amendments to in particular in a the Middle East; Africa (MENA which will be

a day chaired L sion of the im of the United versity Interna ship (UNU/II Advisory Con Force Grand I

Her Majesty

sory Comm (photo by C

Duee

leade

AMMAN (

Majesty Que

Court stateme

The Rector Heitor thanked the strong suppor ship, and the ernment for assistance in e. academy, the s During th Queen Noor. chairperson of Comminee. a bers of the finalised the preliminary I academy. wh

launched at

Nations head

New York thi

commemorate

anniversary of

JER! "Street Sho The Forum at

* Concert by Poland at the Concert by F South Theare

Play entitled

lence — Natu (atre at 8:00 p.r Concert by L , atre at 9:30 p.r

> Mohammad A Zuhair Abu St Senate 1 draft la law

Poetry recite

commi AMMAN (Petr Senate Monda the draft labour Judiciary Comm The Senate als His Majesty Kin for his decisive

alleviate the si the Bosnian peop Meanwhile t ment grownice. Lower House today to refer to mittees ament the General Sale of 1995, the Ir Law of 1995 and Investments Law The government seeking to upday

> Aruman in Octob 4 On the agend. will be a debate the economic b

25, 1995,

rage annual 85mm (3.3 oasis farming w 41mm (1.6 fall. Further n 130mm (5.1 the pasi two kkan Pon ed up swell ere oil tankers out one bunk aid operations els remained y after UAE

warned fisher. e to the seas. stations and scribed it as a for the par. avy rains and. lages his some illed livestock. bridges. desof farms and Turkey Rail. a Iranian neus unday. ighton said he ains to subside 24 hours.

e for o flee ached Jilib. ab-

etres (90 miles) J. U.N. World amme spokec da Barton told obi after recenrom field staff. ension was high with many rescity ready to

:ed. who settled ; into building outh Mogadishu s Sunday, told uld tighten securcapital and that of the nation be able to stoll streets. trol of Somalia

warlords since ow of dictator Stad Barri n. प्रतास् वेद्ध स्वाध Aideed's gotout the ceremony ed by the only omat resident in udanese Chaige Hassan An Har

n Mogadishu të with the militar Jen. Aideed's amy continuity rong-points along

north shes j these are fell lo conservative in

or hattle near Salathe northeast till fighters were killed when the d to capture the dquarters and it hes had been com round the main Arbii and a ich aces turiner nonti

s residents sold was reported tolk nse Monday hu tensity 2; and make the E. N. offices RAILWAY

TRAIN

में देश रास्ते सल्ला, ! Mam com Sanda the box section section ! KET PRICES r promin the per life is

Skamma.

. ...

on

े अंदर •••••

Santovery Money

of 1995, the Income Tax Law of 1995 and the 1995 (iarga) (iarga) Investments Law. The government has been seeking to update and pass amendments to these laws in particular in advance of rgel ... the Middle East and North Africa (MENA) Summit which will be held in Amman in October.

> On the agenda as well will be a debate on lifting the economic boycott of



Her Majesty Queen Noor Monday chairs the closing session of the meetings of the Advisory Committee of the United Nations University International Leadership Academy (photo by Crystal)

Queen chairs closing session of leadership academy advisory panel

AMMAN (J.T.) — Her Majesty Queen Noor Monday chaired the closing session of the two-day meeting of the United Nations University International Leadership (UNU/ILA) A cademy's Advisory Committee at the Forte Grand Hotel, a Royal

Court statement said. The Rector of the Academy, Heitor de Souza, thanked the Queen for her strong support and leadership, and the Jordanian govemment for its invaluable assistance in establishing the academy, the statement said.

During the meeting, Queen Noor, who is the chairperson of the Advisory Committee, and the members of the committee finalised the plans for the preliminary phase of the academy, which will be at the United launched Nations headquarters in New York this October to 50th commemorate the

JERASH FESTIVAL

* "Street Show" by The Chipolatas at

Concert by Poltex Folklore Group of

* Concert by Reza Group of Egypt at the

* Play entitled, "The Caravan of Excel-

lence — Nature (Part I), at Gracia The-

Concert by Laith Hadad at Gracia The-

Poetry recital by Mahmoud Darwish,

Mohammad Al Ghazi, Yousef Abu Loz,

Zuhair Abu Shayib at Abdul Hameed

Poland at the South Theatre at 9:00 p.m.

The Forum at 9:30 p.m.

South Theare at 8:30 p.m.

committee

AMMAN' (Petra) - The

Senate Monday referred

the draft labour law to its

The Senate also thanked

His Majesty King Hussein

for his decisive efforts to

alleviate the suffering of

Meanwhile the Parlia-

ment announced that the

Lower House will meet

today to refer to its com-

mittees amendments to

the General Sales Tax Law

Judiciary Committee.

the Bosnian people.

atre at 8:00 p.m.

atre at 9:30 p.m.

statement added.

The University of Jordan has donated the use of its facilities and premises to establish the temporary headquarters of the academy, whose first annual session will begin next March.

The session will include workshops and interactive discussions between distinguished keynote speakers and 50 participants — "fellows" selected from 5 continents — on peace and security, leadership and civil society, sustainable development, global economics, culture and religion, the statement said.

The programme will also include one week of travel in

the region. The International Leadership Academy, which will be the first of its kind in the Middle East, aims to create a network of enlightened future leaders, who will enhance global cooperation anniversary of the U.N., the through dialogue and inter-

WHAT'S GOING ON

-9:00 p.m.

cultural exchange, the statement added.

UNU, established in 1973 with its headquarters in Tokyo, and research and training facilities throughout the world, was created by the U.N. General Assembly to "promote international scholarly cooperation and undertake problem-oriented multi-disciplinary research on urgent global concerns."

Attending the meeting with Queen Noor were Spe-. cial Advisor to the Rector of the Academy Abdul Salam Majali and Vice-Chair person of the Advisory Committee and Japan's ambassador to the United Nations, Hisashi Owada.

Member of the Advisory Committee and Norway's State Secretary of Foreign Affairs, Jan Egeland, was unable to attend the two-day meetings because he is currently in Bosnia-Herzégovi

Shoman Foundation, Jabal Amman, 7:00

* Performance by several Jordanian

NEWS

ABC News Highlights and McNeil-

Lehrer News Hours at the American

POETRY RECITAL

* Poetry recital by Shahla Al Kilani at the

Phoenix Gallery for Culture and Art at

groups at the Forum (6:30-9:00 p.m.).

Greek foreign minister ends visit, affirms country's participation in MENA summit

AMMAN (J. T.) — Greek Foreign Minister Karlos Papoulias ended his visit to Jordan during which he affirmed that his country will take an active part in the Middle East and North Africa (MENA) conference in Amman in October.

participation of Greece will be at the private and public sector levels, said the Mr. Papoulias following a meeting with Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker. The foreign minister, who

Sunday signed an agreement with his Jordanian counterpart, Abdul Karim Kabariti, for a protocol to consolidate cooperation between the foreign ministries in the two countries told Sharif Zeid that Greece supported Jordan's Middle East peace efforts. He added that, together with the other partners in the European Union, Greece would lend all political and economic assistance to the countries involved in the peace process.

The Jordan News Agency, Petra, quoted the Prime Minister as reiterating Jordan's concern over the situation in Bosnia, noting that Kingdom felt deeply disappointed over the failure of

the United Nations and the major world powers to take practical and immediate steps to deter the Serbs from committing further atrocities against the Bosnian peo-

Prime Minister reviewed with Mr. Papoulias the latest developments in the former Yugoslavia and expressed hope that Athens would use its influence over Serbia to end the war.

Sharif Zeid asserted Jordan's determination to exert its utmost efforts to help bring about a parternship agreement with the European Union, and urged Greece to play a role in advancing this plan as it has had close historic and cultural links with the Arab World, Petra added

According to Petra, Sharif Zeid and the Greek Minister reviewed bilateral relations and prospects for strengthening the Kingdom's political, economic and security cooperation with Greece.

The Prime Minsiter also said be hoped that the Middle East peace process will witness progress on all tracks so that a lasting settlement can be found to the Arab-Israeli conflict.



Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker Monday meets with visiting Greek Foreign Minister Karlos Papoulias to discuss situation in Bosnia and other issues of common concern (Petra photo)



Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker Monday meets with visiting Japanese Ambassador to the United Nations Hisashi Owada to review Jordanian-Japanese relations and other issues of common concern (Petra photo)

Japanese envoy to U.N. concludes stay; says Jordan deserves support for peace drive

AMMAN (Petra) — Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker met in his office Monday with visiting Japanese Ambassador to the United Nations Hisashi Owada to review Japanese-Jordanian relations and issues of common concern to the two

countries. Mr. Owada arrived Friday in Amman on a four-day visit to attend the meetings of the Advisory Committee of the United Nations University International Leader-

ship Academy. During the meeting with the prime minister he said that Japan supports Jordan's political and economic efforts and its drive to achieve a prosperous level of socio-economic develop-

Japanese official The stressed that the Kingdom deservés assistance in its plans and support for its peace-building efforts.

The Prime Minister told the Japanese envoy that he hoped that Japan would prevail upon the United Nations to end the Serbian aggression on the Bosnian people. At the meeting the two sides reviewed also the progress in the multilateral phase of the Middle East peace process with attention focused on Japan's role in

the establishment of peace. Mr. Owada left Amman shortly after the meeting.

Farmers Mafraq flood with " plant tomatoes

AMMAN (J. T.) — Tomato farmers are flocking to the Mafraq Tomato Paste Processing Plant since the government raised the price of a tonne of tomatoes from JD 50 to JD 55 following protests last week from the farmers that at JD 50 they were unable to meet expens-

The plant issued a statement Monday where it said that it was working at full capacity but was unable to cope with the great amounts of tomatoes that accumulated over the last few days when the farmers refused to sell their crops at the former

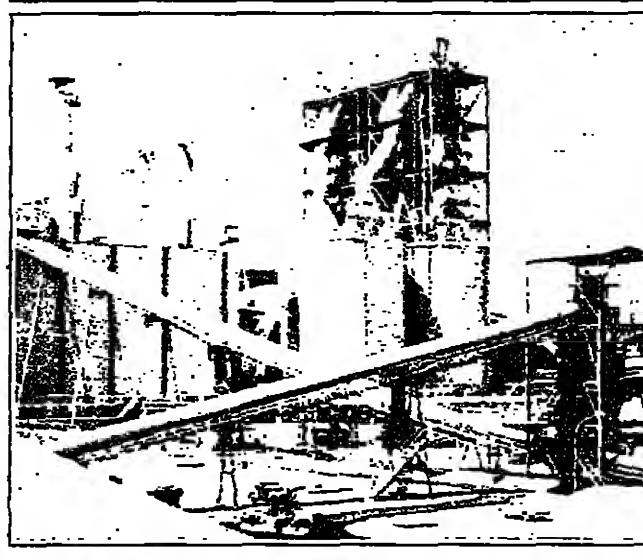
It said it has been forced to shift part of the crops to the Arida Processing Plant

· west of Amman to handle the surplus produce.

"We are transferring 120 trucks of tomatoes every day to the Arida plant in order to ease the pressure on the Mafraq plant," said the statement .. Before the government

first set the price of a tonne of tomatoes at JD 50, the plant used to buy the crop at rates ranging between JD 30 and JD 60, depending on the quality of the tomatoes. The Mafraq plant was

built by an Italian company last year for JD 6 million; the statement said. It added that farmlands producing tomatoes in Mafraq Governorate alone are estimated at dunums located mainly in the northern and eastern badia districts.



A Jordan Cement Factories Company plant (file photo)

Cement producers to industry developments in region

AMMAN (Petra) — The Arab Federation for Cement and Building Materials (AFCBM) will convene a meeting in Amman Wednesday at the experts and technicians level to discuss new trends in cement production and cement factory development in the Arab World.

The two-day meeting, which is organised in cooperation with the Jordan Cement Factories Company (JCFC), is expected to discuss modern technology in cement production, quality control, the agenda of a planned pan-Arab conference on the cement industry to be convened next year, problems facing production. scientific research environmental • cement, effects of cement production, integrating Arab countries' cement industries and issues related to training and

Arab cement industries. The AFCBM was established in 1977 and aims at strengthening economic, industrial and technical

cooperation among Arab cement industries. helping Arab countries acquire information about the world. markets cement enabling Arab cement indus- ' tries adopt unified and internationally recognised standards and specifications in . cement-related affairs.

Damascus-based **AFCBM** Jordan, groups Palestine. Saudi Arabia, Sudan, Syria, Iraq, Tunisia, Algeria, the United Arab Emirates, Qatar, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Egypt, Morocco, Mauritania and Yemen.

Meanwhile JCFC Director General Hatem Halwani Monday said that the company 's 1994 profits from cement sales amounted to JD 17 million. Speaking during a ceremo-

ny honouring veteran company workers, Mr. Halwani paid tribute to the workers' efforts noting that in the past five years the company's production increased 100 per cent and exports increased by 300 per cent.

Senate refers Three chief editors-turned-publishers seek to offer readers 'serious journalism' draft labour law to By Sa'eda Kilani cal party publications,

7:00 p.m.

Center at 5:00 p.m.

Special to the Jordan Times Amman — What

three new newspapers could possibly bring to Jordanian society in terms of enhancement of democracy is still unclear, but adventurous publishers say they want to give it a

Nidal Mansour, Sultan Hattab and Musa Kilani, three prominent journalists. are now chief editors of three new weeklies, Al Hadath, Al Aroubeh and Al Urdun respectively. They say that Jordan is in need of journalism, serious and they are the right

ones to do the job. Although the Jordanian market is overloaded now with almost 20 daily and weekly newspapers specialising in a wide scope of issues including politics, economics arts, as well as politithe three enthusiastic journalists are optimistic about their opportunities for suc-

In the end, they say, quality that it is counts.

"We will offer the best journalistic ser-Mr. Mansour said. "Al Hadath will be the forum for all opinions from all shades of political strata."

Mr. Mansour, former chief editor of the tabloid, al Bilad, and former reporter at another tabloid, Shihan, says Al Hadath will be different from the pro-government dailies and tabloid weeklies. He said that Al Hadath will offer the Jordanian, and in the future the arab reader, the kind of

he/she journalism yearns for. Al Hadath, licenced on May 27, saw its first 16- page issue

published on July 5. newspaper is divided into four main sections: political, general, crime and entertainment. The weekly gives

very little attention to international news. It concentrates mainly on local news with a slight focus on Arab World news. The first three pages.

called Al Hadath "secrets," tackle local news. Two pages are dedicated to "Al Hadath reports" and two more to investigative reports. One full page is devoted to comics, and another page is reserved for personal news on senior officials. There also are a crime page and an arts page.

The back page is usually filled with coloured photos of models or either famous celebrities.

"Our prime interest

is facts, and only facts.

We do not intend to

sensational headlines to get readership," Mr. Mansour said. "We intend to bring a distinguished professional attitude to the journalism profes-Although Mr. Man-

sour said that weekly would ready to publish all points of views, it would not take the initiative for example, to publish articles or commentaries promoting peace with Israel.

"In any article on any issue, including peace or normalisation, we will make sure to have both points of view without being biased," he said. "But I would not pub-Jish an advertisement for the Israeli embassy for example."

But Mr. Hattab, editor and publisher of Al Aroubeh, said there should also be publications that express the opinions of Jordanians who are pro-peace

with IsraeL Although he intended to bring these ideas to light through Al Aroubah (pan-Arabism), he now feels be failed.

"I haven't got the finances, and nobody offered," said Mr. Hattab, who said he was considering closing down the weekly if "no one comes to [his] "We, who are pro-

peace, are harassed much more by the state and the government than those who are anti-peace," he said. "I'm not really that optimistic about freedom of expression in the country." Mr. Hattab, a colum-

nist at Al Ra'i daily, said he intended to publish a liberal, free non-partisan newspaper that will give access to all opinions to be published. But he said he might not be able to accom-

plish his dream since

the publication of a newspaper "is very Although Al Urdun

(Jordan) has not yet see light, Dr. Kilani is very optimistic. Similar to Mr. Mansour and Mr. Hattab, Dr. Kilani said he wanted to see freedom of expresssion promoted and the democratic enhanced. He said Al Urdun

will be the newspaper for all shades of party opinions and will reflect the pulse of the man in the street. "It will focus on

political analysis rather than sensational news as it is the case with the tabloid weeklies," said Dr. Kilani, former chief editor of Al Dustour daily.

Al Urdun is expected

to be published this September. Financialexchanging expertise by ly independent, like Al Aroubah and Al Hadath, Al Urdun also. is expected to have its unique flavour.

French Socialists call for referendum on nuclear test

PARIS (AFP) — France's opposition Socialist Party Monday called for a referendum on President Jacques Chirac's decision to resume nuclear testing in the South Pacific.

Party official Gerard Fuchs urged Mr. Chirac either "to call off his decision to resume nuclear tests" or to organise a referendum in view of "the constantly growing interna-tional alarm" over the deci-

Mr. Fuchs. who is the party's national secretary for international relations, said the tests should be called off "for the good of the country."

Mr. Fuchs went on "there is no justification in terms of the security of France for the resumption of nuclear tests and visibly, they are going to totally isolate our country both on the international scene and in Europe."

On Sunday an opinion poll said Mr. Chirac had plunged 10 points in his popularity rating largely because of his

MOSCOW (R) — President

Boris Yeltsin appointed a for-

mer KGB officer and loyal

ally as head of Russia's

counter-intelligence service

Monday in what his spokes-

man said could herald a

Sergei Medvedev said

Colonel-General Mikhail

Barsukov, until now re-

sponsible for guarding Krem-

lin leaders other than the

president, would replace

Sergei Stepashin as director

of the Federal Security Ser-

.Mr. Medvedev hinted that

further changes were on the

way at the FSB, the successor

of the feared KGB security

as director of the State Secur-

ity Service does not exclude

personnel changes connected

with the reorganisation of all

security service systems."

Mr. Medvedev told Echo

Moskvy radio station in an

. interview. He gave no de-

.....The appointment of Gen.

Barsukov, 47, was part of a

reshuffle in which Mr. Ste-

pashin and the interior and

nationalities ministers were

sacked on June 30 for mis-

handling a hostage-taking

raid by Chechen gunmen on

"The naming of Barsukov

police dissolved in 1991.

vice (FSB).

Presidential spokesman

shake-up of state security.

decision to resume the tests. Mr. Chirac dropped to 44 per cent compared with 54 per cent a month ago, a poll by IFOP institute for the newspaper Journal du Dimanche said, with most respondents saying nuclear tests were the reason for their

change of mind. Mr. Chirac, who was sworn in as president on May 17, already dropped five points

The total 15-point drop in a little more than two months was unprecedented in the history of France's Fifth Republic, founded in 1958, Jean-Luc Parodi, of the National Foundation for Political Sciences and an advisor to IFOP, wrote in the newspap-

In Sydney, more than 175 international legal and environment experts have signed a memorandum challenging the legality of the proposed French, nuclear tests, a Melbourne academic said Monday.

New Russian intelligence chief named

the southern town of Buden-

pital Monday after a minor

heart attack two weeks ago.

quickly chose new nationali-

Gen. Barsukov, indicating

the sensitivity and import-

appointment, carried by In-

terfax News Agency last

week, was officially denied

until Mr. Medvedev formally

announced Mr. Yeltsin's de-

er powers than the KGB en-

joyed and its role outside

Russia is limited, its

intelligence-gathering role in-

side the country could make

the run-up to a parliamentary

election on Dec. 17.

particularly important in

A trained ex-KGB opera-

tive, Gen. Barsukov has been

working from the Kremlin

since 1991 and has carried the

title of Moscow Krémlin

commandant as head of the

GUO security branch looking

after the safety of Kremlin

leaders barring Mr. Yeltsin.

Gen. Barsukov is linked to

the shadowy General Alex-

ander Korzhakov, Mr. Yelt-

sin's bodyguard, who is wide-

By the nature of his job,

Although the FSB has few-

A leaked report of his

But he took longer to name

ties and interior ministers.

Mr. Yeltsin, who left hos-

novsk last month.

ance of the FSB...

cision Monday.

As the international future continues over the French decision to conduct eight tests at Mururoa Atoll. a senior Canberra minister also backed a proposal to send consular officials to look after Australians taking part in the flotilla of protests boats bound for the atoll.

The move followed New Zealand's announcement that it will send an unarmed research ship to the test site.

Melbourne University lecturer Donald Anton told reporters he hoped the memorandum he has organised and an accompanying letter would persuade President Chirac to reconsider the resumption of nuclear testing. Mr. Anton believes the re-

sumption of nuclear testing contravenes international

Legal experts, he said, had concluded that France had well-established obligations under international law to prevent harm to the marine environment, to the environ-

ly thought to be a powerful

influence over the president.

previously worked at the

FSB. But Mr. Yeltsin also

appointed an experienced

FSB officer, Viktor Zorin,

first deputy director of the

service, prompting specula-

tion that Gen. Barsukov may

have a mainly political role.

Barsukov will be expected to

ensure operations are loyal to

the president and that Zorin

will take charge of profes-

sional matters," Alexander

Konovalov, an independent

military analyst, told Reu-

would collapse in a month. I

think it is a negative appoint-

ment when a bodyguard be-

comes head of the intelli-

who spoke to Reuters at the

State Duma, lower house,

were also wary of the

"I am not delighted. It is

unlikely to be seen as prog-

ress compared to Stepashin

because he had his own con-

cept of reform in the service,

even though he never man-

aged to carry it out," said

Sergei Yushenkov, head of

the Duma's Defence Com-

Several parliamentarians

gence service."

appointment.

"But I think such a move

"An optimistic view is that

Gen. Barsukov has not

ment of other countries and to human health. Its treaty obligations required it at least to conduct an independent and public environmental impact assess-

ment before testing couldlegally resume. The documents will be mailed to Mr. Chirac on Aug. 6, the 50th anniversary of the atomic bombing of the Japanese city of Hiroshima.

"If the assessment demonstrates a likelihood of serious damage. France would be legally obliged to cancel the planned tests," Mr. Anton

Signatories to the memorandum included well-known academics from Harvard. Yale and Oxford as well as academic staff from Australian universities.

Mr. Anton hoped the eminence of some of the academic would persuade governments to bring claims against France in the International Court of Justice, he

Yeltsin, 'Feeling well', leaves hospital

MOSCOW (R) — President Boris Yeltsin left hospital "feeling well" Monday after a two-week stay for a heart problem and moved to a sanatorium outside Moscow.

"Russian President Boris Yeltsin finished his course of treatment in the Moscow Central Clinic Hospital today and has been discharged, the president's press secretary, Sergei Medvedev, told ITAR-TASS news agency.

Mr. Medvedev said Mr. Yeltsin, 64. had gone to the Barvikha Sanatorium, west of the capital, but he did not say how long the president would remain there. ... Citing doctors, Mr. Med-

vedev said: "The president is feeling well."

He did not say when Mr. Yeltsin, who has been working from hospital, would be back at his desk in the Krem-

Mr. Yeltsin was admitted to hospital on July 11 with an ischaemic heart condition a blood supply problem and his condition renewed speculation about his fitness to rule the country of about 150 million people.

The president, who took office in 1991 and faces reelection next June, has recently looked puffy-eyed and walked stiffly in public.

Only a television appearance last Tuesday — his first since he buffered what he called a minor heart attack quelled rumours that his condition was worse than his aides suggested in daily updates of his health.

In the television interview, Mr. Yeltsin was slightly breathless but moved and spoke freely. He showed none of the previous puffiness or stiff gait.

MOSCOW (AP) — Their

pay is peanuts and their jobs

are on the endangered list. So

three young science workers

dramatised the plight of Rus-

sian scientists by spending

Sunday in a cage at the Mos-

"Sitting in a cage is a sym-

bolic gesture. Many of our

colleagues have already

thrown up their hands in de-

spair." said Yevgeny Spirido-

nov, a lanky 27-year-old

meteorologist standing be-

hind the iron bars of an oran-

gutan cage, dressed neatly

of science who have started

to drink themselves to death

because whole schools and

institutions have been shut

Mr. Spiridonov and his

cage-mates, computer en-

gineer Vladislav Perlin and

space technician Viktor

Pekin, say their 11-hour

"humanitarian action" isn't a

protest — it's an affirmation

of science meant to encour-

age other struggling young

"There are many doctors

and wearing a tie.

down."

scientists.

"I was taken to hospital and so I felt bad, but the doctors got to work quite energetically and after two days it (the attack) had subsided," said Mr. Yeltsin.

for a South Korean refinery at the port of Yosu and was trying to move to a safer port when it was hit by the typhoon.

Typhoon leaves 41 people dead

spilling crude oil but officials

of Hoyu Tanker Co. its own-

er, said they were not sure if

Sea Prince had unloaded 1.32

million barrels of Saudi crude

One Hoyu official said the

the spill had stopped.

or missing in South Korea

We know Sea Prince had spilled oil but we have difficulty in finding out if it is still spilling because of dense fog and high seas." he said. "We have no idea if the oil

spill was from its fuel oil tank or its cargo tank," he added. Anti-disaster agency officials said scores of ships sank

and a railway along the coastline near Yosu was flooded by high waves. Police said a van carrying

17 people were swept into the sea at the southern port of Yosu Sunday. Only the driver, a man, managed to swim

"All the passengers were women. Nine bodies have been retrieved from the sea. with the others still missing." a police officer said

dock of the southern port city of Pusan (AFP

to safety.

The Meteorological Agency said Faye had moved away from the Korean peninsula into the Sea of Japan. meaning that most of the country had avoided the worst of the typhoon.

Seven people were thrown into the sea when high waves capsized a barge and a tug boat in Pusan, the country's largest port, an anti-disaster official said.

One of the seven crew was saved but a maritime policeman was killed during rescue efforts.

One man was electrocuted while trying to repair power lines and another was crushed to death by a falling tree. Most of those who died, however, were drowned.



Rescue workers battle through typhoon Faye in this southern coastal port of Yosu. The rescuers were heading for fishing boats that

Two crewmen of a 70-tonne oil barge sunk by

typhoon Faye, which smashed into the south-

ern South Korean coast struggle to reach the

SEOUL (R) — At least 16

people were killed and 25

missing feared dead after

typhoon Faye lashed South

Korea, the government anti-

disaster agency said Monday.

were trying to contain an oil

spill from the Cyprus-

registered oil tanker Sea

Prince which ran aground in

The 144.567-tonne Sea

Prince, its stern partly sub-

merged, was loaded with

610.000 barrels of crude oil, a

He said 19 of the tanker's

20 crew, all South Koreans.

escaped to the nearby island

of Yondo, but chief engineer

Song Chan-Kun was missing.

including six with slick-

retrieving equipment, to the

site but dense fog in the area

is hampering the operation."

Maritime Police said they

believed the Sea Prince was

the spokesman said.

"We have sent 14 ships.

police spokesman said.

the typhoon Sunday.

Maritime police said they

had broken from their moorings under the onslaught of the typhoon (AFP photo)

Indian parties prepare campaign strategy

New Delhi Sunday. NEW DELHI (R) - Election fever is in the air in the world's largest democracy as

Endangered Russian scientists on display in zoo

Indian parties take first steps to prepare campaign. strategies, even though a poll date has still to be set. The Hindu nationalist

Bharatiya Jandta Party (BJP), convinced it can win power in general elections due within a year, is turning up the volume of its rhetoric. galvanising the faction-ridden ruling Congress Party into

"There should be no let up in our resolution and determination towards our goal. namely, capturing power at the centre." BJP leader Lal-Krishna Advani told a convention of party legislators in

It was necessary to "create a wave in favour of the BJP and all preparations should be geared towards this effort," Mr. Advani said.

The Congress Party. dominated by internal wrangling for the past several months after a series of regional election defeats. appears finally to have got the message that it too has to begin preparing for the elec-

The long-awaited Congress "brainstorming" session, the

with some 250 middle-level

prelude to its electoral preparations, was due to begin outside New Delhi Tucsday. The weeklong meeting was to bring top party and government officials together

Congress leaders from around India to discuss electoral strategy.

Prime Minister P.V. Narasimha Rao, who has to call elections before June 1996, has said he plans to hold them some months early to avoid the summer heat. Butofficials have since suggested he may hold off as long as he can to allow the effects of economic reform to work their way through.

The issue of Mr. Rao's four years of economic reforms. which have reduced tarriff barriers and opened India up to foreign investment, are likely to figure prominently at the "brainstorming" meeting in the resort of Sura-

Brando heads to Australia to shoot film

SYDNEY (R) — Hollywood movie legend Marion Brando will be in Australia in September to shoot a horrorfantasy film in which he will :play a mad scientist, the film's publicist said Monday. The film, a remake of author H.G. Wells's short story The Island Of Dr. Moreau, willbe shot on Australia's tropical northeast coast, a spokeswoman for Dennis Davidson Associates (DDA) said. "The only information we: have is that he will be here for two weeks in September." the spokeswoman told Reuters. The film centres on a group of soldiers who are shipwrecked on a Pacific island where Brando, as the mad Dr. Moreau, carries but experiments on mutations between humans and animals. The film will be the third version of the classic horror. story. The first, titled The Island Of Lost Souls. was released in 1933 and starred English actor Charles Laughton as the demented doctor. The second, which reverted to Wells's title, was released in 1977 and starred Burt Lancaster as Dr. Moreau. The movie is being produced by New Line Cinema of the United States at a cost of between \$30 million 🚟 and \$40 million, local media reports have said. Brando is currently shooting the film Divine Rapture in Ireland, a country that moved him to contemplate taking up Irish citizenship. His greatgrandfather was born in Dub-

Long-distance trip costs cabble money, trust and sleep

NEW YORK (AP) — The.

police report said the cabbie drove a man all the way to Michigan and back, only to be given a bad check for the \$2,000 fare. Cab driver Jamshed Butt, a native of Lahore, Pakistan, says the saga started Tuesday at John F. Kennedy International Airport, when a well-dressed man fresh from Bombay, India, hailed his cab. The man. Eapen Kollal, said he wanted to go to Troy, Michigan, 1.207 kilometres away, to retrieve a checkbook from his wife. Kollal promised to pay the \$2,000 fare when they arrived. So why did the cab driver believe him? "He was from India," Butt, 31, said Saturday, "from my neighbour country." When they got to Troy, they found Kollal's ex-wife. "She had the "?" checkbook," said Troy Police Officer Robert Carter. She turned it over but refused to speak to her ex-husband. Kollal wrote the cabbie a check for \$2,200. But when they went to the bank, they found Kollal's account held only \$7.17. So Butt drove Kollal back to New York. He didn't want to come back to Michigan for court. Roundtrip, Butt lost \$630 (including \$250 for two speeding tickets), as well as some 32 hours of sleep. On Saturday, he was sick in bed.

Liz Hurley 'to marry' Grant

LONDON (AFP) — British model Liz Hurley plans to marry Hugh Grant, despite his world-famous misdemeanour with a Hollywood prostitute, the Daily Express quoted a close friend as saying Monday. Grant, who shot to fame last year for his part in the block-busting Four Weddings and A Funeral admitted "lewd conduct" after police caught him with his trousers down. The "Faux pas" brought his longstanding relationship with Hurley to the crossroads, Henry Brocklehurst told the Daily Express. "They have either got to get married, which I think they will, or split up. which I doubt will happen," Brocklehurst was quoted as saying.

'Phat' is where

CLEVELAND (R) - If. someone calls you fat, ask how it's spelled before taking offence. If it's "phat." it's a compliment, experts on new words say. "Phat is a very positive term originally from black English," said Jesse ... Sheidlower, an editor of Random House Dictionaries. In !-use since 1963, the word can: be used to describe a person ("she's really phat") or a situation ("How's it going?" "phat"). A public forum on neology, the study of new. words, drew some 125 teachers, poets, reporters and other word lovers to the campus of Case Western Reserve University.

Chirac offers Africans new debt plan at their sides."

DAKAR (R) — Jacques-Chirac left francophone Africa after a whirlwind first tour as French president, praising a spirit of realism among the many leaders he talked to and offering hope of a solution to some of their debt problems. Mr. Chirac. who met

French President Jacques Chirac (left) and his

Senegalese counterpart Abdon Diouf wave at

the crowd gathered on the Independence

Plazza in Daker on their way to the presiden-

Morocco's King Hassan and 14 other leaders during his four-nation sweep through the region, wrapped up his tour late Sunday saying France would study the feasibility of converting debt into investment. "I leave somewhat con-

firmed in my convictions, optimistic about the future of Africa and definitely against the current spirit of Afropessimism." he told a news conference before leaving Senegal for home.

Praising the attitude of the leaders he met, he described them as "determined, conscious of both the realities and the demands that this reality imposes on the conduct of public life, relatively optimistic for the future, determined to fight for development and happy to know they can count on France to fight

Mr. Chirac said that he, King Hassan and those African leaders he met for a series of bilateral talks in Ivory Coast, Gabon and Senegal had spent a long time discussing the problem of

"Rather than cancelling debt. I wonder if we should be looking at turning debt into investment," he said, directing his comments at medium-income countries north and south of the Sahara and Morocco in particular.

African leaders say the heavy burden of servicing their countries' foreign debt. run up during the heady years that followed independence, hampers their efforts to revive their economies.

Mr. Chirac said his admi- nistration would study the concept of channeling debt repayment into investment but he stressed that it was a "relatively new idea" and methods of application still had to be worked out.

"Naturally it is necessary to ensure debts are serviced... but I believe that we have reached a stage where these procedures alone are not enough." he said.

On the diplomatic front, Mr. Chirac played down a decision by Mali's president. Alpha Oumar Konare, not to come to Dakar to meet him. Diplomats said Mr. Konare apparently felt offended. by what he took to be a

tial palace after laying a wreath at the Tomb of

the Unknown Soldier. Mr. Chirac ended in

Senegal his five-day African tour (AFP photo)

summons from Mr. Chirac to join him for talks. "The Mali president did what he believed he had to do for reasons that were his own. One can regret that decision but it's certainly not up to me to judge it." Mr.

Chirac said. But Mr. Chirac said he and all the other leaders he met were concerned about developments in regional giant Nigeria, which has come under sustained international pressure over the secret trail of alleged coup plotters including former head of state Olusegun Obasanjo.

Responding to a question. he said Nigeria's military rulers showed no sign of moving towards the rule of law and democracy.

"I would ask you to note that I did not go to Nigeria. I am worried by what is happening in Nigeria as are all the other heads of state ! met," he added.

"We want to show that we're alive, and we're working in science even though our institution closed," Mr. Spiridonov said.

"You have to do what you love, and real science can always support its own. ... Each person in the world is in their own cage, after all." Scientists, among the best

paid and most pampered Soviet workers, have seen their fortunes nose-dive the rarely looking up at the 1991 Soviet collapse. Their monthly state wages now average less than the national average, which is a mere 495,000 rubles, or about \$110, and are often months in

Many scientific workers say they are forced to look for work abroad, and fewer young people are entering the field.

The threesome in the cage worked together at the Ministry of Economics until recently, when their jobs were eliminated in a series of cutbacks. They have managed to find work in school and private businesses, but miss the collegiality of their old jobs. A sign outside the cage declared the exhibit: "Rational man. Homo sapiens. Subspecies: scientific workers."

The scientists were fed four meals of cereal, fruit and vegetables, and sat at chairs around a table with bottles of mineral water, bowls, books and notepads. Most of the time, they worked quietly, crowd of a few dozen specta-

A male orangutan in the next cell sat as close as he could, with his orange arms resting on the bars. Zoo officials said the ape, who considers the men's cell one of his own, spent much of the day sniffing in that direction to find out what was going

,Zoo spokeswoman Natalya Istratova said the zoo liked the project because it wants to know what it is like being caged. She said she also approves of the message that "freedom is inside us, people and animals."

The public, however, seemed to find it much more interesting to watch apes than humans, she noted. Zoogoers were shocked to find the scientists and many laughed, but few lingered long to watch them sit and

Many said they were confused by the exhibit. "I guess they want to put

themseives on the level of animals - it's hard to imagine," said Lyuda Guseinova. who was visiting with her R-year-old daughter, Saida. from Ashkhabad, Turkmenistan

"I think they're trying to say people are part of nature and have no right to play God," ventused Denis lichuk, a 21-year-old soldier. "This experiment shows we're the same as our neighbours in the cages."

"No," said his mother, Margarita, who was visiting from Siberia, "They're trying to raise concern for people. who have a lot of problems now. We all have to protect each other."

Estimatin ter the thr brought und Monday, t 10,000 acres of pine and f

Rescue teal

Cole

BOGOTA

workers hav

19 bodies.

two pabies.

of homes t

slide which

coffee tow

people are

local disaste

cial said So The land

Fore

ATHENS (

that destr

forests aroun

immense

damage and

pollution ar

Greek capit

Monday.

been destro "We now puty Environ Works Minis nas told a newspaper. will study at sures and ar be supported rains begin. The razin residential a

Indi

NEW DELH Indian gover ruled out re oned Muslim the freedom tourists kidna separatist gu "There is releasing any

change for th

tourists)," F K. Padmana porters here ment's first o of a militant-He said were attempt release of the the separat Faran, but th government is "very clea Mr. Padn nied reports

the 21 jailed ? whose releas manded by been shifted state from pr prior to an "These rep wrong and the move." he s The home

said a claim ! two hostages jured in a gu Kara

KARACHI four-point r Karachi's pc tion party w discussions w between the the group res Monday, offi Meanwhile were killed Monday while dead Sunday shooting in with illegal ; The plan Qaumi Mov was presente round of talks

bad Thursda resolve the c where more ple have dier political viole ary last year MQM chi Ajmal Dehivi details of the government,

However. the NOM no Rescue team members evacuate the body of a victim after

tormes of mud and rock crashed down a mountainside in

The landslide struck a poor Patricia Alvarez said. "Res-

BOGOTA (R) — Rescue

workers have pulled a total of

19 bodies, including those of

two babies, from the debris

of homes buried by a land-

slide which hit a Colombian

coffee town and 13 other

people are still missing, a

local disaster prevention offi-

ATHENS (R) — A huge fire

that destroyed precious

forests around Athens caused

immense environmental

damage and will mean more

pollution and floods for the

Greek capital, officials said

Estimating the disaster af-

ter the three-day fire was

brought under control early

Monday, they said about

10,000 acres (4,047 hectares)

of pine and fir-tree forest had

"We now fear floods," De-

puty Environment and Public

Works Minister Costas Gito-

nas told an Athens daily

newspaper. "The ministry!

will study anti-flooding mea-

sures and areas in need will

be supported before the first

The razing of forests for

residential development has

NEW DELHI (AFP) — The

Indian government Monday

ruled out releasing impris-

oned Muslim militants to win

the freedom of five Western

tourists kidnapped by Muslim

separatist guerrillas in Kash-

releasing any militant (in ex-

change for the five abducted

tourists)," Home Secretary

K. Padmanabhaiah told re-

porters here in the govern-

ment's first outright rejection

of a militant-for-tourist swap.

were attempting to secure the

release of the tourists held by

the separatist group A

Faran, but the position of the

government on an exchange

nied reports that several of

the 21 jailed Muslim militants

whose release is being de-

manded by Al Faran had

been shifted to the northern

state from prisons elsewhere

wrong and there is no such

"These reports are totally

prior to an exchange.

move," he said.

Mr. Padmanabhaiah de-

is "very clear."

He said the authorities

"There is no question of

Monday.

been destroyed.

rains begin.'

cial said Sunday.

heads alla tfilm R) — Hollywood
d Marlon Brando
a Australia in

JLY 25, 1995

to shoot a horror in which he id scientist, the cist said Monday remake of author or author of author of story The Dr. Moreau, will a coast a coast a coast of author of t coast, a spoker
Dennis Davidson
s (DDA) said
information
at he will be her
reeks in Santa reeks in Septen pokeswoman tok ae film centres a soldiers who are don a Pacific is e Brando, as the foreau, carries be ts on mutation be nans and animal will be the thin the classic honor first, titled the Lost Souls, Re 1933 and stanti actor Charles as the demend he second, who o Wells's title, va n 1977 and starred neaster as Di

by New Line Cm. United States a: stween \$30 million aillion, local med we said. Brando; shooting the in apture in Ireland hat moved him k ate taking up he hip. His great er was born in De

The movie is being

distance e money, and sleep ORK (AP) - Te

port said the cable man all the way g and back. only; a bad check for it re. Cab driver Ja tt, a native of L kistan, says the & Tuesday at John International Ar hen a well-drop h from Bombay & ed his cab. The ma ollal. said he was o Troy. Micsz ometres away. Le checkbook from allal promised was 100 fare when the So wins did the talk a

ieve him? "He sa dia," Butt. 31. & from my new suntry." When the roy, they found it wife. She had te ok," said Troy Pole Robert Carter. & t over but refused: to her ex-husban wrote the cabbie. or \$2,200. But with nt to the bank. the Collai's account be 17. So Bun dion ack to New York. ant to come back ! in for court. Round tt lost \$630 (including r two speeding as well as some 32 hor . On Saturday, he was

arley 'to r' Grant ON (AFP) - BINE Liz Hurley plans

lugh Grant den orld-famous mist ir with a Hollians te, the Daily Expre a close friend. Monday Grant as fame last year for? , the block-huse-'eddings and A Fur itted lewd condu olice caught him at sers down. The fa brought his love ig relationship st to the crossivit Brocklehursi wil Express. They have got to set man. they will. p, which I doub! Brocklehurst E

as saving. it' is where ELAND (R) re calls you fall is spelled before the calls of the spelled before the calls of the call of the calls of the call of the cal ment. experts on a say. -phai is a a e term originalis in said in English. ower, an editor of it. louse Dictionsnee on ("How's it golds"). A public forms. the study of drew same s, drew refull, ars. poets. ther word loversity.
University.

The home secretary also said a claim by Al Faran that two hostages had been injured in a gunbattle with Infabrication.

Al Faran has alleged that two of the hostages were injured in a gunbattle when troops stormed their hideout on July 20. On Sunday, Al Faran said one of the hostages was in "critical condi-

But Mr. Padmanabhaiah said the army was avoiding moves which might endanger the captives and "a military operation was never consi-

He said the government had received a report that one of the hostages may have been injured in a scuffle with his captors while they were being shifted between hide-

Al Faran has threatened to kill the captives if the 21 Muslim militants are not released. The group set July 17 as a deadline for their release but is not believed to have carried out its threat to kill

the hostages. Mr. Padmanabhaiah also renewed an appeal to the kidnappers to release Britons Paul Wells Hasert and Keith Mangan, American Donald Hutchings, German Dirk Hasert and Norwegian Hans

dian troops last week was a Ostro.

India rules out militant-for-tourist swap

Mr. Wells, Mr. Mangan, Mr. Hutchings and another can, John Childs, were kidnapped near the mountain resort of Pahalgam on July 4. Mr. Childs escaped from his captors on July 8, the same day Mr. Hasert and Mr. Ostro were seized in separate incidents.

Fredonia, some 200 km from Bogota, in northeastern

victims early Monday,

Fredonia Mayor Gabriel

Ignacio Munoz said police

and civil defence teams had

cordoned off the area of the

town buried under a 200-

metre wide swathe of mud

but that desperate relatives

had tried to break through

the barriers to hunt for their

and local residents fight the

fire. Gale-force winds and

smoke kept water-dropping

aircraft grounded for much of

Saturday and fire engines

could not reach many rugged

Meanwhile another fire

was spreading rapidly Mon-

day morning in the northern

Peloponnese. It started

Saturday night near Longos,

in the region of Aigion, an

area which was hit by earth-

quakes in June, killing 26

people, including 10 French

was burning over an area of

25 kilometres but only pine

forest and :scrublandi were at

Only a deserted old village,

Hroutsa, could perish if the

fire keeps burning fiercely.

tween Al Faran and retired

Lieutenant General D.D.

Saklani were not released.

Home Minister Shankar

rao Chavan is scheduled to

visit Srinagar Wednesday but

a senior official said his trip

was not connected to the

Monday, Mr. Chavan said

the government planned to

hold elections in Kashmir

within six months and the

kidnappings would not

affects its plans to restore

democracy to the strife-state.

on elections in Kashmir is

very clear," he said. "We

want to hold the (state assem-

bly) polls there within six

"The government's stand

Speaking to reporters here

risk for the moment.

firefighters said.

hostage crisis.

Local authorities said it

loved ones.

Colombia (AFP photo)

cue operations are con-

thnuing." She estimated

material losses from the dis-

aster at around 7 billion pesos

among the dead were two-

month-old babies and five

other children. Rescue teams

resumed their hunt for other

ists started the fire to make

way for development but the

government vowed to replant

the burnt area and bulldozer

day near Mount Penteli

overlooking Athens which is

dotted with luxurious villas,

summer homes and children's

houses and other buildings

were destroyed but residents

said a minimum of 80 houses

had been gutted by the blaze.

city has been declared a dis-

aster area. Thousands of peo-

ple were evacuated from

houses, hospitals and sum-

mer camp's and police re-

Military units were drafted.

ported 20 people injured.

to help thousands of firemen

The region northeast of the

Fire fighters said at least 30

The blaze started early Eri-

any illegal construction.

summer camps.

none seriously.

Mr. Alvarez said that

(\$8 million).

Colombia landslide death toll rises to 19

Forest fire means more smog, floods for Athens

area of Fredonia, about 200

kilometres northwest of

Bogota, Saturday afternoon,

engulfing houses in a tide of

mud, rocks and earth as fami-

lies sat inside watching a tele-

report of 19 dead and 13

missing," disaster official

been blamed for the heavy

winter floods that often hit

Athens, a sprawling city of

almost four million people.

Air pollution, another of

"These forests renewed the

the capital's long-standing

problems, is also expected to

air of the city and dispersed

the pollution," forestry ex-

pert Nikos Hlikas told the

Ethnos daily. "Their destruc-

tion will surely have an im-

years to get them back."

pact and it will take 20 to 40

Athens is one of Europe's

most polluted cities and the

government has taken mea-

sures to limit car traffic to

fight smog. In the summer of

1988, hundreds of people

died as a result of heavy air

pollution coupled with a

Authorities suspect arson-

worsen after the fire.

"At this time we have a

vised sporting event.

Asked whether Pakistan, which India accuses of fueling the insurgency in Kashmir, was involved in the kidnapping, the home secretary said none of the 15 to 16 kidnappers spoke the Kashmiri lan-

They spoke Pushtu, a language widely spoken in Afganistan and provinces of Pakistan, and "it is clear at whose instance they have done

this," he said. The home secretary's comments followed reports that the Indian authorities have reestablished contact with the

Officials in Kashmir's summer capital Srinagar said a representative of Al Faran spoke by telephone Sunday with the government's chief negotiator.

Details of the first conversation in several days beKashmir, India's only

Muslim-majority state, has been under the direct rule of New Delhi since the Muslim insurgency: which has left more than 12.000 people dead began in 1989.

Indian officials believe that Al Faran, may actually be the Harkatbul Ansar, a hardline pro-Pakistan group wheih abducted two Britons in Pahalgam last year and released them after 17 days.

tude of the government side. led by Law Minister Nahi Dad Khan, was "positive." "Ceasefire and peace, is

Zuhair Akram, a member of the government team said. The government blames

home to some 12 million people of different origin and ethnic background. A bomb blew up a bus in the central Pakistani province

of Punjab near the Indian border, killing three people and injuring 25, police said Monday. They said the bomb ex-

ploded Sunday near Kasur town when the bus was travelling east to the nearby town of Kot Racha Kishan.

Japan premier to soldier on after senate election setback

TOKYO (Agencies) -Japanese Prime Minister Tomiichi Murayama Monday put a brave face on government setbacks in upper-house elections, saying his coalition would stay together and there were no plans to call a snap

general election. Speaking the day after his Socialist Party was routed in the House of Councillors' election, Mr. Murayama only left open the possibility of a cabinet reshuffle as a way to satisfy voter dissatisfaction with his three-party coalition. "I think we just scraped

through," he said. "I will continue as head of a govern-

Mr. Murayama's Socialists

won only 16 of the 126 seats at stake, losing almost twothirds of the seats they were defending in the election. His coalition of Socialists, the Liberal Democratic Party

(LDP) and the small Sakigake Party came up seven short of the target of 75 seats it had set for itself. But the prime minister told a news conference he would not call snap elections for the more powerful lower house to address the setback dealt

to his year-old government,

which underwent its first

national electoral test in Sun-

day's poll. "I'm not thinking about that (a general election) at the moment," he said at his

party's headquarters. "Now the most important thing for us is to put all our efforts into dealing with the issues that confront us," said Mr. Murayama, 71, adding that the coalition would put its efforts into priority issues . such as the high yen, administrative reform and the sluggish economy.

Elections for the lower house need not be held until mid-1997. Members of the 252-seat upper chamber,



Tomiichi Murayama

much less powerful than the 511-seat lower house, serve six-year terms, with half of the seas up for election every three years.

Mr. Muarayama's efforts to avoid new polls put him squarely at odds with Japan's major newspapers, which called on the government Monday to resign and call a general election after an upperhouse vote they termed a crisis for democracy.

"Murayama and the coalition heads should now be thinking about the fact that the time has come to dissolve the lower house and test public opinion in a general election," said the business daily Nihon Keizai Shimbun.

The biggest message of the election came from the record number of voters who stayed at home, signalling the depth of apathy towards politics that has built up after two years of revolving-door gov-

ernments and fluid alliances. "It was the lowest turnout

publican Army's cessation of

since the war and this shows distrust of politicians is high. I take this very seriously," Mr. Murayama said.

the prime minister's talks with coalition heads Monday produced a general agreement on a cabinet reshuffle, but did not decide the scale of the move.

"If I decide to reshuffle the cabinet, I will make a decision after Aug. 4, when the budget ceiling will be set," he

The big winner in the elections was the main opposition group Shinshinto (New Frontier Party), which was formed only nine months ago and was making its debut on the national stage.

The party won 40 seats and has now firmly emerged as Japan's second-largest party after the LDP.

Shinshinto leader Toshiki Kaifu said: "Voters critical of the LDP-Socialist collusion

want us in power." The opposition win puts

pressure on Mr. Murayama to make more drastic efforts at structural economic reform, analysts said.

"Shinshinto's's victory suggests people seek reform and that the government will have to implement pro-reform policies," said Teizo Taya, director of the Daiwa Institute of Research.

Most of the record number of Japanese television stars, who ran for election in Japan's uppere house Sunday found their well known faces did not attract votes.

After a deperate 17-day campaign, only seven out of 26 television and sport celebrities standing were elected to the new House of Councillors in the first national polls since the ruling coalition took power in June last year.

Seiko Hashimoto, 30, a professinal cyclist and speedskating bronze medallist at the 1992 Albertville Winter Olympics, scored an easy victory as a candidate of the ruling Liberal Democratic Party.

Other successful candidates include professional wrestler Hiroshi Hase, former professional football coach Kunishige Kamamoto, former revue stars Akira Malsu and Kumi Tajima, former comedienne Makaiko Suehiro and female television reporter Kei Hata.

But many others, including an essayist, an actor, a writer, another pro-wrestler and a professional skier, failed to live up to expectations that their celebrity status would launch them into the political limelight.

Success had seemed likely, following the surprise victories by two television personalities at April's governorship polls in two major cities. Yukio Aoshima won the

key race in Tokyo and Knock Yokoyama was victorious in

U.K., Irish aides meet to shore up peace process

BELFAST (AFP) — British and Irish government ministers met Monday to boost the stalled Northern Ireland peace process after Britain's Northern Ireland secretary said there was "fair hope" for progress on the disarmament issue blamed for the dead-

Irish Foreign Minister Dick Spring and Justice Minister Nora Owen were to hold talks lasting two-to-three hours with Northern Ireland Secretary Sir Patrick Mayhew and the junior Northern Ireland minister, Michael

Ancram. The Anglo-Irish meeting — the second in two months — was preceded by a weekend of top level "intensive contacts" between leading Irish and British civil ser-

Ahead of the Sept. 1 first anniversary of the Irish Re-

violence in its campaign against British rule in Northern Ireland, the British and Irish governments are particularly anxious to dispel mounting tension in the pro-

According to Mr. Spring the Belfast meeting will attempt to bolster the peace process, after 11 months without a bomb exploding or a shot being fired. A feeling of impasse has

dragged on for some two months, with talks stumbling principally over the issue of decommissioning of arms. Britain has called on the

IRA to make a "gesture" towards disarmament before allowing multiparty talks aimed at ending 25 years of sectarian violence in the province to begin.

Sir Patrick earlier Monday

et and not guided system

failure was the reason given

defended secret talks he took part in last week with leaders of Sinn Fein, the political wing of the IRA, which are likely to lead to further meet-

Considering the delicate situation surrounding the peace process 'we take all sensible opportunities to make sure that we know each others' position." he said.

'That is what we have down and that is what we are going to continue to do." Sir Patrick, in optimistic mood, added he nurtured a "fair hope" for progress on the issue of disarmament in the foreseeable future and that multiparty talks could

"soon" take place. Irish sources said the two sides could Monday announce progress on a joint plan for disarmament.

British and Irish premiers

John Major and John Bruton revealed the plan existed at the European summit in Cannes, France, in June.

It could explain how the disarmament process could take place, but the question of when it could be set in motion still hangs in the ba-

Mr. Adams reiterated Sunday there was no question of the IRA disarming unilateral-

But Irish sources said the announcement Monday of an easing of the British stance on the other major stumbling block namely the release of Republican and loyalist prisoners could help to appease nationalists.

Sir Patrick said Monday London was willing to soften its positions on the transfer to Northern Ireland of nationalist prisoners held in Britain.

China may test fire cruise missiles — report

TAIPEI (AFP) — China may fire cruise missiles from its southern or eastern coasts in a second round of missile testing to follow exercises ending this week, a masscirculation newspaper reported Monday.

Beijing is likely to test fire. 801 and 802-class cruise missiles. Or even some recently developed weapons, from coastal bases or warships off China's southern Fujian or eastern Zhejiang provinces. the United Daily News said. quoting an unnamed military

The paper said cruise missile tests were even more threatening to Taiwan since they are difficult to detect and can reach their target more accurately.

Taiwan, which does not have the technology to detect the missile launches, has to rely on information from the United States or Japan, a reliable source told AFP.

The Defence Ministry confirmed four missile launches by China in the first and second day of the week-long drill which began Friday. Of the four missiles, three

reached the target area 90 miles (200 kilometres) off Taiwan's Pengchiayu Island. but one missed the target, the ministry said. The misfired missile landed

near China's coast off Fujian province, the United Daily News said.

The paper said the missiles fired Friday and Saturday were M-9 ballistic missiles without warheads — launched from a military base in Shangrao, Jiangxi province, and another unknown base. Engine trouble in the rock-

for one missile misfiring, the paper said, adding China had sent some 30 warships to the impact areas. Taiwan had obtained information on the launches

from the U.S., a reliable source told AFP. There has been no con-

firmation of test firing Sunday or Monday. But the China Times Express. quoting fishery sources, said fishermen near the impact area saw fire and heard explosions in waters 30 nautical miles off Pengchiayu Island. Crews from five boats

radioed reports of the sightings to their unions at around 2:45 a.m. Monday local time (1845 GMT Sunday) at 26.27 degrees north and 122.28 degrees east, the Express said. Hsu Po-Sheng, director of the War College of the Armed Forces University, told reporters here Sunday that China was conducting its missile testing in the East China Sea because of the

the disputed Spratly Islands. On Monday, China, in its second media attack on Lee Teng-Hui in as many days. accused the Taiwanese president of using the cover of

tense situation surrounding

expanding the island's international "living space" to promote independence. Xinhua published a lengthy commentary, to be carried Tuesday on the front page of the People's Daily, slamming calls by Mr. Lee during his controversial visit to the United States for Taiwan to be

able to expand its "space of

existence in the international

community."

Arguing that China did not challenge Taiwan's development of non-governmental economic and cultural ties with other countries, the commentary said the kind of "living space" demanded by Mr. Lee was in fact the island's independence from China.

"We must tell Lee Teng-Hui clearly that the 'living space' he demanded for separating the motherland. for creating 'two Chinas' and for moving towards 'Taiwanese independence' can absolutely not be achieved," the commentary

"The Chinese people will never allow it to happen, nor will all the people in the world who love peace," it said, adding that Mr. Lee's efforts would lead Taiwan up "a blind allev.

China regards Taiwan as a renegade province and demands that all countries with which it maintains diplomatic ties conduct only non-official exchanges with the island. It also vigorously opposes Taipei's attempts to join the United Nations or send lead-

ers to international events. Taiwan Monday brushed off China's bitter attacks on President Lee, but protested its forced inspections of Taiwanese fishing boats in international waters.

"The series of attacks against President Lee were highly irrational with the aim of inclining the public here against the president," said Chan Chih-Hung, planning director of the Mainland Affairs Council. Taiwan's top

mainland policy planning body, in a press conference. "Their accusations were entirely baseless and totally far from the facts with the ultimate purpose of smearing the president," said Hansen Chien, a spokesman for the ruling Kuomintang, in

another news meeting. The latest Chinese attacks were based on Taiwanese press reports in March that said Mr. Lee had joined the youth group of the Taiwanese Communist Party when he was still a student, and later quit. The reports said Mr. Lee had been arrested and detained for four and a half months in 1960 for joining the party.

But Mr. Lee's office later denied the stories, saying they were totally groundless. During a protest march in Taipei Sunday against China's week-long missile training just north of the Taiwanese coast, some rightwingers blamed Mr. Lee for provoking China into holding

the drills by secretly promoting Taiwanese independence. But cabinet officals said the eventual reunification of Taiwan and China remains a

party goal. The Mainland Affairs Council also stronglfy lashed out at China for its forced inspections of four Taiwanese fishing boats between July 12 and 17 near the disputed Spratley Islands chain in the South China Sea,

Its complaint echoed one earlier in the day from the semi-official Straits Exchange Foundation, which represents the government in talkswith China in the absence of formal ties.

Karachi talks focus on opposition peace plan

four-point plan tabled by Karachi's powerful opposition party was the focus of discussions when peace talks between the government and the group resumed here late week when some 40 people Monday, officials said.

Meanwhile, two people were killed ahead of talks Monday while four were shot dead Sunday, most in sniper shooting in this city awash with illegal arms.

The plan by the Mohajir Qaumi Movement (MOM) was presented at the fourth round of talks held in Islamabad Thursday to politically resolve the crisis in Karachi where more than 2,000 people have died in ethnic and political violence since January last year.

Ajmal Dehlvi, refused to give details of the plan, pending a government response. However, sources close to the NQM negotiating team

MQM chief negotiator

relate to the party's demand for an end to siege and search operations by police and paramilitary troops in Karachi. Violence escalated last

were killed in three days of fighting. The NQM has also proposed that after suspending security operations, its selfexiled leader Altaf Hussain, who resides in London, he allowed to address a public rally near the party's headquarters here by telephone.

the sources said. The NQM has proposed that an official ban imposed last month on cellular telephones and pagers be lifted. even on a temporary basis, in order "to tell the party diehards and supporters that the security forces had stopped their activities." said the source on condition of anony-

Officials said the action to

KARACHI (AFP) - A told AFP that the proposals indefinitely suspend paging peace in the strife-torn city. and mobile telephoen services in Karachi was taken to break the communication system of the militants. The MQM represents

Mohajir migrants from Urduspeaking regions of India who settled here after the 1947 partition of the subcontinent. The community numerically dominates southern Sindh province's urban centres.

The government blames the party for much of the violence in Pakistan's commercial hub of Karachi. home to some 12 million people alleged sense of deprivation among the Mohajir community which has a relatively better literary take compared to the region's native Sindhis. It demands the govern-

ple on merit. Both sides initiated the dialogue on July 11 to restore

ment abolish the job quota

for Mohajirs and recruit peo-

Mr. Dehlvi said the attiour one-point agenda."

the party for much of the fiolence in Pakistan's commercial hub of Karachi.

There was no information about who set off the bomb.

جورون تابين يوبية عربية سيلبب مستلة نحدر بالاسطيرية عن المزسية العميلية الأرانية

Chairman of the Board of Directors: MAHMOUD AL KAYED

Director General: MOHAMMAD AMAD

Editor-in-Chief: GEORGE S. HAWATMEH

Editorial and advertising offices: Jordan Press Foundation,

University Road, P.O. Box 6719, Amman, Jordan.

|Telephones: 667171/6, 670141-4 Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO Facsimile: 696183

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

Lesson from tragedy

JORDAN, THE Palestine Liberation Organisation, France, the U.S. and many other nations were quick to condemn and denounce in the strongest possible terms yesterday's suicide bomb attack in Tel Aviv that killed six people and injured 32. Both the Palestinians and the Israelis were also quick to announce that the bloody attack was waged by anti-peace elements whose major aim was to torpedo the progressing talks between the two sides. Israeli negotiators broke the talks to mourn their dead but resumed them a few hours later in a bid to show their determination to stay on the course that has been chosen to end the conflict once and for all.

It was wise and courageous of the PLO chairman, Yasser Arafat, to condemn the attack and of the Israeli Prime Minister, Yitzhak Rabin, to announce the continuation of the talks. Both men, through cooperation and goodwill, were able to halt the suicide bombing attacks for the past six months; and yesterday's attack should only strengthen their resolve to meet the same objective. It is therefore of utmost urgency that the talks continue, that Israel redeploy its troops and that Palestinian elections be held in all West Bank towns and villages.

The Arab-Israeli conflict, with what it has entailed in acts of violence and counterviolence, will not end before finding an acceptable solution to the Palestinian question. No matter how many agreements are signed between the Arabs and Israel, our people, and no doubt many Israelis as well, will not believe in that peace unless Israel is willing to accept Palestinian selfdetermination and their right to establish their own state.

We believe that Israel and the Palestinians can and will reach agreement on the "redeployment" issue soon. But what is even more important in the quest to end the nearly century-old conflict through compromise, is to have a clear vision and new determination to reach the final settlement. Shlomo Gazit, a former Israeli army chief of intelligence, wrote in a recent article that he finds it difficult to understand Israel's reluctance to do what is necessary for this settlement. "This sidestepping and avoidance is one of the things preventing the Palestinian side from deciding in principle to end the violent struggle against Israel," he said. "And as long as they (Palestinians) attain their goal (of statehood), we cannot demand that they

lay down their arms." The Israelis may not like to be reminded of Mr. Gazit's conclusion on this sad day in their history. But it is as true for them as for us that once the Palestinians achieve their final objective, "there will no longer be any point in continuing the struggle."

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

EVERY TIME the Israelis face difficulty in their negotiations with the Palestinians, they tend to refer the point in question to the final phase of the negotiations in a bid to gain time, which is a clear sign of procrastination that lays further obstacles in the path of peace talks, said a writer in Al Ra'i Monday. Mahmoud Rimawi said that the latest such instance is the water question that surfaced as a result of Israel's adamant stand concerning the water resources in the occupied West Bank, which it continues to exploit and wishes to keep. Originally, the final phase of the negotiations was slated for discussing the question of refugees, the status of Jerusalem and the fate of the Jewish settlements, said the writer, who added that the water question tends to add obstacles before the negotiators. The writer said that no independent Palestinian political entity can survive without the basic natural resources like water, which has been exploited by Israel for the past 27 years of occupation. Urging the Palestinian negotiators to cling hard to the national rights of the Palestinian people, the writer said that these negotiators also have a duty of exposing the Israeli expansionist ambitions and to show the world that Israel is not yet ready for peace long as it holds on to the Arab lands and water resources.

A WRITER in Al Dustour criticised a practice by public and private institutions which, he said, resort to foreign expertise on a regular basis to undertake feasibility studies of projects. Such practice, especially by those institutions that are being privatised, can have very negative effect on the national economy, said Mohammad Daoud. Systems and formulas adopted in New York. London or Paris are not necessarily beneficial for or applicable to situations in the Kingdom.

Jordan's tribalist triumph and 15th century Spain

THE CONVINCING victory by tribalist political forces in the municipal elections earlier this month was not particularly surprising, but it is very important. The ongoing retribalisation of our political system rasies profound yet sensitive questions about the character of Jordanian individual and national identity, and the manner in which Jordan will deal with its key national challenges in the immediate future.

The municipal elections, though portrayed as a triumph of democratic modernisation, were almost exactly the opposite: They were a particularly dramatic example of how the essentially Anglo-Saxon, secular concepts of democratic modernisation were soundly absorbed into the more powerful, indigenous Jordanian/Arab/Islamic/Semitic political governance traditions that are defined primarily by tribalism, but also by religion, monarchy. In a cultural and political clash between the old world and the new. the new world took a particularly brutal beating.

I believe it is unfair to judge this process in a qualitative manner, to label tribalism as something politically good, bad or neutral. Tribalism is the dominant fact of our human and social environment. in the same manner that semiaridity is a fact of our chimate and hospitality is a fact of our social culture. The important need is to understand what tribalism means for our political and national future, to manage the retribalisation of Jordanian national political culture in a manner that serves the best interests of Jordan and the majority of Jordanians, and to attept to build on the strengths of tribal identity in a manner that can lead us. to those national and individual goals that we all know and

The reasons for the neo-tribalist triumph are pretty obvious, in Jordan and elsewhere in this region, and they include: the slow deterioration of the capacity of the modern state to assure the basic human needs of all its citizens; the general political failure of Islamist politics and other modern, urban, mass ideologies; the need to feel secure in a proven, indigenous identity system in order to public power — it also offers jobs, telephones and university seats. Tribalism never vanished from Jordan, but in the past half a century it has been temporarily hidden underneath a series of forces that tried to capture the

make the transition to a new Middle East in which Israeli-American interests are — at least in the short term - among the most critical criteria of public decisionmaking; and the need to reassert our authentic cultural values as the most — perhaps the only — credible antidote to the powerful stream of political, commercial, social and strategic predatory forces coming at us from the West. Tribalism offers pride, dignity, and — when linked to imagination of the Jordanian individual and of society as a whole — forces such as pan-Arabism, Islamism, Jordanian nationalism, Palestinian radicalism, consumerism, materialistic urbanism, and others. All of these forces remain valid, but none has been able single-handedly to replace

tribalism as the primary identity of most Jordanians.

In this respect, we should heed the words of one of our leading political figures, Mr. Abdul Hadi Majali, who commented with his usual frankness and clarity after the municipal elections: "There is nothing wrong with tribalism. This is Jordan and not Switzerland."

I agree with Mr. Majali's descriptive affirmation of our tribal soul, but I would like to hear him and others of his stature and leadership qualities address the deeper, longer term implifcations of our Jordanian rather than Swiss attributes. Indeed, there is nothing wrong with tribalism. But, I would argue, the question is not about whether tribalism is right or wrong (see paragraphs three through five above); the question is: Does tribalism offer a satisfactory, effective governance system for Jordanians in the closing years of the 20th century?

My answer to that is: perhaps, but only if we summon the composure, truth and diligence required to modernise political tribalism in order for it to meet the needs of a society that suffers relatively high rates of poverty, unemployment and underemployment, that is nearly 65 per cent urban, that still relies heavily on external financial support, and which — in the very same week that the municipal elections were held - saw more than half of all its secondary school students fail their examinations.

Tribalism has defined our culture and lands for approximately the past 12,000 years, ever since people started living in small seasonal camps or hamlets around 10,000 BC. The compelling need to assure the physical, social and mental well-being of settled communities, especially in a semi-arid environment, saw tribalism emerge as the most appropriate form of social organisation, which in turn gave rise to patriarchal forms of communcal governance, decision-making and political responsibility. The fact that tribalism has endured for so long is testament to its continued relevance to the majority of people in our region. The reassertion of tribalism is not a sign of Jordanian stupidity, but rther a sign of Jordanian gut intelligence about the best way to survive — in the short term, at least.

It is not clear that tribalism in its present form can endure as the predominant social and political attribute of our culture for a few more millennia, given the pressures of meeting basic human needs in an urbanised, consumer, cash and wage labour economy. Tribalism was very effective or decades after the 1920s, for example, when the population of Jordan did not exceed several hundred thousand people. Can it continue to work well in Jordan in, say, ten years' time, when our population will be around seven million people, and pressures on our water, employment, agriculture and other key sectors are likely to have increased proportionately. Probably not. I suspect, therefore, that tribalism, like Islamism and our experiment years ago with the National Consultative Council, should be seen as natural, indigenous yet purely transitional political phenomenon.

is highly complex, as we can recall from, say, 13th century. England, 6th century Spain, late 18th century France and 19th century America. Our experience in political transformation and modernisation in Jordan is an important case to watch because — unlike those examples just mentioned — we seem to be trying to replace our indigenous, ancient and very deeply rooted tribal traditions with modern, superficial and imported concepts of Western-style political modernism.

England, Spain, France and the United States largely succeeded in their national endeavours because they took the time required to formulate their own brands of modern political governance systems, based on their own cultures and social traditions. I suspect that the neo-tribalist municipal electoral triumph in Jordan is a signal from the soul and the grassroots of Jordan that most people would like to see a slightly slower pace of political change, and that new, modern Jordanian forms of political organisation should be more carefully tailored to indigenous cultural traits.

The signs are rather clear, if we care to see them. Between them, the tribalists and the Islamists probably accounted for over 90 per cent of all votes. Most political parties stayed away from the elections, fielded only a few candidates, or — most amazing of all, including Mr. Majali's powerful Al Ahd Party - ran their candidates in the elections but did not identify them as party candidates. I find the latter rather intriguing.

What is this creature we are witnessing: is it democracy, or is it tribalism? Or is it a new form of political culture that we are developing, in which the apparent public attributes of democratic pluralism are actually secondary to the real power of hidden tribal affiliation and credibility?

It will be important not only to identify this new phenomenon, but also to track it as it moves along into the next millennium and attempts to address those many human and national needs on a nationwide scale that its many predecessors have not successfully met. Given our urban demographic deployment and our many economic needs, tribalism will be deeply challenged now to meet the test of incumbency that the Islamists have so far failed: to provide all the people with telephones, clean water, jobs, education, quality health care and affordable food, among other things.

Tribalists have always been done it on a local tribal scale, and they have also done it on a national scale when population size and needs were both relatively manageable, and external financial support was strong. They have never faced a test such as this: to govern nationally and locally, and to respond to people's needs in a relatively tight domestic economic and social needs situation, conpled with external fiscal flows and social needs situation, coupled with external fiscal flows that are firm for now but are likely to decline in the years to come.

This is tribalism's greatest triumph, but also its greatest political test.

The interaction between the modern state and tribalism

World should not allow U.S. to manipulate the U.N.

By Rev. Ibrahim Ayad I HAVE to thank the Chief

of the U.N. Division for Palestinian Rights for convoking this symposium on the basis of U.N. resolution adopted by the U.N. General Assembly on Dec. 14. 1994, requesting the Committee of the exercise of the Inalianable Rights of the Palestinian People to continue to extend its cooperation to the NGOs in their endeavours of heightening awareness of the facts relating to the question of Palestine, and to promote support and assistance to meet the needs of

On this occasion, it is opportune to evaluate this very imporant problem, the Palestinian problem, which is the core of all problems prevailing in the Middle East, and all the other problems are corollaries and consequences of this central problem. All of us know that the Palestinian problem had been on the doorsteps, when the U.N. was first established and opened, and it is still there waiting for a solution.

the Palestinian people.

In retrospect, we may unwrongly register that the U.N. had dealt with the Palestinian question in persistent and problem-solving manner.

First, the General Assembly tirelessly continued to place the case on its agenda. Moreover, special sessions were called to discuss the issue. The Security Council held tens if not hundreds of meetings to study the various aspects of this problem, the U.N. had produced, in accumulation, a full-scale file of studies, recommendations and resolutions on the subject. Thus, it played a crucial and fundamental role in keeping the case in focus and alive.

Second, the U.N. established a special agency -UNRWA - to provide. support for the Palestinian refugees. This agency did not only help the Palestinians in the areas of food, housing, education, work and health, it furthermore gave them the chance to preserve and even solidify their sense of national

identity. Third, the U.N. and the Security Council resolutions had drawn the guidelines of some kind of solution for the conflict. In this respect, it is rather suitable to point out the partition plan of November 1947. which called for the establishment in Palestine of two states: an Arab and a Jewish state. It is also good to

U.N. resolutions on Pales-

the eighties, the U.N. approached the problem in a more specific and practic-. al manner. Many resolutions were taken, though as many were aborted by the U.S. and other Western countries vetoes of all events, however, four notable achievements should

be mentioned: 1. The admission of members in the U.N.

4. The declaration of Israeli settlements in the occupied territories as illegal and an obstacle to peace. It is a fact that the Palestinians were never fully satisfied with the U.N. resolutions because they feel that these resolutisons had taken morre regrd of the fait-accompli than of

nians learned to look at the positive side. They accepted the resolutions and they recognised the international legality inherent in them.

Ironically, the U.N. and the international legality were both excluded from the latest endeavours to esteablish peace in the Middle East. Their exclusion was an Israeli precondition, which seemed to fulfill also an American interest. Furthermore, Resolution 242 which could not have been avoided was left subject to different ways of interpretations.

As you all know, the

remember resolution number 194 of 1949, which provided the basis to solve the problem of the Palestinian refugees.

In all these aspects and others, the efforts and achievements of the U.N. were valuable and worthy to be highly appreciated. It should not escape our evaluation, that all of the

tine had stopped short of providing a mechanism for implementation. A deficiency that reflected a regrettable deep lack of will and resolve. By taking this attitude, the U.N. had left the conflict open-ended and therefore, gave way to power and force rather than to right and justice to gain the upper hand. During the seventies and

Palestine, represented by the PLO as an observer 2. The non-recognition of the U.N of any unilateral measure taken by Israel to

change the status of the occupied East Jerusalem. 3. The terming of the West Bank and Gaza Strip as the occupied Palestinian

their rights. Nevertheless, the Palesti-

'The Israelis, in dealing with the peace process, lack sincerity, good will and respect to others' rights.'

exclusion was reaffirmed last month in the Security Council, when the U.S. which is considered a pillar of this international institution, challenged the whole world and international law, and vetoed a draft resolution on the issue of the Israeli usurpation of Palestinian lands in East Jerusalem.

Palestinians, as they often do, confronted the nagging question about whether the American role can biaslessly serve the cause of just and fair peace, by crushing the most elementary principles of justice. by the use of their veto powers in favourof Israel over its confiscation of the Arab land in East Jerusalem. 7 ask, should not the world community learn something from the Palestinian case? Should they not perceive and therefore restrain the dangers inherent in the one party monopoly over the international decisionmaking?

The U.S. policies in the Middle East are biased and unjust, it is against the evidence to pretend otherwise, because every day we have facts showing their flagrant partiality and connivance. They encouraged Israel to be expansionist and intransigent, the last veto in the Security Council for Israeli confiscation of the Arab land in Jerusalem is really shameful and inhuman, these unqualified acts certainly increase and prolong the suffering of our Palestinian people.

So far, and after four years of the peace process sponsored by the United States, the Palestinian people have not felt any significant change in their situation. Actually, the self-rule is becoming a state of siege. Jerusalem is closed to the Arab Muslims and Christians so is the Gaza Strip. The confiscation of the Palestinian land is continuing - even accelerating. Israel is refraining from implementing what should have been implemented a year ago. For

Mr. Rabin, agreed upon dates are not sacred, but the same time. Isrealis are stealing the land, so when the final stage arrives, there will be nothing to negotiate for.

Had the U.N. shown more will to defend its role and not to acquiesce to the powerful and biased American dictate, then the peace process could have had a different and much more advanced starting point. Had the U.N. insisted that its resolutions embody the international legality, then the guidelines of a solution would have easily been

But. unfortunately, the U.N. had again stopped short of showing any resolve, owing to the Zionists' big influence and the unfair American pressure. As we have seen through

the long history of the Palestinian question, the U.N. showed an effort that should be appreciated and we, the Palestinian people, do appreciate it. Yet the same history shows that noble values such as those inherent in the Charter do not in themselves constitute a guarantee against deviation and default. It is our duty as persons, organisations and nations to share the responsibility of safeguarding these vlaues. The ongoing long suffering of many people displays what may happen when the world loses vision or when the international will slackens. No other people, at least in the Middle East, had suffered and still suffer oppression, usurpation of land and water and hideous occupation. The Israelis, in dealing with the peace process, lack sincerity, good will and respect to others' rights. These qualities are the basic foundation of a just and lasting peace. according to the wise words of the late Pope Paul VI. when he declared in the United Nations: "People could attain peace by striving to build up among mankind the necessary preconditions for peace, which are justice, respect for the dignity and human rights of

the others, self-control and love for all people." Isaiah the prophet in Chapter 32 says "that only justice will bring about peace and right will produce calm and sta-

Mr. Rabin insulted Pakistani Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto when she declared her intention to visit Gaza, without his permission. He talks about Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat and the Palestinian leadership always in contemptuous manner. He never complied with the agreement signed with the Palestinians. I believe that this is a result of a permanent pyschosis of superiority complex that the Israelis

statutes, the altar and other religious objects in the church.

The Apostolic Nuncio. after visiting the church and hearing the details of the incident declared: "The Israeli society is extremist and does not accept the non-Jews." He added: "The Israelis cannot ask the church to condemn anti-Semitism while the Jews do nothing to erase their sentiments against Christianity." The Vatican representative, Monsignor Quadro Lanza de Montezembolo, the first Nuncio of the Catholic church in Israel, declared to an Italian newspaper. IL corriere Della Sera: "The problem

"The U.S. policies in the Middle East are biased and unjust. It is against the evidence to pretend otherwise."

are cherishing as they consider themselves to be the chosen people called to rule the world and intoxicated by the Talmudic teachings, which consider Goem (non-Jews) inferior to them; the Talmud proscribes that it is a duty to kcep a gentile slave enslaved forever (cfr. Israel Shahak, Jewish history, Jewish religion p.95).

The Jews behave with the Palestinians as occupiers and rulers. Thus the great late General Charles de Gaulle described them as "peuple arrogant, fier de soi, et dominateur." This complex is the main obstacle to real and lasting peace in the region.

Three weeks ago an Israeli soldier set fire in the Gethsemani Basilica in : Jerusalem. The Fransiscan Fathers, custodian of the Basilica, came in time and extinguished the fire. The criminal escaped unmolested. A week later, an Israeli soldier entered St. Anthony's Church in Jaffa and started shooting inside the church, spreading terror and panic among the worshippers and destroying

is connected with the system fo education in the values cherished in Israel because they are based on hostility and refusal against every person who is not a Jew. These feelings against Christians are spreading more and more in the Israeli society."

This declaration angered the Israeli government, but Israelis cannot deny facts. So we, the Palestinian people, do not want other peoples to go through what

we have gone through, and experience sufferings we endured. We, the Palestinians, always extended our hands to our Jewish cousins for reconciliation, to live together in harmony and equal rights.

I. in their name, call upon the international. community to see to that.

The writer is president of the Palestine Committee for NGOs. The above article is adapted from a speech he gave in June at a symposium on "the U.N. on its 50th anniversary and the Question of Palestine.

TUZL

Herzego But thei when Se i gived in to city. not clothes. After Bosnia's ion lea mushroot vic's feat by his n Mr. H

of an estil lims exp Serbs f. declared Stehrenic Serbs July arrived in l and anoth With S 'surrivers i anything Twelve arrival. A

weakly o fugee cal run by d | neacekee SU

By S

NEW DE

by suicide tailed Inc school exa analysis v tradition society at wards a c "In Del eligible cl cannot ge colleges aren't end George sociologist Delhi's In: Sciences ther te fra

India 1 served abo ernment funded co people ha castes and the higher pete fierce. A 15-ve in the wes of Mahar herself in

this month

ablaze afte

10 examin

hung hers Eightee: Bansal shi end of Jun vered she high-scho examinati keen to do newspaper live as sau The sol admission universitie: performan subjects in

state-run } One .

amination

Agreeme been initi awaiting fir on the ecor labour, in banking). H communic transporta joint Agab and water, Businessr countries.

lished cont other durin the Past fernor seal d discussed ; Pact is sign Mr. Kabe cxpected decades-old hibit all dea lo be passer this week. that calls fo

the three la that bans trails law Israel and bans land.

has beer eration by and Financia the Lower , ment since sed by Parlig

By Daniel J. Wakin

The Associated Press

TUZLA, Bosnia-

Herzegovina — It was a

journey of heroic effort.

But there were no cheers

when Sefik Hasanovic ar-

rived in this central Bosnian

city, not even a change of

After 10 days of terror in

Bosnia's forests, surviving

on leaves and wild

mushrooms, Mr. Hasano-

vic's feat was greeted only

ain

LY 25, 1995

n important camples just replace our pal traditions

by his nephew's tears. Mr. Hasanovic was one of an estimated 40,000 Muslims expelled by Bosnian Serbs from the U.N.declared "safe area" of Srebrenica, which fell to the Serbs July 11. Some 29,000 arrived in the first few days, and another 8,000 - mostly

clothes.

men — are missing. With so much lost, even survivors have little time for

anything but sorrow. Twelve hours after his arrival, Mr. Hasanovic lav weakly on a bed in a refugee camp field hospital run by Pakistani U.N. peacekeepers. His feet Srebrenica survivor were swollen and bandaged. He wore a 10-day growth of beard. The sleeves were ripped from

No cheers, only tears for

his shirt. "I've never killed anybody in my life, but now I could kill anyone," said Mr. Hasanovic, 40, who repaired scales for a living before the war.

His account echoed numerous others in describing a road out of Srebrenica flanked by the bodies of dead Muslims and shooting attacks on groups of fleeing refugees.

Survivors provided widespread accounts of rapes, ambushes and executions of Muslims by Bosnian Serbs, who deny the charges.

Mr. Hasanovic said he left the enclave after seven days of shelling with his 18-year-old son. His wife and other two sons, 4, and 13, remained behind but reached safety. He knows from a relative that they are somewhere in the Tuzla

As he spoke to a visitor, Mr. Hasanovic's nephew pushed through the tent opening and began weeping. Bandages covered bulappeared who said he could let wounds to his right upguide them to safety. But per arm and shoulder Mr. Hasanovic noticed blade, suffered in escaping mines began appearing on the route. He was seized the Srebrenica attack a with suspicion. week earlier. Suleiman Hasanovic, 35, had come to

"I cried, 'no, people, no, don't go." The guide, he thinks, was a Serb spy.

Only a few turned back. He doesn't know their fate. On Friday, before reaching a frontline Muslim village more than 100 kilometres from Srebrenica, Mr. Hasanovic joined another large group. Machine gun fire broke out and the group split into two. Again, another attack. Mr. Hasanovic ran off with 12 people, two of whom also lay exhausted in the tent. He did not know what happened to the rest or the exact location of the shoot-

At about 4 a.m. Saturday, his pants soaked from the dew on the tall grass. Mr. Hasanovic ran into a military patrol. They convinced him they were Bosnian Muslims by reciting from the Koran, Mr. Hasanovic said.

"Then I started crying."



A young refugee boy in Tuzla smiles as he recognises that he is being watched by a photographer (AFP photo)

Rash of Indian student suicides disturbs analysts

By Sonali Verma Reuter

NEW DELHI — Alarmed by suicides by students who failed India's competitive school examinations, social analysts worry changes in tradition-bound Indian society are nudging it towards a crisis.

"In Delhi, 66 per cent of eligible class 12 graduates cannot get admission into colleges because there aren't enough seats," said George Mathew, a sociologist who heads New Delhi's Institute for Social Sciences. "Of course they're frustrated."

India has recently reserved about half of all government jobs and statefunded college seats for people belonging to low castes and tribes, leaving ambitious youngsters from the higher castes to compete fiercely for the remain-

A 15-year-old schoolgirl in the western Indian state of Maharashtra drenched herself in kerosene earlier this month and set herself ablaze after failing her class 10 examinations. Another hung herself from a tree. Eighteen-year-old Asha Bansal shot herself at the end of June after she discovered she had failed her high-school mathematics

newspaper quoted a relative as saying. The sole standard for admission to most Indian universities is a student's performance in three to five subjects in a centralised examination administered by

state-run boards.

examination. "She was

keen to do well in life...," a

Psychiatric social worker Vatsala Sivasubramanian. who heads Sanjivini, a wellknown New Delhi counselling centre, quoted a suicidal client as saying," I did not necessarily want to die —

but I did not want to live." Schoolchildren in India often study up to 18 hours a day. "They give up everything — friends, music, sports. Then, when they do badly, the bottom of their lives falls out," she said. With the splintering of

Indian families, where several generations and branches of a clan lived in the same home, analysts say a child's support system has started to crumble.

"If you failed your tests, your grandma would say, big deal, you're still my hero. Now, both parents work. Who does a child turn to?" asks Mr. Sivasubramanian.

"There's not that much communication now," added Mr. Mathew. "When you watch television... who talks to their families any-

more?" He said added pressure to make money was a fallout of India's four-year-old economic reforms programme, under which the government dismantled barriers to private and foreign participation in a largely socialist economy.

"In the past, your greatest achievement was educating your child to join the government," Ms. Mathew said. "Now, everyone wants their child to do an MBA (masters of business administration) and join a foreign firm.

He said teenagers were still pushed to fit into "slots" in Indian society,

which traditionally recognised very few careers as acceptable - medicine, engineering and governmentjobs — which offered security as well as money or power.

pick up his family from the

camp and was told of his uncle's arrival.

Mr. Hasanovic and his

son lived off tree leaves.

apples and a common type

of bitter wild mushroom,

which becomes sweet when

covered with salt for several

hours, he said. They would

dive into the bushes or

along riverbanks at the

sound of aproaching Serbs.

Hundreds of others are still

out there, waiting to return,

God".that he survived, Mr.

It was "with the help of

"I believed that in every

moment, he wanted to get

me here," he said. He said

he feels proud to have

saved his son, a soldier who

was resting in the care of

After four days in the

woods, Mr. Hasanovic

hooked up with a group of

about 50 refugees. A man

the government army.

he said.

Hasanovic said.

While science courses have traditionally been the most sought after for their potential to spawn engineers and doctors, commerce, accountancy and economics have recently gained popularity as stepping stones to business school.

"There's so much more income disparity now than there was 40 years ago, and you need much more money to live comfortably," Ms. Sivasubramanian said. "If you don't have the qualifications that you need to buy life's better things, you haven't made it.

"There is, unfortunately, no reward for being average. Which is very sad, because average, by definition, means normal — it has to include 70 per cent of the population," she said.

"It's the catching-up syndrome which India's urban middle class is strongly prone to, they're always copying the child next door," Mr. Mathews said. "And those who can't catch up get no support from their families or peers. They are persecuted."

Ms. Sivasubramanian said the pressure which Indian families put their children under was similar to Japan's, because both societies had rigid patriarchal structures.

"It's very difficult to tell your father you want to be a sculptor when he tells you to be a merchant banker," she said.

Eritreans insist they are not Arabs

By Francesca Ciriaci Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — The "flag" of Al Ra'i and the Jordan Times, the blue map of the Arab World lying in the background of the two paper's names, is something Jordanians and non-Jordanians got accustomed - and almost attached -

It has punctually and faithfully accompanied the block typed words "Al-Ra'i" and "Jordan Times" since the two newspapers were started, (Al Ra'i 25 years ago and the Jordan Times 19 years ago), and now becomes the subject of a debate.

"Why does the map of the Arab World on Al Ra'i and the Jordan Times include Eritrea, which is neither an Arab country nor a member of the Arab League?," Reesom Haile'. secretary general of the Eritrean community in Amman, asks.

The question is not idle at all: Eritrea shouldn't have been included had the designer intended to draw the map of the members of the Arab League or to represent the geographical extension of the Arab World. says Dr. Haile', representative of the 150-170 Eritreans living in Amman. In fact. Eritrea doesn't appear in the list of the 22 member

states of the Arab League and it is not, under any point of view, (linguistic. ethnic or cultural), an Arab

"Far from being offended by the fact of being considered Arabs. we very simply want our right to define ourselves. Our country was shattered by the liberation war, its economy suffered massive damages and its people died of famine. Eritreans fought heroically for their independence." Dr. Haile'

Ethiopian Emperor Haile Selassie annexed Eritrea in 1962, but before the country was transformed in to an Ethiopian province, at the end of 1961, the Eritrean Liberation Front (ELF), had prolcaimed an armed struggle

After a three-decade liberation war against Ethiopia, a referendum unanimously sanctioned the Eritrean people's independer.ce. and in 1993 Eritrea finally became a sovereign state and a member of the United Nations.

for independence.

"If Eritrea was a member of the Arab League, still that wouldn't mean the Eritreans are Arabs, but at least it could explain why Eritrea was included in the map of Al Ra'i and the Jordan Times," Dr. Haile' says. "Non-Arab states. like Somali and Djibouti"

he says, are members of the Arab League.

Applying or not for membership in the Arab League is an issue now being debated between the ELF, which refused to join the other political groups in the new Eritrean government and is at the opposition since 1993, and the Eritrean People Liberation Front (EPLF), currently in

"Without any doubt, it would be a great benefit for Eritrea to become a member of the Arab League," Idris Abdullah Ahmad. director of the ELF office in Amman says. According to Mr. Ahmad. Eritrea. which was supported by Arab countries in her struggle for independence. could gain economically and strengthen its international role by joining the Arab League.

About Eritrean relations with the Arab World, Mr. Ahmad says: "Our roots are linked with the Arab people: geographical and economical factors made so that we developed many religious and social similiarities."

Eritrea lies on the southwestern coast of the Red Sea and is bounded on the south-east by Djibouti, on the south and west by Ethiopia, and on the northand north-west by Sudan. Approximately half of the Eritrean population consists of Tigrinya-speaking Christians, and hte other half of Muslims, belonging to several different ethnic and linguistic groups. The most widely spokens languages are Arabic and Tig-

"I'd say it is inaccurate to

include Éritrea in a map of the Arab World or among Arab League countries. Certainly, Eritreans are close to Arab culture and familiary with it, but we couldn't be defined as Arabs. Nor has Eritrea ever applied, until now, for membership in the Arab League," Mr. Ahmad Mahmoud, of the consular office of the Eritrean embassy in Cairo, says.

"In one year the new Eritrean constitution will be ready and general elections will be held. Only after that we will be ready to decide whether to submit our application to the Arab League or not," Mr. Mahmoud says.

But what do Eritreans in Jordan think about being considered Arabs and their country being included in a map whether representing the Arab World or the states of the Arab League? "We never realised we

are being considered Arabs. To us the same treatment as to all the other non-Arab workers applies: JD 300 for a one-year working permit," many of them say.

The Eritrean community in Amman, that counts between 150 and 170 people, is very conscious of its identity and proud of its country's newly achieved independence. Most of them are refugees, holding regular travel permits issued by the U.N. and and had fought in the liberation

In most cases, Eritreans arrived here in transit on their way back home or to other countries, but couldn't afford to continue their travel and try to survive with dignity at the edge of this society. The ones among them who got their new Eritrean passport show it proudly. "Our ultimate task is thelp them to go back home," members of the Eritrean community's board explain.

"If Eritreans feel they belong to the Arab culture, then they are Arabs," Ali Mahafzah, ex-president of Yarmouk and Mutah University and professor of history at the University of Jordan, says. "Arabs beleve they are Arabs not because they belong to a same ethnic group, but because they share the same culture, whose five main components are: language. history, Islamic religion, heritage and belief in a common destiny. Arabism is the popular will of a people," Dr. Mahafzah

Western troops deploy around Sarajevo

(Continued from page 1)

news agency, criticised the em powers in Bosnia.

chief to meet

Defence ministers and

military commanders from

lack of action by the West-"We feel a big disappointment because of the major powers' inability to take rapid retaliatory measures to pur an end to the injustice against a small country and a people wanting to live in peace." he

Islamic military

eight Islamic countries will attend forthcoming Organisation of Islamic Conference talks on ways to help Bosnia, Iran's foreign minister said Monday. The official Islamic Re-

public news agency, monitored in Nicosia, quoted Ali Akbar Velayati as saying in an intervely with the Tehran daily Iran that under the U.N. charter the Bosnian government has the right to conclude "defensive contracts" with other countries.

The IRNA report did not elaborate. But it noted that Mr. Velayati stressed that an emergency meeting in Geneva last week of the OIC's eight-member contact group on Bosnia declared that the U.N. arms embargo on the former Yugoslavia was illegal and invalid.

Malaysian arms? Kuala Lumpur said it will

consult all members of the OIC on Malaysia's willingness to sell weapons to Bosnia, the national Bernama news agency reported on Monday.

> Malaysia's permanent representative to the United Nations Razali Ismail said on Monday that Malaysia could not act alone and needed the cooperation and support of all OIC member countries. Bernama reported. Over the weekend,

Malaysian Prime Minister Mahathir Mohammad said Malaysia was willing to sell weapons to Bosnia following the declaration by the OIC that the United Nations arms embargo on the Balkan state was invalid.

The Sunday Times newspaper quoted Mr. Mahathir as saying on Saturday that Malaysia would also supply more weapons to its force of more than 1,500 peacekeepers in Bosnia. Meanwhile Russian

Foreign Minister Andrei Kozyrev arrived in Belgrade Monday for talks with Serbian President Slobodan Milosevic to try to avert an escalation of Western military involvement in Bosnia.

says.

He was expected to brief Mr. Milosevic on Friday's London crisis conference.

_In a_brief arrival-state- ment at Belgrade airport, Mr. Kozyrev said he had no plans to meet with Bosnian Serb leaders during his visit, which a Russian source said was to end on Tuesday.

Mr. Kozyrev stressed that warring parties in Bosnia needed to agree to a ceasefire quickly, saying the Serbs "should not seize Gorazde" and that government forces "should also stop attacks on the Serbs."

He also urged a swift conclusion to talks between the five-nation "contact group" and the rump Yugoslavia on lifting sanctions against Belgrade if it recognises Bosnia and

Croatia.

Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin to express soli-

spokesman said. PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat telephoned Mr. Rabin

l bil Abu Rdaineh said. "I condemn completely this terrorist activity. This is an attempt to sabotage the (peace) talks and the peace process," Mr. Arafat told re-

ters of the Palestinian selfrule authority. The British Foreign office said in a statement: "It (the

attack) is a clear attempt to undermine the peace process at a sensitive moment and the attempt must not succeed." France condemned the bombing, saying such crimes would not stand in the way of Arab-Israeli peace.

"France condemns the heinous attack launched this morning in Ramat Gan near Tel Aviv." a French foreign ministry spokesman told a

"The authors of this mur-

derous crime must know their acts are without hope and won't stop the peace process," he added.

Italian Foreign Minister Susanna Agnelli condemned the bombing as "a vile and barbaric act," and urged Israel not to let it derail peace talks.

"It appears clear that the true objective was again that of striking the prospect of peace and the negotiating process with the instruments of terrorism," Mr. Abnelli said in a message to Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon

One year on Washington Declaration (Continued from page 1)

Agreements which have been initialled but are awaiting final approval are on the economy (on trade, labour, investment and banking), the environment, communication, health, transportation, energy. joint Agaba-Eilat projects

Businessmen from both countries, who have established contacts with each other during meetings over the past few months, cannot seal deals they have discussed before a trade pact is signed.

Mr. Kabariti said that he expected a repeal of decades-old laws that prohibit all dealings with Israel to be passed by Parliament this week. Draft legislation that calls for the repeal of the three laws — a 1953 law that bans trade with Israel. a 1958 law for boycotting Israel and a 1973 law that bans land sales to Israelis riter is Colonial and Financial and Financial - has been under considthe Lower House of Parliament since the end of last month and will be discus-

sed by Parliament Wednes-

Foundations laid

The Israeli ambassador to Jordan, Professor Shimon Shamir, said the first year after signing the peace treaty would go down in the history of Jordanian-Israeli relations as the year in which the two countries laid the foundations for large scale cooperation and

interaction in the future. "We opened embassies, we created mechanisms, joint committees, we opened the borders, we started movement of people across the border, and we managed to conclude about a dozen agreements that will open relations in such areas as agriculture. environment, energy and trade," Mr. Shamir told the

Jordan Times. He declared himself hopeful that by the end of the first year (of relations). the boycott would have been cancelled and trade agreement would have been ratified, so that serious economic cooperation on a large scale could

be initiated. Mr. Shamir predicted that in the coming year "we shall see very active, very

intensive efforts on both sides to work together for the development of our re-

Mr. Shamir identified ideological opposition and psychological resistance to peace as two factors hampering the process of normalisation.

"We are facing the problem of ideological opposition to peace, and psychological resistance, from people who feel that this is so dramatic a change that they cannot digest it," he

In addition, the ambassador sees Jordanian-Israeli relations being influenced by progress or the lack of it in other peace tracks, so that difficulties in the negotiations with the Palestinians or the Syrians are reflected in the mood of the public in Jordan.

saying that geography and demography demand that the Jordanian-Israeli relationship be very active. "We have so much interdependence along our borders, and between our societies, that cooperation, I think, will become inevitable," he said.

Mr. Shamir concluded by

Suicide bomber (Continued from page 1)

Police spokesman Eric Bar-Chen said six bodies had been found, which he said "may or may not include the attacker." Police were working on the assumption that it was a suicide bomb attack, he

witnesses, Israel television

said the bombing suspect was a bearded man between 25 and 30 years old wearing dark trousers and a striped shirt. Police said they had identified five of the six bodies by Monday night. They released the names of four of the victims — three women in their 60s and a 75-year-old man, all from the Tel Aviv

At the Ichilov hospital in

Tel Aviv where most of the survivors were taken, frantic relatives searched lists of the wounded and crowded around a television set broadcasting live reports from the scene. Improvised emergency rooms were set up to treat the burned and bloodied victims. Assaf Hafetz, chief of national police, said the ex-

plosion appeared to be

caused by a suicide bomber

standing in the middle of the

Mr. Kabın said the attacker was apparently carrying a pipe stuffed with explo-The possibility that more

than one person was involved in the attack was raised by some witnesses, including a medic who arrived at the Based on interviews with scene just after the explosion. He said a man got off the bus speaking on a cellular telephone and said in Arabic, "we slaughtered people." then left the scene. The explosion occurred a

day before Israel and the PLO were scheduled to complete negotiations on expanding Palestinian autonomy in the West Bank — a process that has been delayed for a Moshe Katzav, a leader of

the opposition Likud Party,

said the government should

reevaluate its policy of negotiating with the Palestinians. "This process is not one of peace," he said. Economy Minister Yossi Beilin, who has been involved in the negotiating process, said the talks should continue despite the attack

and calls by right-wing activists to freeze the process. "We will never surrender to them," Mr. Beilin said.

(Continued from page 1)

darity with victims of the bombing," Mr. Rabin's

to extend his condolences to the families of the victims. Mr. Arafat's spokesman Na-

porters in Gaza, headquar-

news briefing.

society declaration angle eli government. M cannot den ista se, the Palesnals n.

their name. the internations mity to see to the

ne gave in the land on the gave in the gave in the gave in the land on the gave in the gav

Khouri

13th century France and litical transconcepts of

states largely ds of modern OWN CHITUTES neogribalist gnal from the people would change, and Organisation nous cultural

to see them. lists probably Most political ed only a few including Mr candidates in ty candidates

it democracy cal culture that iblic attributes ary to the real dibility? tify this nea along into the s those many e scale that its net. Given our nany economic ow to meet the

an water, jobs. le food, among ocal tribal scale. nai scale when tively manageong. They have nationally and in a relatively situation, couneeds situation. irm for now but

also its greatest

so far failed: 10

peace and

the altar and other

, objects in the

Apostolic Nunco. siting the church ring the details of ent declared: "In ociety is extremit is not accept the vs. He added raelis cannot at erch to condemn nitism while the nothing to size intiments against nity." The Vancer sative. Monsignor

Lanza de Moo-

lo, the first Number

Catholic church o

leclared to an lu-

spaper. IL comen

era: The problem Middle East is against the erwise."

education in the cherished in Israel they are hard n and refuse! agains erson who is notiese teclings agains ans are spiediff and more in the

do not want office to go through whe e gone through and nce sufferings d. We the pales? always extended in o our jeuish coust onciliation. to hi r in harmony w

Os. The above if adapted flow, he gave in lunc?

Gulf mutual funds gain popularity

DUBAI (R) - Locallymanaged mutual funds investing in regional equities are gradually gaining popularity in the Gulf, which has long been a big investor in international stocks and bonds, bankers and financial analysts said on Monday.

"There has been a recent change in that some banks have set up funds for investment in the region itself," a manager at a Bahrain-based Investment House said.

"This is because in the last five years the stock markets have begun to develop and their liquidity improve." he added.

Analysts say the number of local mutual funds and their popularity is set to further expand as Gulf markets are made more accessible to foreigners and privatisation plans proceed.

Of the six Gulf Cooperation Council states. Kuwait. Bahrain and Oman have official exhanges, Saudi Arabia has an official computerbased market but no trading floor and the United Arab Emirates (UAE) and Qatar have plans to set up official markets soon. There are also plans eventually to link The

six markets.

- Mutual funds are relatively new to the region and there are no reliable estimates of the size of the market so far. Launched in the 1980s. they initially offered only offshore managed foreign (BIB), is permitted.

funds marketed under a local bank's name. This still accounts for much of their business in a region which has long exported much of its capital through fear of instability and perceived lack of opportunity at home. But now, many of the major Saudi banks, including

Saudi American and Saudi British, have funds which invest purely in Saudi stocks. In Oman a number of funds investing only in Omani equities have appeared like the \$52 million Oryx fund. Many are listed on the Muscat market and more are planned for late-1995. They differ from Saudi funds as

per cent. Foreigners are also permitted to participate in Kuwait's two listed funds, the \$82 million First Investment Fund and the Real Estate Fund, launched last year. In Bahrain local funds

foreigners can own up to 49

have also recently popped up. Unlimited foreign participation in the \$8 million Dilmun Index Fund, which invests solely in Bahraini equities and is managed by Bahrain International Bank

"The authorities want to encourage foreign ownership in a controlled manner." BIB assistant director of corporate finance Gavin Mailer-Howat said, adding: "There have been great restrictions in the past and share of ownership has tended to be the

preserve of very few." But bankers say privatisation of huge state firms and the expanding role of the private sector in the region is likely to further boost local markets and mutual fund business.

"Privatisation will be a big boost to the region's markets. An element of foreign participation would also be good for the markets." Mr. Mailer-Howat said. "Privatisation will mean

funds have more choice, and risk can be further diversified," an Omani banker said. "Unless there is a distribution of wealth, which is currently in the hands of very

few, it will continue to be very difficult for the man on the street to invest in local markets," a Bahrain analyst said. "Mutual funds will provide a solution."

But bankers say to improve its attractiveness, the mutual fund business globally will have to shrug off its recent poor performance and in the region, will have to continue to contend with low liquidity in Saudi Arabia and Kuwait.

"The mutual fund market has been a bit dull recently because economies have been a little depressed and liquidity restrained. But we still hope to see a return in confidence," Saudi British Bank Deputy Managing Director Sandy Flockhart

A Dubai-based Merrill Lynch Manager attributed recently slow fund business in the region to the poor performance of world equity and bond markets last year.

But Mr. Flockhart said conditions were likely to improve soon: "I think the main interest will be in local countries (funds and) not so much in broader based multicountry funds."

Lebanon parliament debates economic policy

BEIRUT (R) — Lebanon's and tax increases and for parliament on Monday began a three-day debate on the government's economic policy. including controversial price and tax rises that caused a confrontation between authorities and street protesters.

Parliamentary sources said they expected several MPs to criticise the government of billionaire Prime Minister Rafik Al Hariri over the price quelling demonstrations protesting these measures.

Demonstrations in several cities during a general strike on Wednesday calling by unions to demand cancellation of the increases were foiled by the Lebanese army and police, who used force at times. At least 200 demonstrators were arrested.

Six people, including four policemen, were injured in the largest demonstration, in the southern Lebanese city of

The parliament's debate was taking place as the trial of some 70 protesters, including four Palestinians, opened in Beirut and Sidon. The defendants are charged with breaking the official ban on demonstrations and inciting disturbances during last week's protests.

The General Labour Confederation which threatened to turn the heat on the government through open-ended strikes until the increases were cancelled, urged the ·MPs in a statement published on Monday to force the government to retract them.

Egypt-Italian firm to spend \$144m on gas fields

CAIRO (R) — Egyptian-Italian firm Petrobel (Belayim Petroleum) will invest \$144 million to develop three recently discovered natural gas fields in the western desert and the Mediterranean. an oil ministry spokesman raid on Monday.

The fields will begin producing next year a total of 4.3 million cubic metres of gas and 6,740 barrels of condensates per day, the ministry said.

Petrobel is a joint venture between the Egyptian government firm Egyptian General Petroleum Corporation and Italy's Agip Spa.

ACROSS

10 Davenport

15 Exponent

1 At a distance

14 Genie's home

16 Like — of bricks

step, often

20 Brick carrier

24 G — George

social end

32 Under water

33 Sixties' rock

34 Woody's kid

35 Presidential race

step, always

40 Ryan or Dunne

musical

38 Annoys

41 Boozer's

42 Dynamic

44 Begged

49 One: Ger.

affliction

preceder

45 Paperlike cloth

46 More unsightly

50 Mineral spring

item, once

56 Repail roads

58 in good shape

57 Modules

59 Standout

DOWN

1 Coleridge's

2 Card game

sacred river

3 Surrounded by

4 Speed letters

companion

5 Carousals

6 Faithful

7 Basin's

8 Conger .

60 Minimal

61 Frank

53 Presidential race

43 Frying pan

39 Detest

21 Anjou

22 Bristle

25 Refutes

28 Country or

· 29 Smidgen

23 Ceit

17 Presidential race

5 Wintry forecast

Egypt recently increased its gas reserve estimates to 631 billion cubic metres from

595 billion cubic metres. The government is rapidly switching to using natural gas' instead of oil to generate electricity in Egypt, freeing larger volumes of crude oil to earn precious foreign curren-

The three fields to be developed are Waqar and East Delta fields in the western desert and Mediterraneanbased port Fouad.

The ministry spokesman did not give an exact timeframe for investing the

THE Daily Crossword by Matthew Higgins

25 26 27

46 47 48

© 1995 Tribune Media Services, Inc.

All rights reserved.

possession

10 Gown material

13 "-- and the King

11 Elevator man

of Siam"

18 Indifference

19 Student's aid

23 Sudden wind

25 Type of transit

26 Gladstone name

27 Sailing vessels

28 Poem division

33 Supply for the

36 In good spirits

43 Most sensible

34 Heart chambers

29 Desiccated

30 By oneself

31 Blunder

future

37 Pinched

42 Sheltered

rushes

24 Extant

9 Precious

12 lamb

'Dubai under U.S. pressure not to buy gas from Iran'

NICOSIA (AFP) — The United States is putting pressure on Dubai to refuse to buy any gas produced at two Iranian offshore oil fields to be developed by France's total, the specialist weekly MEES said Monday.

"MEES understands that the U.S. has now made diplomatic representations to the ruler of Dubai in an effort to persuade the Dubai government not to enter into any arrangement to purchase Iranian gas made available as a result of the Sirri oilfields development venture," the weekly said.

It added that Dubai's re- vestments in Iran.

10 11 12 13

29 30 31

50 51 52

Puzzie solved:

UMPS CLOD DEPP ANOLE ROVE AXEL

STRAWEEVENFATA

HOTTENDERORFLAT

A L A ROUE SITKA

COURTORSCOTLAND

TYLER BETS TAD

SOUAREORCOUNTRY

AUNT. AMUR SKATE

MINE

SPASSTEW DEES

SUDSYTATAR

49 Director Kazan

51 North or South

54 Feminine suffix

55 Greek letter

50 TV staple

52 So be it

CHEST BREAD

TESTER SEMI

RIDE

44 Cheapskate

grounds abbr.?

46 Stamping

47 Fed. agt.

48 Adore

45 Lists

TRIOTTLE

43

sponse was not known. But the sale of gas from the Sirri A and E fields in Dubai, in the United Arab Emirates. was "an important element in the project," the Middle East Economic Survey (MEES)

Total took over the contract to develop the fields after the U.S. firm abruptly pulled out when Washington slapped an embargo on Tehran in June.

After the new deal was signed with the National Iranian Oil Company (NIOC), Washington appealed to Paris not to back French in-

But in a reply published by MEES. the French foreign ministry said "total is a private company. Its activities in Iran are legitimate. The French state has therefore no legal means to forbid these

activities." It said the French state "did not intervene" in relations between oil companies and states.

Dubai is due to agree to buy part of the 14.1 million cubic metres of gas a day which will be produced under the accord to develop the two fields in the Gulf close to the maritime borders with the emirate.

Total is to invest \$600 million in setting up production at the two fields which have an expected capacity of 120,000 barrels per day (bpd).

Gannett to acquire Multimedia Inc.

ARLINGTON, Virginia (AFP) — Gannett Co. Inc., the nation's largest newspaper publisher; is to buy Multimedia Inc. for \$1.7 billion. both companies announced here Monday.

The boards of directors of both companies approved the merger on Sunday, pending Multimedia shareholder and regulatory approvals, the announcement said.

Gannett will pay Multimedia shareholders \$45.25 for each of Multimedia's 37,865,078 shares outstanding. In addition, Gannett will assume Multimedia's existing

Gannett is a nationwide news and information company that publishes 82 daily newspapers, including USA Today. Gannett also operates 10 television stations. 11 radio stations and the largest outdoor advertising company

in North America. Multimedia is a diversified media company, with headquarters in Greenville, South Carolina. It publishes 11 daily and 49 non-daily newspapers, operates five networkaffiliated television stations and two radio stations. Its cable television franchises serve more than 450,000 sub-

scribers in five states.

Reforms expose Algerian state banks to market

ALGIERS (R) — Algeria is exposing its banks, spoilt by three decades of stateownership and easy money from the oil industry, to competition from the private sec-

Central Bank reforms have forced banks to change the was they raise money and lend to industry in order to end subsidised loans that were a mainstay of the centrally planned economy.

"The monetary and financial reforms constitute the framework for a radical change in the financing of Algeria's economy,' central bank Governor Abdelwahab Keramane told Reuters recently.

The banking reforms in a country where 40,000 have died in civil strife are part of a wider effort to reform an economy where a quarter of the workforce is unemployed and which is 60 per cent dominated by the state sec-

The number of commercial banks, set at five last year, are about to double with the creation this year of four new banks.

A tenth bank is expected to be authorised soon and public mutual funds may soon be allowed to start banking activities for the first time.

The banks recently authorised for business are mostly privately-owned banks which are joint ventures between Algerian and foreign part-

They include Union Bank, founded by Algerian

Ship lines lift U.S.-Gulf rates

DUBAI (R) — A group of \$150 for a standard 20 foot the Middle East Gulf will introduce a new rate system and increase container rates on the route in August, Gulf shipping agents said on Mon-

They said the group of some 14 lines, known as "89 hundred," had decided on the new simplified system which would classify cargo into about 250 categories. A general rate increase of

shipping lines operating be- container (TEU) would also tween the United States and come into effect on August 1. Shipping agents in the region said the current rate for a TEU from the U.S. ranged

> between \$2,100 and \$2,700. The move follows an announcement earlier this month by the 15-member Line Europe Middle East rate agreement, pushing up the freight rate from Europe to United Arab Emirates (UAE) ports by between \$30 and \$150 per container effective end-September.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR TUESDAY, JULY 25, 1995

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Consult with prominent persons today and gain their goodwill and fine ideas for gaining your fondest

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Be willing to listen to what bigwigs have to suggest and find new and better ways of operating so that you can be more successful. GEMUNI: (May 21 to June 21) Confer with an expert in some field

which interests you and you get fine ideas for gaining your ambitions. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Look, to dynamic partners today for advice about personal matters which have been bothering

you and then you know how best to gain right results. LEO: (July 22 to August 21) You can advance in worldly matters by getting into civic and credit affairs and handling them expeditiously. VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) You are inspired to gain your finest ambitions today, so don't dilly-dally, go right after them. Get

the results you anticipate. LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) This is a good day to get home affairs improved considerably and make life happier later today. Do some entertaining.

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Make it a point today to be with a dynamic associate and lay out that plan you have which can benefit you both. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) You have fine

ideas and can add to your monetary abundance thereby, though it may mean added tasks. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) You have the judgment today and you can handle all things well and also be more creative in

vour activities. AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Make arrangements at home which can benefit all concerned. Then entertain your closest friends or family there later tonight.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Go to a prominent person today and discuss a new interest with him or her which is worthwhile and

Birthstone of July: Ruby — Tiger's Eye

businessman Hadjres Brahimi with European partners El Baraka Bank, jointly created by the Saudi group El Baraka and Algeria's state-controlled Banque de L'Agriculture et du Development Rural

(BADR) Societe Algero-Europeenne de Participation (Finalep), a joint venture between Algeria, France's Caisse Française de Development (CFD) and Banque Europeenne d'Investisse-

> Mr. Keramane hopes foreign banks, scared away by Muslim militants killing foreigners, would open subsidiaries and branches in Algeria to promote "more competition" in his country's banking sector.

Algerian bankers said they have pursued a restructuring programme since last year to enable them to survive their more competitive market. In the past, the state's banking system did not follow internationally recognised

standards of prudent lending. Its main role was to grant unlimited credits to the country's state-owned firms which were largely broke. In return, banks were automatically refinanced by the central bank. But since may banks have had to raise funds on the financial market. This followed a bail out by the government to restore their balance sheets under which the treasury bought 275 billion dinars (\$5.5 billion) of debt owed for the period before 1991 by state-owned firms.

New rules established by the central bank also prevent any bank from lending more than 25 per cent of funds -- a ratio which is still well below international accepted stanof ecc

inv

com

bure

he :

to Director

Departme

Abdullah u

fer the nee

the investor

called for

reaucratic 1

city's custol

such measu

work. The

who met

Director Mo

said sol

clearance I

more than

complete.

especially (

testing of

imported p

ferred to

Customs Ce

said, promp

samples of !

be iested at

ratory (Al R

** A Saudi

tion visited

Industries C

tomato pas

Mafraq. The

cussed scop

tion betwee

Rajihi comp

duces glass

Jordanian co

also discuss

of marketing

duce and pr

Saudi Arabi

** The

Businessme

will Sunday

with a deleg

ing the Ame

Socie

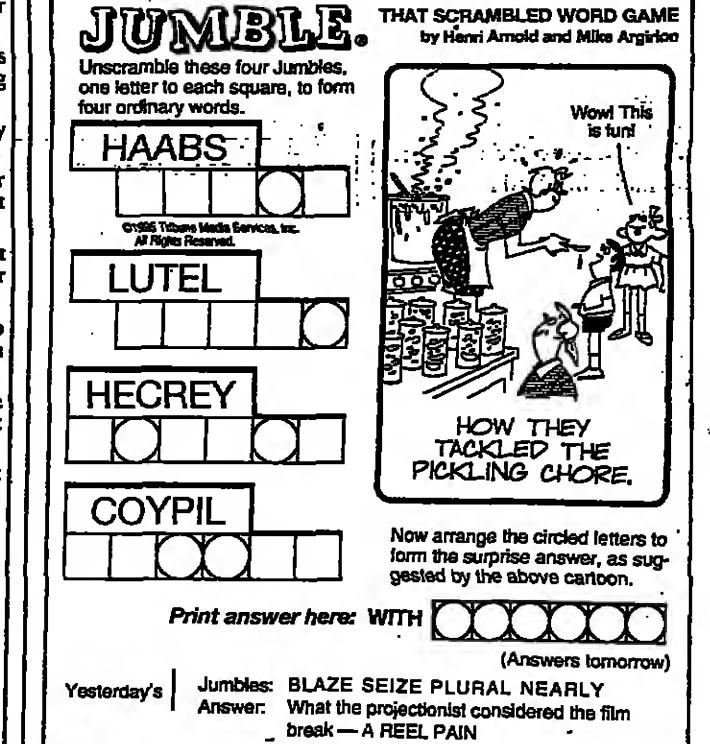
Banks were also told to raise their capital. This process of strengthening their balance sheets is expected to be completed by the year end, central bank officials said.

But bankers say obeying the new rules has brought some restrictions for borrowers who could previously always rely on getting a loan from a bank.

"With the new rules, the old system is over, there is no room for laxity in allowing credits." the chairman of a leading Algerian bank told Reuters.



"Between the game and the movie i'll have four free minutes to spend with you—but it will be quality time."



Peanuts



Andy Capp



Mutt'n'Jeff



Private Corporation Marriolt Ho 100 Jordania are expected meeting (A) ** The D Statistics star a census of i lishments in Departmen General

Alaween, sa will include facilities (Jordan in Alaween sai will offer a c industrial est Jordan and them according activity, loca ployees. He s gathered will annually. T expected to be

▲ mid - October Preside Jordanian Association said occupa Jordanian ho proved signi year, but not rooms are not •at the prese would believ said Jordani; presently take 3,000 tourists

est this year which was th tourism seas these rates du eraged 90-95 Jordan has a i hotel rooms a several new

will add 1,000 finis total number said. (Al Ra'i).

pected to ope end of the yes new hotels wi rooms. Other will be finis

usiness | aily A review

DAY, JULY E.

arket

ed by the central it since may bank; to raise funds of cial market. The cial market with the cial market which is still well; mational accepted.

national accepted.

their capital. This of strengthening accessive by the completed by the central bank of

new rules has be

* restrictions for her

who could previous

rely on gening :

With the new nuke

vstem is over there,

a for laxity in alle.

its," the chaiming

ing Algerian bail

By Glasberg

and the movie

utes to spend

e quality time.

SCRAMBLED WORDON

y mean Amodera Vius-

70KLED 75 70KLED 75 70KLNG 1768

eaty the content to the care.

bffirt veter.

agmist considered "Enf

100 607

ELLING SEFF NARE SOVER UNTRY

1, 3, 18 3

. . .

a bank

of economic news from the Arabic press

Sahab investors complain of bureaucracy

he Sahab Industrial City Investors' A Society sent a memo to Director of the Customs Department Nathmi Abdullah urging him to offer the needed facilities to the investors. The investors called for eliminating bureaucratic measures at the city's customs centre saying such measures impede their work. The industrialists, who met with centre Director Mohammad Kheir, some customs clearance procedures take more than 15 days to complete, and others, especially those involving testing of samples of imported products, are referred to the Amman Customs Centre. This, they said, prompts them to send samples of their products to be tested at the Aqaba laboratory (Al Ra'i).

** A Saudi business delegation visited the Shafa Food Industries Company and the tomato paste factory in Mafraq. The delegation discussed scopes of cooperation between the Saudi Al Rajihi company which produces glass bottles and the Jordanian companies. They also discussed the prospect of marketing Jordanian produce and processed food in Saudi Arabia (Al Ra'i).

The Jordanian Businessmen Association will Sunday host a meeting with a delegation representing the American Overseas Private Investors Corporation (OPIC) at the Marriott Hotel. More than 100 Jordanian businessmen are expected to attend the meeting (Al Ra'i).

** The Department of Statistics started conducting a census of industrial establishments in the Kingdom. Department Director General Abdul Hadi Alaween, said the census will include all industrial facilities operating in Jordan in 1995. Mr. Alaween said the census will offer a complete list of industrial establishments in Jordan and will classify them according to economic activity, location and employees. He said the figures gathered will be updated annually. The census is expected to be completed in mid - October (Al Ra'i).

** President of the Hotels Jordanian Association Fakhri Twal said occupancy rates in Jordanian hotels have im-THUMP proved significantly this year, but noted that hotel rooms are not fully reserved at the present, as some would believe. Mr. Twal said Jordanian hotels can presently take in more than 3,000 tourists. He said the occupancy rates were highest this year in April, which was the peak of the tourism season. He said these rates during April averaged 90-95 per cent. Mr. Twal pointed out that Jordan has a total of 7,735 hotel rooms and noted that several new hotels are expected to open before the end of the year. He said he new hotels will have 1,680 rooms. Other hotels which will be finished in 1997 will add 1,000 rooms to the total number, Mr. Twal

said. (Al Ra'i).

Mobil drops objection to Enron Qatar deal

NICOSIA (R) - Mobil Corp has removed obstacles that could have prevented another U.S. company, Enron Corp Ene. N. from undertaking a liquefied natural gas (LNG) project in Qatar, the Middle East Economic Survey (MEES) said on Monday.

MEES said Mobil has agreed to waive an exclusivity clause which would have given it the right to preclude Enron from marketing LNG exports from a planned \$4 billion plant to be developed by Enron and the state Qatar General Petroleum Corporation (QGPC).

Mobil, also in partnership with QGPC, is already involved in a separate project. the Ras Laffan LNG Co. Ltd (Rasgas), to produce 10 mil-

lion tonnes a year of LNG. Under the terms of Ras Laffan joint venture Mobil had secured the right to block new LNG contracts from Qatar until its own exports reached 10 million tonnes a year, MEES said.

"The waiver by Mobil means that QGPC and Enron, who signed a letter of intent last January for the export of five million tonnes a year of LNG to India and the Mediterranean, can now

start talks to finalise the agreement," MEES said.

Cyprus-based MEES said Mobil had insisted, in return for the waiver, that Enron should not encroach on markets that are already targeted by Mobil in India and the Mediterranean.

Under the reported understanding Enron would only be allowed to export five million tonnes a year of LNG through the project's 25 year span, with no allowance for further capacity increases. "Exports to India would be

limited to power and gasification projects in which Enron has ownership or participa-

tion. Exports to the Mediterranean are restricted to Israel and Jordan, with the specific exclusion of Turkey," MEES reported.

Mobil's decision was taken following talks in the Qatari capital Doha earlier this month between Mobil chief Lucio Noto and senior Qatari officials including the new emir, Sheikh Hamad Bin Khalifa Al Thani and Oil Minister Abdullah Bin Hamad Al Attiyah, MEES

Qatar has the third largest reserves of gas in the world and is developing three LNG projects.

Lebanon urged to scrap price hikes

BEIRUT (R) — Lebanese members of parliament criticised Prime Minister Rafiq Al Hariri's government on Monday for ordering recent price and tax rises and quelling demonstrations which broke out in protest against

the measures. Opening a three-day debate on the government's economic policy. several MPs said Mr. Hariri scrap the measures which led to a crisis between the government and trade unions.

Demonstrations in several cities during a one-day general strike called by unions last Wednesday to demand the cancellation of the increases were foiled by army and police, who at times used force to break up the pro-

Six people, including four policemen, were injured during the scuffles and about 200 demonstrators were arrested. Seventy-one of the protesters stood trial on Monday charged with breaking a ban on demonstrations.

"We are living in very dangerous moments. I demand the government to contain the crisis before it mushrooms, causing an explosion," leftist MP Zaher Al Khatib told the House.

Mr. Khatib and other MPs urged the government to freeze the main price increase and bone of contention between it and the unions — a 38 per cent rise in the price of

"There is a crisis in social and living conditions that the country has been suffering for a while and which can no longer be ignored." MP Issam Nemaan told the 128seat House.

"The crisis would not have reached this level of intensity and complication had it not been for the government's shortcomings in facing it." added Mr. Nemaan.

Saudi Arabia embarks on isolated oil project

DUBAI (R) — Saudi Arain the forbidding desert of the empty quarter shows the Saudi target of maintaining its oil production capacity is not getting any easier, industry sources in Saudi Arabia

State oil company Saudi ARAMCO has committed itself to developing the high quality crude reservoirs at the Shaybah field by the turn of the decade to maintain the country's capacity to produce 10 million barrels per day (bpd) of oil.

The drawback is Shaybah's remoteness, located in the isolated and environmentally hostile Empty Quarter that straddles the borders with the United Arab Emirates and Oman.

"The field is in the middle

U.S. Doller in International Markets

in co-operation with

Cairo Amman Bank

Financial

Markets

Ситенку

Sterling Pound

Deutsche Mark

Swiss Franc

French Franc

Japanese Ten

" (#D Per 57G

Систелсу

U.S. Dollar

Sterling Pound

Deutsche Mark

French Franc

Japanese Yen

Precious Metals

Cold

* 25 Karal

Currency

U.S. Dollar

Sterling Pound

Deutsche Mark

Swiss Franc

French Franc

Japanese Yen*

Dutch Guider

Swedish Krone

Italian Lira*

Beigian Franc

Other Currencies

Bahraini Dinar

Raudi Riyal

Kuwaiti Dinar

Egyptian Pound

Greek Drachma®

Cypriot Pound

One sterling

Qatari Riyal

Omssi Riyal

UAE Dirha

Lebanese Lira*

" Per 100

Currency

European Currency Unit

386.55

Swiss Franc

European Carrony Unit

** European Opening & \$460 p.ts. CATT

Extrocurrency Interest Each)

of nowhere ... there is simply bia's Shaybah oilfield project nothing there," one Western oilman in the kingdom said. Others say that the challenges may be difficult as those experienced in Alaska

and the deep waters of the

North Sea. Vehicle dirt trails to the field are quickly eroded by strong desert windsl while a few scattered communities live under summer temperatures in the upper 40 degrees Celsius and freezing winter months, oil sources in the

kingdom said. Shaybah, south-east of the country's capital Riyadh, is 600 kilometres away from the nearest major oil plant.

"It's a very harsh environment. The Empty Quarter is covered with mountains sand," Mohammad Al Sahlawhi, an economics professor

Takyo . Clase

1.5958**

1.5851

1.1537**

4.8105**

7.3375**

88.07

Page 24/7/1995

5.62 5.68 5.68

6.75

Date: 24/7/1995

USD/Oz JD/Gm

Date: 24/7/1995

Offer

0.6990

1.1168

0.5050

0.6056

0.1453

0.1934

0.4506

0.0437

*48444

Offer

0.043250

1.8450

0.1869

2.3600

0.1915

70.2160

1.8200

0.3280

1.5950

Dete: 24/7/1995

0.120

15.22

Bld

0.6970

1.77721

0.5025

0.6026 -

0.14461

0.7895

0.4484

34446

0.0435

Bid

1.6350

0.042290

0.1855

2.3000

0.1901

0.1900

1.8010

0.2735

<u>-1,5135</u>

7.1375/75

6.1500/50

6.3833/83

\$1.5964/74

One ounce of gold \$386.45/386.95

0.1888 0.1901

Hew York

1.5940

<u>1.1550</u>

4.8215

1 MTH 3 MTES 6 MTHS 12 MTHS

4.31 4.31

0.62 0.56

7.62 2.75

6.62

6.25

0.62

Interbank bid rates for measures exceeding U.S. Deltars 4,000,000 or equivalent.

USD/O2 JD/Gm Metal

Central Rank of Jordan Exchange Rate Bulletin

7.50

Säver

Date 2137/95 Det 24/7/95

at Saudi Arabia's King Fahd University said.

The field has been known to ARAMCO managers since 1968 but they could not go ahead pending a settlement of the largely unmarked border with the UAE, which was only agreed this year.

Other crucial factors that had deterred managers from giving the project the green light were Shaybah's isolation and projected development costs.

ARAMCO finally gave its approval for the \$2.5 billion project in May with the aim of producing 500,000 bpd of light, high premium crude oil by the year 2000.

industry sources say that oil from Shaybah will be needed to compensate for declining output at part of the super-giant Ghawar field, the largest in the world, within five years.

Ghawar since 1951. Shaybah's also fits into ARAMCO's marketing strategy of maximising its sales of "lighter" crudes. which can obtain more money in the market, while honouring its OPEC quota.

ject is the laying of a 300 km.

marl (fine granite) road that

Oil has been pumped from

will link the field to the Saudi coastal cities of Dhahran and Al Khobar and allow drilling rigs to be transported to the field site.

"The road is the key to the whole project. It's going to be a tough job in miserable conditions," an oil industry source in Saudi Arabia told

Reuters. Sources said that work on the road, whch will be done by Saudi firms under three separate contracts, is scheduled to start in the last quarter of this year and is expected to take a year to

only then can drilling equipment and personnel be moved in.

An existing air strip at Shaybah will be extended and cleared to allow planes to bring light supplies such as instrumentation to the field. Saudi ARAMCO has

awarded the U.S. firm Ralph M. Parsons the project management contract for Shavbah and Parsons is expected to invite international companies to bid for work

struction of three gas/oil separation plants and a 600km pipeline.

JORDAN MARKET

Israeli minister limbers up for budget battle

By Julian Ozannel

Israeli ministers have been told they must accept spending cuts or face the prospect of tax increases in an election

In an interview, Avraham Sochat, the finance minister, who is already facing a storm of ministerial protests, said he was determined to reduce further the country's budget deficit.

This was critical to easing Israel's balance of payments deficit — expected to reach \$4-4.8 billion this year and increasing private saving in the economy.

He said cuts in expenditure were critical if the budget deficit reduction law is to be met at a time when the army was demanding significant extra money to fund the costs of troop redeployment and construction of by-pass roads in the occupied West Bank as part of the forthcoming peace accords with Palestinians.

"I prefer to cut expenditure than raise taxes although I know it will be a big probhe said. "It is not only for political reasons but it is much better for the economy

to shrink the volume of our budget."

1992 to this year's 2,75 per

Under the Budget Law's deficit reduction provision. the deficit must gradually drop each year. Mr. Shochat has presided over a reduction from 6.2 per cent of GDP in

Although he refused to specify exact figures. Treasury officials said the minister was looking for cuts of up to 2 per cent — about 2-2.4 billion shekels — to come mostly from bid spending ministries such as education, transport

and defence. Cabinet discussions on the 1996 budget must be completed by the end of next month and officials said Mr. Sochat was making a preemptive strike against the up to 2.5 billion shekels demanded by the army for the costs

of redeployment. Mr. Shochat said the treasury had already allocated 600 million shekels for redeployment this year and new demands by the army would have to be analysed to see whether they could be spread fence budget rather than an additional allocation from the treasury.

"But the peace process will not be stopped or delayed because of budgetary problems," the minister said.

Mr. Sochat's firm fiscal stance follows the International Monetary Fund's recent highly critical report of Israel's macro economic policy. The fund said the wideming of the current account deficit and the marked decline in private sector savings posed long-term threats to sustainable economic growth. It criticised the "lack of ambition," in the 1995 budget and urged the government to control the public spending tightly, with a view to overperforming on the budget deficit target and presenting a 1996 budget geared towards increasing overall public sector

Although the government is easily capable of funding its current account deficit at the moment from U.S. loan guarantees, Israeli bonds and future recourse to the European and American U.S. bond market, Mr. Sochat appeared to agree with the need for measures to be taken now to reduce public consumption and increase private savings — Financial

PLACE

early next year, the source lem with ministers and with over several years or be funded by the existing dethe Knesset (parliament)." This will involve the con-Central of the Shaybal pro-

FURNISHED APARTMENT FOR RENT

Shmeisani, 3 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, ground floor, 280 sq.m.. Other apartments and villas furnished unfurnished / for rent & sale.

DOLLAR

Make Car

Rental Simple

Shmeisani

Tel: 693399



For Rent

Deluxe Furnished

മ്and Unfurnished മ്

ŭVillas apartments ŭ

Eand office Space 5

ঠTo Suit all Budgets ঠ

681113 688816

For Rent - For Rent









Swefich tel: 823891

IEANI! FOR RENT Deluxe Villas & Apartments in Amman n inher details please çai SANABEL REAL ESTATE

Tel. 864230 Fax. 864231



Typical Chinese Foods Skilled Chinasa Chafs Open 11:30 - 3:30 & 6:00 - Michight Take away is available Shet Al-Arab Street
Um Uthaineh Commercial Centre Tel.: 961174 Bace Tested Alweys Loved_



Housing Estate Open from: 12 пооп - 3:30 р.т. 6:30 - 11:30 p.m. # Tel.: 861836







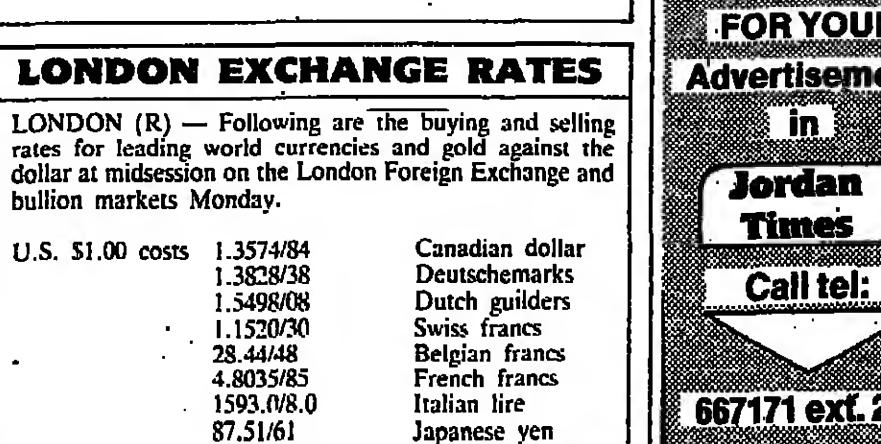
RELIABLE

ABDOUN

819676







Swedish crowns

Norwegian crowns

· **- -** - .

Danish crowns









Unique gold & gems jewelry. DAJANI'S

Uruguay beats Brazil, wins Copa America

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay (AP) — It didn't have the impact of the 1950 World Cup final. Yet it meant much to Uruguay.

Having seen its national side founder in recent years. Sunday's 5-3 penalty shootout victory over Brazil to win the Copa America was a welcome sign.

"Uruguay needed this victory so much," coach Hector Nunez said. "It was a great win when you consider that we beat a team of outstanding players."

Uruguay won the first World Cup in 1930 on home soil. It then upset Brazil 2-1 in the 1950 title game before 200,000 in Rio de Janeiro's famed Maracana Stadium. But in recent years Uruguay's fortunes had slipped. It didn't even qualify for the

1994 World Cup. In recent years the once powerful South American soccer nation has sat back in envy and watched neighbours Argentina and Brazil domin-

Four-time world champion Brazil, which hasn't lost since falling to Bolivia on July 25, 1993 in World Cup qualifying — 25 games ago — was considered favourite to win its fifth South American championship.

However Uruguay matched Argentina's record of 14

Copa America titles and Edmundo chipped the ball maintained its record of having won all the continental tournaments it has staged on home soil.

"We're good losers," said Brazilian coach Mario Zagalo, who added that his team wasted good opportunities to win the game in regulation time. "But all credit to Uruguay who played a tough

Uruguay's triumph came after the 90 minutes had ended in a tense 1-1 draw. Goalkeeper Fernando Alvez dived to his right to save Brazil's third penalty from striker Tulio to set up the victory.

Enzo Francescoli, Roberto Carlos, Pablo Bengoechea, and Zinho all converted their chances to leave the score 2-2 in the shootout. Jose Herrera gave Uruguay the lead and Alvez then stopped Tulio's attempt. Alvaro Gutierrez increased Uruguay's lead and after Dunga scored to make it 4-3, Sergio Martinez clinched

the victory on his attempt. Brazil, which eliminated defending champion Argentina on penalties in the quarterfinals, had the better of the first half in which the skilful trio of Edmundo, Zinho and Dunga contained the physical Uruguayans by slowing the pace of the game.

Brazil opened the scoring in the 30th minute when

over the Uruguayan defence and Tulio chested it into the net from close range.

Uruguay equalised in the 49th minute with a spectacular goal from substitute Pablo Bengoechea, who curled a 20-metre free kick into the top left-hand comer after having been on the pitch for just four minutes.

Zagalo said his young team did not miss star strikers Bebeto and Romario and that he had taken comfort from a string of impressive perform-

"It's a good team which has a really great future," he said, adding that his next goal was to win the 1996 soccer tournament in the Olympic

Lineups

Brazil: Taffarel, Jorginho. Aldair, Andre Cruz, Roberto Carlos, Dunga, Cesar Sampaio, Zinho, Juninho (Beto, 78th minute). Edmundo.

Uruguay: Fernando Alvez. Gustavo Mendez, Jose Herrera, Eber Moas, Tabare Silva (Edgardo Adinolfi, 33rd), Diego Dorta (Pablo Bengoechea, 46th), Alvaro Gutierrez, Gustavo Poyet, Enzo Francescoli, Daniel Fonseca (Sergio Martinez, 46th), Marcelo Otero.

Referee (Arturo Brizio,



Brazilian soccer player Tulio (centre) scores Edmundo (right) July 23 at the Centenario Brazil's first goal after receiving the ball from

stadium of Montevideo, Uruguay (AFP photo)

Uruguay success masks mix-ups

MONTEVIDEO (R) - Uruguay may have been delighted at their Copa America triumph but few other people were happy with a competition which suffered several blows to its credibility.

Argentina cried robbery after they were bundled out of the competition following a hugely controversial refereeing decision. The final on Sunday was

played on a pitch which might have been considered an insult to amateur soccer play-'ers, let alone South America's top ball-playing artists. Empty stadiums provided an often melancholic atmosphere at many games.

The historic Cenetario Stadium, venue for the first World Cup final in 1930, had been intended as the showpiece of the tournament. But the part of the stadium most seen on television pictures beamed around the world the pitch — was not something for organisers to be proud of.

Brazil were clearly hindered by it in the final while even the hosts, who have a more physical style, were un-

'lt's like a swamp that eats up your legs." said Uruguay defender Eber Moas. Argentina were even less

amused with the goal that Brazil striker Tulio scored against them in the 80th minute of ttheir quarter-final to salvage a 2-2 draw for the world champions. Tulio appeared to control

the ball with his hand but referee Alberto Tejada waved play on and Brazil went on to win on penalties. "It was robbery," said Argentina coach Daniel Passarella. Striker Abel Balbo said: "That incident will damage the prestige of the

The United States, who surpassed most people's expectations by finishing fourth, were also upset at the referees.

tournament in Europe."

"They are incredibly arro-

gant." said striker Eric Wynalda. "They say things like 'Go home, Gringo'.

Others complained about a ruling which dispensed with bans for players accumulating two yellow cards. Instead. their teams were fined for each card received. Critics said the policy let offenders off the hook.

Most countries brought full-strength squads to the Copa America, a sharp contrast to 1993 in Ecuador when the tournament appeared to serve merely as a warm-up for the World Cup qualifiers which followed.

This time the only major absentee was Chile's Ivan Zamorano, who said he wanted a rest after a tough' European season with Real: Madrid.

Yet many of the stars who came found themselves playing in empty stadiums.

Local commentators blamed inflated ticket prices — the cheapest seats cost \$30 — for the poor turnout. Not even the host nation could fill the terraces.

Uruguay's semifinal with Colombia was played before just 28,000 fans in the 75,000capacity Centenario Stadium. "Football is about the pub-

lic taking part and having a good time, about producing a huge spectacle." said disappointed Ecuador coach Francisco Maturana during the first round. "The fans are an integral part of the specta-

"But television often determines when a game is played, even if the conditions are adverse for the players." Yet the fans who could not afford to go to watch the

games in person could not see

them on television either. Television companies were banned from beaming games to the area in which they were being played, which prevented the entire population of Montevideo — home to two thirds of the country's people — from seeing Uruguay's matches.



Enzo Francescoli, captain of the Uruguayan national soccer selection lifts the Copa Amer- photo) ica 1995 up in the air after his team beat Brazil

in the final 6-4 in Montevideo Uruguay (AFP

American soccer future depends on pro league Other players such as cen- in my dreams."

MALDONADO. Uruguay (R) — If there is one thing that United States soccer international Eric Wynalda cannot stand it is baseball.

Wynalda was one of the heroes of the United States' remarkable Copa America run, scoring three goals in five games as the Americans progressed to the semifinals before losing to Brazil.

He was delighted with the team's performance and sees a bright future for the sport in the United States. But he does no want to be lumbered with the job of converting masses of American sports fans to soccer.

"There are enough soccer fans in America for us not to feel obliged about convincing baseball and football fans to start going to soccer matches." he said.

"Frankly, if they want to sit in a stadium for three hours and watch baseball, that's up to them. if somebody thinks baseball is better than soccer, then we don't want them.

"I played it at school. You spend three and a half hours in the field waiting for the ball to come to you. When I had a catch. I would slow up and make a diving catch as there was nothing else to do. "I liked hockey more. You

can hit people and get stuck in. It's my ideal. Wynalda is part of a

generation who are seen as more than just national team soccer players. Many people consider

them to be ones who can finally, after decades of previous attempts, help establish soccer as a major sport in the United States. It is a responsibility that

Wynaida is not happy with. "We don't want to feel like we have an obligation to our country to do something for them," he said. "We're doing this for us. If people want to support us we won't let them

tral defender Alexi Lalas, who has already decided to leave Italian first division side Padova at the end of next season to join the Major League Soccer, are more at home in the pioneer role.

"If the league is going to benefit so many people by giving them the chance to be professional soccer players. then I want to be part of it." Lalas said.

"As an American soccer

player, your responsibilities are way beyond what you do for the 90 minutes. A lot of players like to be pioneers and ambassadors, educating people about the game and promoting the sport." Lalas believes that the

league is crucial for soccer to advance in America and make sure that the enormous progress made over the last two years is not simply washed down the drain. Victory over England two

years ago was followed by the U.S. reaching the second round of the World Cup which they staged last year. But the players consider this year's performances in the U.S. Cup and now the

Copa America better still. They defeated Mexico 4-0 during the U.S. Cup, while in the Copa America they beat Argentina 3-0, Chile 2-1 and Mexico, again, this time on penalties before losing 1-0 to

the world champions. Hosting the World Cup was another huge boost, the players say.

Players are now recognised in the street in the United States, something which would have been unheard of two years ago.

"People come up to me at airports and say "Hey, aren't you that soccer guy?" Lalas

"People are so much more educated about soccer than I used to be. When I came out of school, being a professional soccer player was not even

Wynalda commented: "It's strange that in Germany used to be recognised everywhere but when I went back to my home town for vacation, nobody knew who was. Now that's changing.' But there is still no profes-

sional league. "There are hundreds of people out there doing things they don't want to do who could have been professional soccer players." Lalas said.

"We're wasting so much talent becuase we don't have а professional league. Ощ squad has 22 good players but apart from that there's no-

body. "Brazil on the other hand have enough players for three or four national teams."

The league is due to begin in March with 10 sides, all owned by the league which will be responsible for signing players and then distributing them among the clubs.

"If we can have five quality games every weekend and make it affordable for the public. I think it will get exposure." Lalas said. But some players fear

organisers are leaving everything too late. The league. originally due to be up and running before the World Cup, has already been postponed several times.

"From what I can see, the teams have no names, they have no coaches and they have no players." said midfielder Thomas Dooley, who is based with German club Schalke.

"You need promotion and marketing. They should pay for somebody to come from Europe, from a soccer coun-

Lalas believes that many people outside soccer are hoping for the league to fall flat on its face.

to be anti-soccer and to be soccer is a simple game, that pessimistic about the future you don't have to be strong of the game. Most of the or tall. It's what young peo- soccer pitch."



Alexi Lalas

people that are like that feel threatened by it," he said. "But I don't care about them, it's not my fault if "It has become fashionable young players realise that

ple want to do with their

ball you can be a mediocre player and nobody will notice. That doesn't happen in soccer. You can't hide on a

Wynalda added: "In base-

Ashia Hansen.

given vote of confidence

LONDON (AFP) — Sally Gunnell received a vote of confidence from Britain's world championship selectors here on Monday.

Gunnell

Gunnell was granted extra time to prove she is fit enough to represent Britain in the 4×400m relay in Gothenburg after abandoning her comeback in Sheffield on Sunday,

She aggravated a thigh muscle injury warming up for a 400m race and will try again in Germany this weekend. Gunnell, who has not competed for 10 months because

of achilles tendon and heel problems, previously ruled herself out of defending the 400m hurdles title. Selectors' spokesman Tony Ward said: "They decided it

was right to retain her in the relay squad and see what happens. "If she is fit enough she will be a great asset to the

squad — and as women's team captain." Seven athletes have been added to the team largely on the strength of recent per-

formances - and there could be more later this week. The seven are Adrian Patrick (400). David Strang (800). Kevin McKay (1500). Andy Tulloch (110 hurdles), high jumper Brendan Reilly,

shot putter Mark Proctor and

decathlete Simon Shirley. Another four who were asked to prove their fitness will be monitored by head coach Malcolm Arnold to make sure there are no reactions to injuries.

They are Jason John (100). Peter Crampton (400 hurdles), Jacqui Agyepong (100 hurdles) and triple jumper

German, Portuguese federations rebuked

ZURICH, Switzerland (AP) Cup," a FIFA statement 3 - FIFA censured the German and Portuguese soccer federations Monday for annulling matches over referee's decisions and warned the two countries could be banned from the World Cup if they do it again.

FIFA's disciplinary committee ordered the German Soccer Association to declare the June 11 match between Leipzig and Chemnitzer valid. The German had nullified the result of the match and ordered a replay because of an alleged mistake by the

"The German FA has been warned of the disciplinary sanctions they risk if they repeat such action, which could even include being banned from the FIFA World

The Portuguese federation received an identical warning for annulling the April game between Benfica and Sporting Club. FIFA ordered the Portuguese to validate the original result.

"The diciplinary commit=" tee based its judgment on the grounds that the annulment 32. of a match and the repudiation of a referee's factual decision by these two associal in tions was an infringment of FIFA's rules and instructions," the statement said.

"The disciplinary committee also concluded that the same sanctions will be applied in future to any national association which disregards the principle that a referee's ... factual decisions are irrevoc-

GOREN BRIDGE

WITH OMAR SHARIF & TANNAH HIRSCH GET THE ENEMY TO HELP a positive response to South's de-

Both vulnerable. South deals. NORTH **♦ J 9 5** 7 K 10 9 4 → K 10 3 **+** 1098 WEST **10 6**

782 ↑Q764 . ♦852 476542 4KQJ3 SOUTH 7 **A Q J** 8 7 5 3

South Par Pass Page Pass Opening lead: Ten of 4 Faced with a choice of a one or a two-way finesee the average player prefers the simple finesse—there's no "guess" involved. The accomplished technician, however, would rather be confronted with a two-way finesse. As the play unfolds, declarer may learn which defender holds the

key card and, in some instances, the finesse can be avoided sitogriher.

With a completely flat hand. North did not hold quite enough for

The bidding.

was all the encouragement South needed to contract for a small slam. West duly led the ten of partner's suit and dummy's holding in the suit provided declarer with an extra chance that was soon to be exploited. The opening lead was covered by the jack and queen and won with the ace. The ace of clubs was cashed dummy was entered with a trump and a club was ruffed. Another trump lead to the king drew the last enemy fang and at the same time set the stage for the final act. The ten of clubs was led from the table and, when East covered

mand bid. However, when South in-

dicated slam interest with the speds.

cue-bid, North cooperated by show-

ing the dismond control and that

with the queen, declarer discarded the spade loser! Stuck with the lead, East had a choice of losing options. A clab re-

turn would permit declarer to ruff in one hand while discarding a disk mond from the other, a spade would set up the jack for a discard; and a diamond would solve declarer's problem in that suit. Either way, the club trick was the only one the defenders could score. Making six-

TEL:634144 | CINEMA CINEMA PHILADELPHIA

Harrison Ford with William Dafe & Anne Archer in

Clear & Present Danger Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30

TEL:699238 | CINEMA PLAZA

Kamal Shinnawi & Ilham Shahin in

Easy to Get

(Arabic) Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 5:00, 8:30, 10:30

TEL:677420 CONCORD

CONCORD "1" MAVERICK Shows: 3:15, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30 CONCORD "2" BABY'S Day

Out

Shows: 12:30, 5:00

AMMOUN THEATRE

TEL:618274 - 618275 MUSA HIJAZIN "sumaa" IN

Hi Citizen daily at 8,30 pm written & directed by Mohammed Shawaqfeh Nobil Al Mashini Theatre TEL:675571

Presents

KABARET Abeer Issa Ghassan Mashini

with Amer khamash, Khalil Jahmani, Mohammad Husseini and Issam Al Hanbali . The theatre closes on Monday Performances start at 8:30 p.m.

Nabil & Hisham's Tel:625155 AHLAN THEATRE

(Ahlan Tatbee')

Welcome Normalisation Shows start at 8:30 p.m. For reservation please call tel. 625155 Amman

tea pola

AMMAN—I Little League Little League oate in the Baseball To Baseball To which will take which will take period July the period July Two teams.

represent Jo. wave Amman the seniors for the majors teament the many. The wife many. will qualify to ment's finals w staged in the Malek Salen rall commissi that the teams for the compe "The teams oracising for and we are go our hest but we any promises." an interviet

fordan Times.

The seniors

vists of 14 pla

11-12 years an

iors team also

14 players, of v lordanians. a Coach Andy vill accome seniors team on Poland said tha to do better th we have more Jordan whice nated in the to several times n

U.S. Fee WILMINGTO Carolina (R) -Fed Cup team use

victory from Gig and Lindsay Da edge France 3-2 Cup World Grou late Sunday. The two Ame had never tean beat Julie Halard lie Tauziat 6-1 7the two countries two singles match Sunday and Satu This is what yo

sad Fernandez. Mes court sa plemented Da strength. "The ke doubles well is to communication partner. It also d to have good pa big serves." Fernandez, th fourth-ranked do er. is 17-2 in Fed (competition. St Grand Slam titl

Olympic gold m five different par "My confidence high after seeing th and Lindsay cor before the match. team captain F Earlier, in the match. Davenpor ged an immob fierce. scorching IR a 6-3 4-6 6-0 W world's fourth-ran

player, who was he

a foot infectio

needed two injec

The Automotive (AUTOTECH) is East Service 7 Motors. The train Chevrolet and C

This training act East region, is p General Motors altended by de such an event. I These advance component of upgrade the pro

lechnological discompany's or a company's cust

Little League teams head for Poland, Germany

By Roufan Nahhas Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — The Amman Little League will participate in the European Baseball Tournament which will take place in Poland and Germany in the period July 28-Aug. 5. Two teams, which will

represent Jordan, will leave Amman Tuesday, the seniors for Poland and the majors team for Germany. The winning teams will qualify to the tournament's finals which will be staged in the U.S.

Malek Salem, the baseball commissioner, said that the teams are ready for the competition. "The teams had been

practising for this event and we are going to play our best but we don't give any promises," said Salem in an interview with the Jordan Times. The seniors team con-

sists of 14 players aged 11-12 years and the majors.team also consists of 14 players, of whom 9 are Jordanians, aged 13-15

Coach Andy Kerr who will accompany the seniors team on the trip to Poland said that he hopes to do better this time "as we have more chances to ".ruw

Jordan which participated in the tournament several times never made

WILMINGTON, North

Carolina (R) — The U.S.

Fed Cup team used a doubles

victory from Gigi Fernandez

and Lindsay Davenport to

edge France 3-2 in their Fed

Cup World-Group semifinal

had never teamed before,

beat Julie Halard and Natha-

lie Tauziat 6-1 7-6 (7-2) after

the two countries had split

two singles matches both on

said Fernandez, whose dou-

√es court savvy com-

plemented Davenport's

strength. "The key to playing

doubles well is to have good

communication with your

partner. It also doesn't hurt

to have good partners with

Fernandez, the world's

fourth-ranked doubles play-

er, is 17-2 in Fed Cup doubles

competition. She has 10

Grand Slam titles and an

Olympic gold medal, with

high after seeing the way Gigi

and Lindsay communicated

before the match," said U.S.

team captain Billie Jean

match, Davenport outslug-

ged an immobile Mary

Pierce, scorching 56 winners

in a 6-3 4-6 6-0 win over the

world's fourth-ranked singles

player, who was hampered by

needed two injections Sun-

foot infection. Pierce

Earlier, in the day's first

"My confidence was very

five different partners.

big serves."

"This is what you live for,"

Sunday and Saturday.

The two Americans, who

late Sunday.

ieo Eruguay (417

iguese

uked

Under the contract

छ विद्यास्त्री स्थाल्

ing the April game

Bentica and Som

FIFA ordered 2;

g to sylvale 🏗

iciplinary comas-

सङ्ख्यां इत्तरता अस्य

ha: the incuma

h and the repude

referee's luces

r these two 250ce

an intringment

ules end insire:

e statement sud

isciplinary commi

concluded that I

ctions will be B

व्याद १० ३का वर्गाणी

n which distrib

ple that 2 reiend

ecisions are men

COMMENTE MILED SOUTH

interes: and the se

- encountement in

oniract to: a small str

set time stage for the h

and when East only ueer, deciarer of the lose.

ith the lead. Ess. h.

osing options of the person declared in the other a spade of the other a spade of the other solve declared would solve declared with the other solves declared with the other solves declared with the other solves declared and the other solves declared and the other declared and t

Tatbee,

isation

at S:30 p.m. on please cal

35 Amman

:ome

the content and the

it to the finals. Just like any sport in Jordan baseball is facing some problems.

"Baseball is growing here in Jordan as we have 250 people playing this game but we have some problems in what concerns the fields, as we use 'the American school field which is the only one in

Jordan," coach Kerr said. Salem noted that the team was facing financial problems and thanks to Her Royal Highness Princess Basma and her generous contributions the team managed to overcome some difficulties.

Escorting the team on their trip is Marylyn Kerr, the team's mom whose job is to be there for the players in case they need someone close beside them. "I will be holding the first aid case, some icepacks and some warm smiles so they can feel close to their families," Kerr said.

Eleven-year-old Erica Gustafson the only girl on the team said that she felt really excited to be on the

"Yes, I am really happy to be here with the team and what makes it more exciting is that I am the only girl in the team," she said proudly.

Another player. Sa'ed Kurdi, said his team is ready to play "and we will give them our best ball."

day morning to ease the pain.

could do with her serve."

Pierce lamented. "She didn't

seem to make any mistakes.

She was very aggressive

throughout the match. I was

hopes alive by coming back

to win 12 of the last 15 games

against Fernandez, 1-6, 7-5,

After charging to a quick

6-1 3-1 lead, Fernandez

started to cramp in her left

foot, reducing her mobility

and stamina. Halard capital-

ised, winning six of the next

eight games for a dramatic

But Halard kept French

impressed."

"There wasn't much

U.S. advances to

Fed Cup final

Cosworth by 1.157 seconds. Reynard Ford-Cosworth.

of his faster competition by using restraint and then aggression to grab the vic-

avoid a penalty. "That gave Jacques the

chance to pass us both," said Andretti, whose engine was misfiring slowing him also. When I saw Bryan get by Michael I knew they'd both have to slow down in the chicane. If Bryan hadn't slowed down it would have been a difficult time taking the lead," said Villeneuve.

tion was waved on lap 71.

comeback victory. "I told her not to sink," French coach Francoise Durr said. "She had nothing to lose, and little by little she got back in the match."

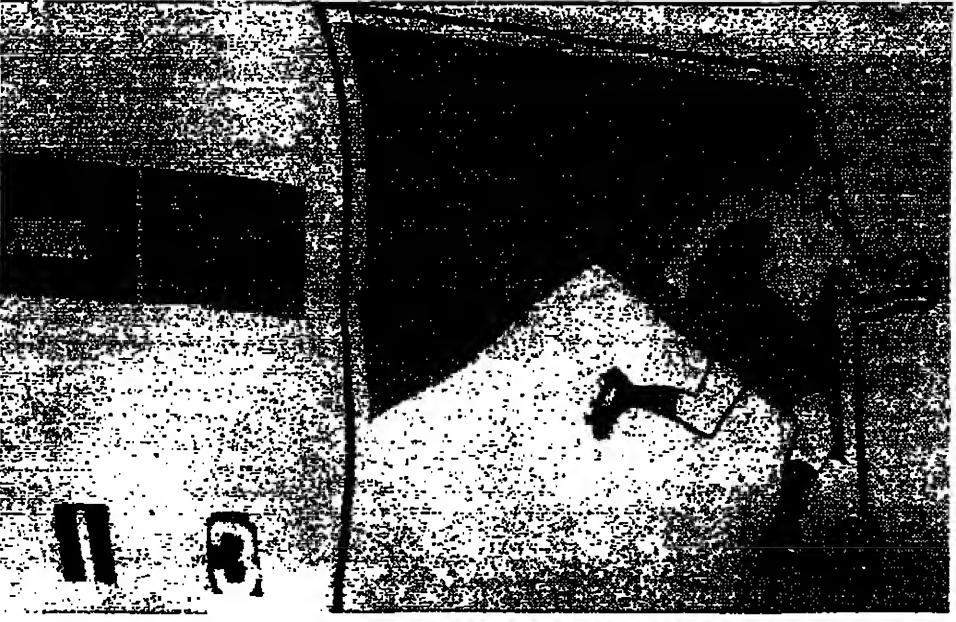
Other collated women's Fed Cup tennis results this weekend. In the other World Group

semifinals in Santander Spain beat Germany 3-2: Conchita Martinez beat Anke Huber 6-2, 2-6, 6-0 Arantxa Sanchez Vicario lost to Sabine Hack 6-4, 6-2, Sanchez Vicario beat Huber

6-3, 1-6, 6-2 Martinez beat Hack 6-0,

Virginia Ruano/Maria Antonia Sanchez lost to Huber/Claudia Porwick 6 -2,

The final will be held in Spain on Nov. 25-26.



CHINA VS. CAMBODIA: Cambodian team from Shenzen and the Cambodian scorekeepers peer out of hole on scoreboard national team. China beat the Cambodians 4-1 July 23 during the first international soccer (AFP photo) match in 20 years between a visiting Chinese

legend Gilles Villeneuve,

thought he might have a

chance to improve his posi-

tion, fifth. "I didn't know it

would get that wild, but when

everyone gets that close any-

thing could happen," he said.

waved, on lap 76, America

Robby Gordon jumped from

third to the first, then fell

back to third after coming out

As Gil de Ferran, Andretti

and Gordon came around

again they went three-wide

into that first turn. Gil de

Ferran went to the outside,

and Gordon on the inside.

Andretti braked, letting Gil

de Ferran pass him. Ferran

made contact with Gordon.

As they slowed Andretti took

Gil de Ferran was elimin-

ated when he tangled with

American Scott Pruett, who

was running two laps behind

the leaders. When Herta pas-

sed Andretti, under the yel-

low, and had to lift off the

accelerator to avoid a penalty

it allowed Villeneuve to

make a legal pass for the

Andretti in the middle

of turn one.

the lead.

When the green flag was

Patient Villeneuve captures Cleveland Indycar race title

CLEVELAND, Ohio (R) -A patient Jacques Villeneuve took advantage of his rivals' mistakes to win the Cleveland Indycar prix late Sunday in a wild race finale.

With just two laps remaining in the 90-lap race at Burke Lakefront Airport, the 24-year-old Canadian slipped past Americans Michael Andretti and Bryan Herta for his fourth, win in the series this year, extending his points lead to 138 over American Boby Rahal (106 points), who finished fourth.

Villeneuve, driving a Reynard Ford-Cosworth averaged 130.113 miles per hour (209.391 kph) to beat Herta's Reynard Ford-Jimmy Valsser of the United States was third in another

Villeneuve outlasted some

Herta mistakenly overtook Andretti in a caution area, on lap 89, and had to slow to

race, building a 10-second lead before a full course cau-After a chaotic restart, Villeneuve, son of Formula One

Polesitter Gil de Ferran of Brazil dominated most of the

Villeneuve said he had tostay patient when he wasn't. fighting for the lead. "Sometimes you have to hang in there. When you are leading the points you can't make stupid mistakes." he said.

After the race ended, Andresti and Gordon bumped their race cars resulting in a \$10,000 fine for Gordon and probation for both until the end of the season for unsportsman like conduct.

The next race will be at Michigan International Speedway on July 30.

World Cup goal not in, say British scientists

LONDON (R) — British scientists say they have new proof that the controversial goal which helped England win the 1966 World Cup final against West Germany should have been disallowed.

The Swiss referee, after consultation with the Soviet linesman, judged the ball had crossed the line and awarded a goal after Geoff Hurst's shot hit the crossbar and bounced down, putting England 3-2 in front in extra-time.

Now scientists at Oxford University have used a new technique - uncalibrated vision — to show the shot did not cross the

Dr. Andrew Zisserman and Dr.Ian Reid of the university's Department of Engineering Science spent hours studying film of the incident to plot the exact path of the ball. "There is no doubt in

our minds. Whichever way you look at it the ball did not cross the line, Zisserman said. Hurst went on to score

another goal, completing

the only hat-trick in a World Cup final and giving England a 4-2 victory. The new technique aims to provide rapid analysis of future sporting controversies, as well as help investigators analyse video footage of plane crashes and let builders construct properties from photographs rather than

old-fashioned plans.

match to Philippines ASIANCHASKETHALL CHAMPIONSHIP FOR WOMEN

Jordan loses opening

but the team's usual top scorer, Jumana Salti, did not score throughout the first half which Philip-

pines won 36-17.

The Kingdom's team played a better second half but exhaustion was evident on the players who reached Shizuoka only nine hours before th match, thus missing. The opening ceremony which was held Sunday evening.
The team left Amman Thursday, and stayed in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia for two days. They reached Shizuoka after a four-hour bus ride from

favourites, the Philippines, was no surprise, but scoring was close at Jordan's Jumana Salti first. The Philippines took played the second half with four fouls, while her the lead by fast breaks teammates lacked effecand three-point throws. tive finishing. Subair Jordan's Andeira Qasi-Makusi missed the match sich and Rana Husseini with an aggravated knee excelled in rebounding,

injury which re-occurred at warmup.

Jehane Abdelnour and Hala Muheisen enabled the team to break the Philippines' press defence with excellent ballhandling while most of their teammates were held to low scoring.

Abdelnour was the top scorer with 12 points. Other players; Hind Ghouris, Hala Muheisen, Rana Husseini, Jumana Salti scored 5, Tala Mauge scored 4, Andeira Qassieh scored three and Rania Dajani two.
Jordan will next play

Malaysia Tuesday. Other results came as follows: LEVEL B

Thailand - Malaysia 69-Hong Kong - Indonesia 61-54 (in overtime)

LEVEL A Japan - Taiwan 97-75 China - Kazakhstan 156-42

Agassi beats heat, Edberg to win Washington Classic

5-5 before the Swede pushed

WASHINGTON (R) -World number one Andre Agassi survived the heat, an upset stomach and a remarkable comeback by Stefan Edberg to win the ATP Washington Classic late Sunday with a 6-4 2-6 7-5 victory.

From Aleen Bannayan

in Shizuoka

JORDAN'S national

women's basketball team,

playing in their first Asian

championship, Monday lost 79-41 to the Philip-

pines on the opening day of the 16th Asian Basket-

ball Championship for Women, currently underway in Shizuoka, Japan.

The 12 competing teams are divided into two

levels. Level A groups China, Japan, Taiwan, South Korea, Kazakhstan

and Kyrgizstan. Jordan is playing in Level B with Hong Kong, Malaysia, In-donesia, Philippines and

The victory by Level B

Thailand.

After taking a 5-2 lead in the third set, Agassi began to feel the effects of temperatures as high as 110 dgrees fahrenheit (48 Celsius).

Agassi vomited before Edberg began his service game, and within minutes the Swede had come back to tie the deciding set at 5-5.

But after a five-minute delay while Agassi ran to the locker room and vomited again, the American came back to win the last two games and his first tournament since becoming the topranked men's tennis player

on April 10. " "I more or less felt like I was going to have a heatstroke," Agassi said. "I felt it late in the first set and it got worse in the second. I managed to get through and got an erly lead in the third, but then I ended up having to

tough him out and it got pretty rough out there.' Edberg was playing in his third successive three-set afternoon match while Agassi entered the final having not dropped a set in his four

evening matches. The hard work may have helped Edberg, who forced Agassi to serve 12 points at

Agassi said.___ The strategy seemed to pay

a forehand wide to lose the But serving at 5-6, Edberg hit two unforced errors to dig 4 20 himself a hole too deep to come back from, "I'm sorry I missed a few

easy shots in the last game. It would have been nice to end it in a tiebreaker," Edberg After losing the first set,

Edberg broke Agassi in the first and fifth games of the second set to take a 4-1 lead. Facing an uphill battle and beginning to wilt in his first afternoon match of the tournament, Agassi decided to save his energy for the final set.

"When Stefan got a couple of breaks in the second set I had a choice to make — go for it and try to beat him in the second (set) feeling like you may have nothing left for

"Or possibly spend that set trying to get your feet under you, trying to get your mind back, cool down a little bit and try to save your energy for a little burst in the third. That is what I felt like I did,"

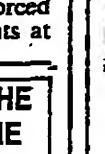
off at first, as Agassi jumped out to a 3-0 lead in the final set and had two chances to

Andre Agassi

break Edberg again and take a commanding 4-0 advantage. But Edberg hung in, serving an ace to get the score back to deuce and then winning the next two points to stay in the match.

"When you are down, you've got to do something. If you keep doing the same thing you're going to be out of it." Edberg said. "I played a few good shots and got sort of a second wind. There is always a way back."

For winning the tournament, Agassi received



JORDAN PHOSPHATE MINES CO LTD

ANNOUNCES THE INVITATION TO TENDER NO: 34F/95

JPMC announces the invitation to bid No. 34F/95 for the supply of:-

(12000) metric tons of wet aluminum hydroxide

The tender documents are available at JPMC offices in Amman, Supply Department, until 2.00 p.m. local time Thursday August 10, 1995. Application for documents should be accompanied by a nonrefundable fee of JD (125) for each set of tender documents.

The closing date for submitting bids is 12.00 hours local time Tuesday August 15, 1995.

Sameh Madani Managing Director

Chevrolet and Cadillac models.

Tel:625!55 General Motors centres in the USA and Canada, and is attended by delegates from regional GM dealerships HEATTH and agencies. This is the first time that Jordan hosts

MUNICH, Germany (AFP) — Nigerian basketball star Hakeem Olajuwon, who led the Houston Rockets to the National Basketball Association (NBA) title in 1994, was cleared to play for the American "Dream Team" in next year's Atlanta Olympics by the International Federation of Basketball (FIBA). Borislav Stankovic, FIBA's secretary general, said that the seven foot giant's case was an exceptional one and in those instances it was within his power to grant him permission. Stankovic had consulted FIBA's commission for legal matters and eligibility meeting in Athens before making his decision.

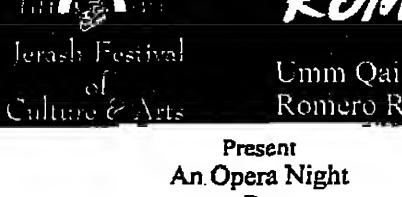
Olajuwon to join dream team —

FURNISHED FLAT FOR RENT

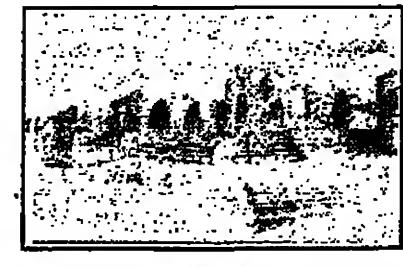
Located in Abdoun. First floor of a two storey villa, consisting of three main bedrooms plus maid's room with its bathroom. Central A/C, telephone, video & TV with central antenna, complete appliances & free hot and cold water.

Contact 818960

ROMERO Jerash Festival Umm Qais Resthouse Romero Restaurant



KRZYSZTOF BORYSIEWICZ accompanied by the painist KATARZYNA JANKOWSKA



At The Roman Theatre in Umm Qais Wednesday 26 July At 7:00 PM Ticket price JD 20,000 including

> transportation and dinner. Note: Jen Bus will depart 4/30 PM Trekets Avadeble at Romero: Restaurant fel 6 H227 8 & Jerash bestaval Tel 675199.

INVITATION TO RETENDER THE SUPPLY OF EQUIPMENT TO THE **NEW FACULTY OF EDUCATIONAL** SCIENCES AT YARMOUK UNIVERSITY INTERNATIONAL COMPETITIVE BIDDING (ICB)

1- The Government of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan has received a loan related to Human Resources Development Project; from the International Bank of Reconstruction and Development the World Bank and intends to apply part of proceeds of this loan to eligible payments for the supply of the goods and services covered by this invitation

2- The Respective purchasers namely: Yarmouk University in Irbid.

hereby invite local and international suppliers of educational equipment in subject being taught in the Faculty of Educational Sciences of YU to apply for bidding documents and to submit tenders (bids) for the equipment to be provided to the various laboratories, workshops and classrooms of the faculty.

3- Interested eligible bidders may obtain further information and inspect the Bidding Documents at The Liaison Office of Yarmouk University located at the Higher Council for Science and Technology building inside the campus of the Royal Scientific Society, in Amman between hours 9:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m. Saturday through Wednesday beginning July 23, 1995 to Aug. 9,

4- A complete set of Bidding Documents may be obtained from the above referred office upon submission of a written application and payment of a non-refundable fee. All payments will be made to a bank draft or certified bank check in the currency of the purchaser's choice or in cash made out in favour of the Yarmouk University. Price of purchasing the documents would be the equivalent amount of Jordanian Dinars as follows:

- For delivery to personal callers JD 15.000 per lot. - For delivery by local mail to local Bidders by courier Service JD 25.000 per lot plus JD 50 for all lots.

Bids will be priced and submitted separately for each individual Lot. Contracts will be awarded on a Lot (by/Lot) basis to the lowest evaluated bidders who would prove capable to carry out the requirements of the contracts to be signed. Bidders could be awarded. more than one contract of each.

Closing date for the bid submission will be noon of September 23, 1995. Bids shall have a validity of 90 days and will be accompanied by a bid security to the value of about 3% of the Bid Price and of duration of 120 days.

Yarmouk University

AQUAMARINA HOTELS

Special Offer

JD 20 B/B at Aquamarina I JD 16 B/B at Aquamarina III

Per person per night in double room including breakfast, service & tax

Please call 316250 & 319425



The Automotive & Spare Parts Technical Co. LTD. (AUTOTECH) is currently conducting the annual Middle East Service Training in cooperation with General Motors. The training sessions cover the maintenance of

This training activity, specifically tailored to the Middle East region, is performed by specialists who came from such an event.

These advanced training workshops are an integral component of AUTOTECH's corporate strategy to upgrade the proficiency of the Service Centre and its personnel, to keep them abreast with the latest technological developments in the field. All those activities are aimed at meeting and exceeding the company's customers' expectations.

DOHA (Agencies) — Iraq's foreign minister said his country sought a resumption of regular contacts with the United States, which has been the leading proponent of international sanctions against Iraq.

"When Washington expresses readiness for dialogue, Iraq will welcome that," Iraq's Foreign Minister Mohammad Saeed Al Sahaaf was quoted as saying Monday in the Qatari newspaper Arrayah. "We are not enemies of the United States. nor do we enjoy friendly

The foreign minister was in Qatar as part of a tour of several Middle East countries. He is seeking to win Arab support for the lifting of United Nations sanctions and to improve relations that were damaged by Iraq's 1990 invasion of Kuwait.

Mr. Sahaaf said the sanc-

tions should be lifted once Iraq hands over to United Nations weapons inspectors file of Iraq's biological weapons programme.

The file is to be given to chief U.N. weapons inspector Rolf Ekeus in August, and Mr. Sahaaf said the inspectors should take only a month to verify the information. Iraq has threatened to stop

cooperation with the United

Nations if the sanctions aren't lifted following the disclosure of the germ warfare material. The embargo has crippled Iraq's economy by stopping its oil exports.

Sunday for Morocco. Meanwhile Qatar has assured the European Union (EU) that it remains committed to maintaining sanctions on Iraq until Baghdad complies with all U.N. resolu-

Mr. Sahaaf left Qatar on

They said that Qatari Fore-

ign Minister Sheikh Hamad Bin Jassim Al Thani made the comments in a regular meeting with EU ambassador on Sunday when Mr. Al Sahaaf ended a three-day

It was the first such meeting between EU ambassadors and the government on the Gulf Arab state's foreign policy since the new emir, Sheikh Hamad Bin Khalifa-Al Thani, took power last month.

visit to the Gulf Arab state.

"The position of Qatar was very clear. They have always said U.N. resolutions should be fully applied," one diplomat told Reuters by telephone from Doha.

"Of course they (Qataris) are supportive and worried about the situation caused by the sanctions but (Qatar) is reminding them (Iraqis) they must obey the resolutions,

PLO denies conflict with Syria over Golan

AMMAN (R) — Palestinian leader Faisal Husseini said on Monday PLO claims to part of Syria's Golan Heights occupied by Israel should not sour ties with Damascus. "I do not see any room for a Syrian-Palestinian conflict over it (the so-called Palesti-

nian Golan)...," Mr. Husseini said at the end of a visit to Amman. "The importance of the area is that it gave Palestinians a location in north Palestine and would allow us the advantage of being one of the countries that has a presence on the source and

he told reporters. "It is of utmost importance in any discussion over water rights," he added.

course of the Jordan River,"

Palestinian-Syrian ties have been tense since the PLO signed a self-rule peace deal with Israel in 1993.

The small parcel of land at stake is known as the Palestinian Himah which Mr. Hus-

U.S. offers.

to mediate

in Kurdish

ISTANBUL (R) — An Iraqi

Kurdish group said on Mon-

day the United States had

offered to mediate between

rival factions in northern Iraq

to end months of armed feud-

Patriotic Union of Kurdistan

(PUK) said in a statement the

U.S. State Department in-

vited it and the rival Kurdis-

tan Democratic Party (KDP)

to meet U.S. officials in an

attempt to break the negotia-

The State Department's

director of northern Gulf

affairs. Robert Deutsch, in a

letter to PUK leader Jalal

Talabani. called for an end to

the fighting that has split

northern Iraq into rival

some 3.000 people over the

past year and paralysed a

power-sharing agreement

that followed regional elec-

quoted the letter as saying:

terests, the United States is

willing to engage actively in

seeking a comprehensive

Turkey, which says the

power vacuum in northern

Iraq aids Turkish Kurdish

guerrillas based there, also

expressed displeasure with

the continuing conflict in a

foreign ministry statement

Turkish officials twice this

vear crossed into northern

Iraq in attempts to drive out

guerrillas from the Kurdistan

Workers Party, which is

fighting for independence or

autonomy in southeastern

were only sporadic clashes the

past few days, said it

accepted the U.S. initiative

and offered to uphold a

ceasefire if the KDP also

Iraqi Kurds, whose region is

protected from Iraqi govern-

ment attacks by an allied air

force of U.S.. British and

French planes based in Tur-

Iraqi President Saddam Hus-

protect the Kurds was set by

war, Baghdad has occasional-

ly appealed to the Iraqi

Kurds to open negotiations

with it. something the Kurds

key, not to negotiate with

Since a "safe haven" to

The PUK, which said there

issued on Monday.

Turkey.

respected it.

. _ _ sein.

reject.

solution to the disputes."

"Because of our common in-

The clashes have killed

tions deadlock.

tions in 1992.

The Ankara office of the

feud

seini said came under Syrian control after the 1948 Arab-Israeli conflict.

Syria, which lost the heights to Israel in the 1967 war, wants the area back the main issue in Israel-Syrian peace talks. Egyptian President Hosni

Mubarak said in a newspaper interview on Sunday the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) wanted part of the heights that Syria is trying to recover.

It was the first such public disclosure of a Palestinian claim in the Syrian Golan

Mr. Husseini said Palestinians "insist that any Palestinian land that fell under Israeli occupation in 1967 should return back to the Palestinians."

He said an idea was mooted before 1967 under which Syria would allow creation of a Palestinian state in 'that area, "which had been liberated for a few hours and .

had a Palestinian flag raised during a 1968 military combat with Israel."

Mr. Husseini said there were other areas, excluding the West Bank and the Gaza Strip, that were seized by Israel in the 1967 war and which Palestinians would cima in future talks.

He cited Oujah Khafir, along the southern Gazan border with Israel, and other areas "that would give Palestinians more rights in water and allow for wider Palestinian territory than

Mr. Mubarak did not say how much land the Palestinians were claiming but said "the solution was for all parties to go back to the border lines before June 5, 1967."

Syria wants full Israeli withdrawal from the Golan. Israel says it will not disclose the scope of any fullback until Damascus agrees to establish normal ties.

10 mujahedeen killed, Italian dies in Algeria

ALGIERS (AFP) — A 48 year-old Italian man who was badly wounded in an attack in a working class suburb south of Algiers last week has died, the Italian embassy in Algiers said Monday.

Dino Fausti, manager of an import-export firm who was shot in an attack on July 17, will be repatriated Thursday to Italy following his death over the weekend, an embassy official said.

He was killed in the town of Kouba but the attack was never claimed and the motive was not known.

His death brings to 87 the total number of foreigners — 10 of them Italian — killed in incidents blamed on Islamic militants since Algeria's political crisis began in January

Meanwhile, Liberté newspaper reported Monday that 10 veterans of Algeria's war of independence, or mujahedeen, had been assassinated over the past few days.

It also said that Islamic militants blew up a bridge The PUK statement overnight Saturday at Lakhdaria, 70 kilometres east of Algiers, a major link on the road between the capital and the east, the private news-

paper reported. Liberté said four mujahedeen were taken from their homes at Souk Al Tenine, in Kabyulie, and had their throats cut. Four others were murdered at Drean. near Annaba in the east and two others near Al Tarf, on the Tunisian border.

No official confirmation of the reports was available. In 1994, 122 mujahedeen were assassinated in attacks

attributed to armed Islamic groups, official estimates

Liberté said the former war veterans were "mercilessly hunted because they are the vanguard of the resistance to Islamic armed groups," adding that they "are developing collaboration with security forces, which they help to flush out these groups, with their knowledge of the maquis and moun-

They are particularly active in self-defence groups, and often form the skeleton of new district police forces. The Lakhdaria bridge

spans the Oued Isser river and is located at the mouth of the famous Lakhdaria gorges. Armed groups are very active in this region. Last week, a key bridge on

the route to Kabylie was destroyed at Isser, 60 kilometres (37 miles) east of Algiers. Other infrastructure targets. mostly bridges, have been sabotaged around the capital over the past few weeks. Liberté said that armed

groups may have been trying to isolate Algiers. A recent upsurge of vio-

lence comes after security forces apparently made important gains over the last three months in the centre of Algiers and outlying sub-

Algeria has been wracked by violence for three and a half years, after the authorities cancelled general elections which the Islamic Salvation Front (FIS) was poised to win. An estimated 30,000 people have been killed in the conflict.

Afghan opposition claims it captured Bamiyan

ISLAMABAD (R) — Oppo- Wahdat from Bamiyan town nents of Afghan President Burhanuddin Rabbani said the capture of most of the on Monday the had captured the central Bamiyan province The letter also urged the from government forces.

The forces of the Jumbish-I-Milli movement of powerful Northern warlord General Abdul Rashid Dostum and the Shiite Muslim Hezb-i Wahdat party took control of the province, including the capital city of Bamiyan, on Sunday, a Jumbish spokesman in Islamabad said, quotthe allies after the 1991 Gulf | ing information received from Afghanistan. There was no immediate independent confirmation of the report.

The presidential forces had ousted the pro-Iranian last month and later claimed province in one of its most significant gains in recent months.

Jumbish spokesman Maulvi Abdul Baqi Turkistani told Reuters that Jumbish and Wahdat forces had also captured large quantities of weapons fron the presidential forces.

He said heavy fighting was raging between the two sides in the strategic Salang pass area, where Gen. Dostum's forces had blocked the main highway from thne capital. Kabul, to its central Asian neighbours. .

expected before next year's eternal capital of the Jewish "The Israelis are ready to negotiate the status of Jeru-The Palestinians, however. salem," said Faisal Husseini, want east Jerusalem to be the a leading Palestinian official capital of a Palestinian state from the holy city who serves they want to build in the as minister of Jerusalem West Bank and the Gaza

Jordanian rule until it was

seized by Israel along with

the West Bank and Gaza in

the Arab part of the city as

part of what it says is the

Israel has since annexed

the 1967 Middle East war.

His Majesty King Hussein yesterday greets newly elected mayors and municipal council members at Al Hussein

Under a 1993 accord that granted the Palestinians selfrule in Gaza and the West Bank town of Jericho, Israel agreed to begin negotiations on Jerusalem in 1996.

Mr. Husseini, the former head of the Palestinian delegation to peace negotiations with Israel, said East Jerusalem has preserved its Arab and Palestinian identity despite Israeli attempts to judaize the holy city.

He said: "We still control the civil and religious affairs of Arab citizens in Jerusalem and we provide an Arabic curriculum for our students...anyway I do not think that any Israeli can wander freely in East Jerusalem because it is purely an East Jerusalem was under Arab city."

Gunmen kill cleric in south Egypt

CAIRO (AP) — Four gunmen, including a boy, attacked la car in southern Egypt and killed a Muslim cleric after he had performed at a religious ceremony, police sources said Monday. The shooting occurred late

Sports City (see story page 1)

AMMAN (AP) — A senior

Palestinian official said Mon-

day Israeli taboos concerning

the future of Jerusalem were

breaking down, but that no

general elections.

public policy change could be

affairs in the Palestinian

the holy city have started to

collapse," he told a news

conference at the end of a

"For instance, they prop-

osed a joint Arab-Israeli

municipal council for the

"The reality is that they

are forced to negotiate on

Jerusalem, but they cannot

declare anything before the

elections because such a

move would be tantamount

to political suicide," he

Jerusalem, holy to Mus-

lims, Jews and Christians is

considered one of the thor-

niest issues in the Mideast

peace process which began in

added.

October 1991.

four-day visit to Jordan.

city," said Mr. Husseini.

"Israeli taboos concerning

National Authority.

'Israel willing to

negotiate Jerusalem'

Sunday when the assailants stopped the car carrying Imam Khaled Abdul Hamid Metwaly, 35. his brother and two other clerics through the village of Beni Kora in Assiut province. 320 kilometres south of Cairo.

The gunmen shot Imam Metwaly, then tied up the other passengers and stole their money before fleeing ther scene, the sources said, speaking on condition of anonymity.

It was not clear whether the assailants were after the victims' money or were targeting the imam because of his performances, which includes religious chanting and singing. Extremists consider singing in religious ceremonies sinful.

Police did not identify the assailants, but said one of them appeared to be about 12

Assiut is a stronghold for Muslim militants, who have waged a three-year campaign against Egypt's secularist government in a bid to replace it with strict Islamic rule. More than 780 people have died in the violence. most of them police and mili-

In another development, the government charged 15 suspected Muslim extremists with the deaths of 10 policemen and civilians in southern

The trial will begin Aug. 12, though four of the men are still at large. Other charges includes the attempted murder of seven policemen and civilians, Al Akhbar newspaper said Monday. The indictment did not say when or in which towns the attacks occurred.

Prosecutors often try large groups of suspects for attacks stemming from clashes between Muslim militants have been executed since extremists began their campaign in

Photos show British soldiers drinking before kiling done

LARNACA, Cyprus (AFP) Photographs showing three British soldiers on a drinking spree shortly before they allegedly battered Danish tour guide Louise Jensen to death were shown in court here Monday.

Police found nineteen pictures in a camera on the front seat of the soldiers' Mini Moke car when they were arrested on the night of Jensen's disappearance on the holiday island of Cyprus.

The prosecution claims the three, Jeffrey Pernell, Justin Fowler and Alan Ford, carried out the savage killing on September 13, 1994, after a Ms. Jensen off the motorbike heavy drinking session.

the soldiers holding up their

drinks and smilling at the Jasmine bar in the southeastern holiday resort of Ayia

Others showed them at the Volcano bar in the town. while barman Fotis Menzas told Laranca Assizes court he saw the men at the Minos

Mr. Pernell. 23, of Oldbury in the West Midlands. Mr. Ford. 26, of Birmingham, Mr. Fowler, 27, of Falmouth in Cornwall, all deny the charge of manslaughter. abduction and conspiracy to

It is alleged they knocked while she was riding with her One photograph showed hoyfriend as they left a petrol station in Ayia Napa,

NEWS IN BRIEF

Iraq accuses Iran of blocking normalisation

BAGHDAD (AFP) — Iraq on Monday accused Iran of blocking efforts to normalise relations between the two countries following their 1980-1988 war: "Iraq has always been concerned about applying resolution 598" of the U.N Security Council which ended the war between the two countries, Saad Al Faisal, undersecretary of state for foreign affairs, said. "If Iran seriously wants to reach a comprehensive peace, it must release all our prisoners and return our assets." the official told the state-run Al Jumhuriya newspaper. Baghdad said it has no Iranian prisoners of war and accuses Tehran of holding 20,000 Iraqi prisoners, while Iran says 5,000 of its nationals are still held in Iraq. Iraq also demands the return of 115 warplanes and 33 civilian airliners flown to Iran to escape U.S.-led forces in the 1991 Gulf war. A senior Iranian foreign ministry advisor, Ali Khorram, on Friday accused Iraq of not respecting resolution 598 and said the question of PoWs and missing people were the main stumbling block.

Greece returns 60 Egyptians

CAIRO (AFP) — Greece has turned back 60 Egyptians who were duped by travel agencies into joining fraudulent schemes to find work in Europe, airport officials here said on Monday. Fourteen of the Egyptians returned to Cairo on Sunday and 46 more were expected later Monday, they said. The young men, from various parts of Egypt, had paid up to 1,000 Egyptian pounds (\$300) to travel agencies which provided them with a visa for Greece and told them that would qualify them for work. At Athens airport, Greek authorities refused them entry, suspecting that they had come for jobs not for tourism.

Egypt asks London, Bonn for maps of mines

CAIRO (AFP) — Egypt has contacted Britain and Germany to obtain maps of the minefields left on its soil after the end of World War II, an Egyptian foreign ministry official said on Monday. Egypt has already removed 11 million land mines from its deserts which became battlegrounds between the British and German armies in the conflict. But some 23 million explosives still remain spread over 288,000 hectares (711,360 acres), said Mahmoud Karam, director of the ministry's disarmament department Egypt has drawn up a \$200 million plan to remove the mines but will need the countries that laid the explosives to contribute \$150 million towards the cost, Mr. Karam said The minefields have impeded Egypt's tourist and agriculturai development projects, Mr. Karam added.

Egyptian, Saudi navies start exercises

CAIRO, Egypt (AP) — The navies of Egypt and Saudi Arabia started one-week of military exercises in the Red Sea on Monday. The exercises, named Coral One for the famous undersea formations in the area, were being carried out in Saudi regional waters, Egypt's Middle East News Agency reported. Earlier this month. Egypt's navy held exercises with British and American ships in the Red Sea, The games triggered complaints from Sudan, which saw them as a provocation in light of deteriorating relations between the two neighbours. The Egyptian-Sudanese dispute over the area of Halaib along their borders on the coast was renewed after Egypt accused Sudanese officials of playing a role in the June 26 assassination attempt on President Hosni Mubarak. Egypt holds regular manoeuvres with friendly Arab and Western forces.

Father faints at return of son from death

CAIRO (R) — An Egyptian "Tom Sawyer" made his father faint with shock when the seven-year-old boy turned up at his own funeral after four days away from home. His father, Sayyed Abdul Fattah, had searched Cairo's hospitals and police stations for his son Karim and eventually claimed a likely corpse in the city's main mortuary. Karim, who had been visiting relatives in the country, come home just as his father was receiving mourners in the traditional funeral tent set up outside his home, the government newspaper Al Akhbar reported Monday.

Kuwait plans to deport street vendors, car washers

KUWAIT CITY (AFP) - The government plans to ban and deport all vendors and car washers working in Kuwait streets, labour minister Ahmad Kleib said Monday. The ban on such foreign workers will take effect in October and the labour minister has asked their sponsors to begin procedures for deporting them, Mr. Kleib told Al Qabas newspaper. "The ministry recently expelled a certain number of beggars and their names were put on a black list" to prevent them from returning to Kuwait, he added. Most streets vendors and car washers are from Iran and southeast Asia.

Man shoots teenager, rapes girlfriend

JOHANNESBURG (AFP) - A man shot dead a 15-yearold boy and raped his 13-year-old girlfriend at the weekend after the boy had refused at gunpoint to have sex with his girlfriend, South African police said Monday. The two teenagers had been dancing till the early hours of Sunday at a nightclub in the Johannesbrg satellite town of Randberg when they accepted a lift home from a man in his early twenties, police said. But the man drove them to an isolated road where he ordered them to strip naked and demanded that the boy; Donovan Richardson, have sex with his unnamed girlfriend.

Prince with golden gun receives not so royal welcome

CAPRI, Italy (AP) - Most. visitors come to this resort island armed only with a travel guide. Saudi Prince-Abdul Aziz Khaled showed up with a small army. Customs authorities discovered the arsenal aboard the prince's yacht, Golden Odyssey, and a second vessel car-1 rying a security team for the nephew of King Fahd. Dozens of sophisticated weapons, including a golden gun and two ceramic guns capable of avoiding metal detectors, were among the cache aboard the luxury boat. which has 20 apartments and an operating room staffed by six surgeons, the Italian News Agency (ANSA) reported. The prince and his entourage had permits to carry the arms to another island, but told authorities the prince's wife changed their plans and decided to come to Capri, off the coast of Naples. After a delay of several hours, the dispute was settled. Despite the inconvenience, the prince behaved royally. "He is man of great modesty and humanity." said the head of Capri's customs office, Augusto Giordano.

Chinese police seize 113,000 for prostitution BELING (AFP) — Chinese

police seized 113,000 people

for involvement in prostitution in the first five months of the year, a report said Monday, as the authorities launched a new campaign against the vice. The individuals were caught in 58,000 separate cases, the China Women's News quoted the Ministry of Public Security as saying, adding that both figures were up about 32 per cent on the same period last year. In 1994, a total of 288,000 people were netted in 143,000, up 16.6 per cent and 15.4 per cent respectively over the previous year, it said. The figures were released three days after China announced the launch of a nationwide campaign against prostitution that is to last until September. At a meeting on the campaign Friday, State Councillor Luo Gan called on party committees and governments to curb prostitution by strengthening controls over hotels, dans halls, Karaoke clubs and other entertainment venues: Luo said prostitution "not only disturbs public order and leads to other crimes, but also poisons young people and impairs social ethics." Prostitution, which disappeared from China after the Communists came to. power in 1949, has returned with a vengeance since the country launched its economic reforms 16 years ago. The campaign is being organised jointly by the Ministries of Public Security and Culture, the State Administration for Industry and Commerce and the All-China Women's Federation.

McEnroe denies physically abusing neighbour

NEW YORK (AP) -

There's no love lost between

John McEnroe and one of his.

Manhattan neighbours — a

61-year-old woman who claims the former top-ranked. tennis star terrorised her in dispute over their building? elevator. Eleanor Weinstein told the Daily News that a raving McEnroe, whose volatile on-court behaviour well-documented, grabbed her from behind and spun her around when she complained he was monopolising the use of the elevator in their Upper-West Side building. "I was afraid for my life." Ms. Weinstein said. "He was wild. He was absolutely out of control. I was so frightened of this raging maniac." A spokesperson for McEnroe. 36, released a statement Saturday night. "Angry words were exchanged by both parties, but the other incidents reported in the newspaper story bear no re-semblance to the facts," the statement read. "It appears to be another incident of someone and her lawyer trying to deal with a situation through the media rather than the way people normally. resolve disagreements. Ms. Weinstein told of McEnroe screaming at her. "Who the hell are you?" she quoted McEuroe as saving.

explosion was explosion was explosion was office said. Mariack, paid hattack, paid hat ment's content ment's content of the ment Speaker ment Speaker Assembly. example for a called for a content of the ment's content of said blast occu the seriously in the blast. Cas the blast. Cas lance to hosp Volume 19

PARIS (R)—when a bomb when a bomb central Paris. The the scene. The the Saint-Micheller was

7 girls dro CAIRO (AFP) after their m their village Egyptian Police day. The Gir dius to 12 as daily to Giza s where they we every night to the Menufia re 1 30 girls were which was carry is legal capacit sized on Mond gals said. An has been open

the boat's two 8 Muslim Brotherhoo members &

CAIRO (AP) hers of the Mu hood movemen arrested in the area, raising to number in cu: officials said 1 eight were deta n Kafr El-S kilometres nor said the officials on condition of

FIS leader hunger stri

PARIS (AFP) main leaders Islamic Salva (FIS). Abdelkad lounched a hun the weekend it where he is bei Arabic deals A ported Tues London-based; Mr. Hachani's saying that he w begun his hunge day to protest a venting him fro family or las Hachani, preside provision exec 🎙 had taken par negotiations ber and Algerian

10 dead, 15 wounded in Bujumbura

BUJUMBURA

who blamed him

lure of the talk

Ten people have and 15 wounded revenge attack M Burundi capital national radio Tuesday Ar opened fire on carrying Hutus. majority in the was apparently in an attack on F Mutanga Univer which left eight , ing four Tuisi si ambush happen afternoon in the

radio reports said delails were ava famil rebel ambush mil

city, on the road

port, while the b

ing for the m

• populated Buter

Patroj COLOMBO. Sn Tamil rebels military patrol. That Jestern Sri Tuesday milita Said. The soldie inning from a r
shortly before da

district. 145 kilor of Colombo. The several days afte rebels threaten thousands of Mus unless they flee
town by Aug. I
we need only
dead bodies

dead bodies as Kallankudi and E political and religions of the putt Most of the 27.00 the town are Mi